

# **Operating Manual**

APT.line™ CB (E6)

CO<sub>2</sub> - Incubators

CO<sub>2</sub> – Incubators with O<sub>2</sub> control

with sterilizable NDIR sensor system for CO<sub>2</sub> and humidity and microprocessor controller T4.12

Model	Voltage	Equipment		Art. No.
CB 60	230 V			9040-0088, 9140-0088
CB 60-UL	100-120V			9040-0089, 9140-0089
CB 60	230 V	with O <sub>2</sub> control		9040-0090, 9140-0090
CB 60-UL	100-120V	with O <sub>2</sub> control		9040-0091, 9140-0091
CB 160 (E6)	230 V			9040-0092, 9140-0092
CB 160-UL	100-120V			9040-0093, 9140-0093
CB 160 (E6)	230 V	with O <sub>2</sub> control		9040-0094, 9140-0094
CB 160-UL	100-120V	with O <sub>2</sub> control		9040-0095, 9140-0095
CB 160	230 V		with divided glass door	9040-0100, 9140-0100
CB 160-UL	100-120V		with divided glass door	9040-0101, 9140-0101
CB 160	230 V	with O <sub>2</sub> control	with divided glass door	9040-0102, 9140-0102
CB 160-UL	100-120V	with O <sub>2</sub> control	with divided glass door	9040-0103, 9140-0103
CB 220	230 V			9040-0096, 9140-0096
CB 220-UL	100-120V			9040-0097, 9140-0097
CB 220	230 V	with O <sub>2</sub> control		9040-0098, 9140-0098
CB 220-UL	100-120V	with O <sub>2</sub> control		9040-0099, 9140-0099

#### **BINDER GmbH**

Tel.

Address Post office box 102

D-78502 Tuttlingen +49 7462 2005 0 +49 7462 2005 100

 Fax
 +49 7462 2005 100

 Internet
 http://www.binder-world.com

 E-mail
 info@binder-world.com

 Service Hotline
 +49 7462 2005 555

 Service Fax
 +49 7462 2005 93 555

Service E-Mail service@binder-world.com
Service Hotline USA +1 866 885 9794 or +1 631 224 4340 x3

Service Hotline Asia Pacific +852 39070503 +852 39070503

Service Hotline Russia and CIS +7 495 98815 17

Issue 09/2013 Art. No. 7001-0229



# EG – declaration of conformity

( (

EG – KONFORMITÄTSERKLÄRUNG EC - DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY CE - DECLARATION DE CONFORMITE

Anbieter / Supplier / Fournisseur: BINDER GmbH

Anschrift / Address / Adresse: Im Mittleren Ösch 5, D-78532 Tuttlingen

**Produkt / Product / Produit:** CO<sub>2</sub> Begasungsbrutschrank

CO<sub>2</sub> Incubators Incubateurs à CO<sub>2</sub>

Typenbezeichnung / Type / Type: CB 60, CB 160, CB 220

Die oben beschriebenen Produkte sind konform mit folgenden EG-Richtlinien: The products described above are in conformity with the following EC guidelines: Les produits décrits ci-dessus sont conformes aux directives CE suivantes:

Niederspannungsrichtlinie

2006/95/EG

Low voltage directive

2006/95/EC

Directive basse tension

2006/95/CE

Richtlinie 2006/95/EG des Europäischen Parlaments und des

Rates vom 12. Dezember 2006 zur Angleichung der

Rechtsvorschriften der Mitgliedstaaten betreffend elektrische

Betriebsmittel zur Verwendung innerhalb bestimmter

Spannungsgrenzen

Council Directive 2006/95/EC of 12 December 2006 on the

harmonization of the laws of Member States relating to electrical

equipment designed for use within certain voltage limits

Directive 2006/95/CE du Parlement Européen et du Conseil du 12 décembre 2006 concernant le rapprochement des législations des États membres relatives au matériel électrique destiné à être

employé dans certaines limites de tension

EMV-Richtlinie Richtlinie 2004/108/EG des Europäischen Parlaments und des

2004/108/EG Rates vom 15. Dezember 2004 zur Angleichung der EMC Directive Rechtsvorschriften der Mitgliedstaaten über die

2004/108/EC elektromagnetische Verträglichkeit und zur Aufhebung der

Directive CEM Richtlinie 89/336/EWG.

2004/108/CE Directive 2004/108/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 December 2004 on the approximation of the laws of

Council of 15 December 2004 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to electromagnetic compatibility and

repealing Directive 98/336/EEC.

Directive 2004/108/CE du Parlement Européen et du Conseil du 15 décembre 2004 relative au rapprochement des législations des États membres concernant la compatibilité électromagnétique et

abrogeant le directive 98/336/CEE.

Die oben beschriebenen Produkte tragen entsprechend die Kennzeichnung CE. The products described above, corresponding to this, bear the CE-mark. Les produits décrits ci-dessus, en correspondance, portent l'indication CE.



Die oben beschriebenen Produkte sind konform mit folgenden harmonisierten Normen: The products described above are in conformity with the following harmonized standards: Les produits décrits ci-dessus sont conformes aux normes harmonisées suivantes:

#### Sicherheit / safety / sécurité:

EN 61010-1:2010

Sicherheitsbestimmungen für elektrische Mess-, Steuer-, Regel- und Laborgeräte – Teil 1: Allgemeine Anforderungen (DIN EN 61010-

1:2011, VDE 411-1:2011)

Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use – Part 1: General requirements (IEC 61010-1:2010,

BS EN 61010-1:2010)

Règles de sécurité pour appareils électriques de mesurage, de régulation et de laboratoire – Partie 1: Prescriptions générales (CEI

61010-1:2010, NF EN 61010:2011)

EN 61010-2-010:2003

Sicherheitsbestimmungen für elektrische Meß-, Steuer-, Regel- und Laborgeräte – Teil 2-010: Besondere Anforderungen an Laborgeräte für

das Erhitzen von Stoffen (DIN EN 61010-2-010:2004)

Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use – Part 2-010: Particular requirements for laboratory equipment for the heating of materials (IEC 61010-2-10:2005, BS EN 61010-2-10:2003)

Règles de sécurité pour appareils électriques de mesurage, de régulation et de laboratoire – Partie 2-010 : Prescriptions particulières pour appareils de laboratoire utilisés pour l'échauffement des matières (CEI 61010-2-10:2003, NF EN 61010-2-10:2005)

#### EMV / EMC / CEM:

EN 61326-1:2006 + Corr. 1:2008 + Corr. 2:2010 Elektrische Mess-, Steuer-, Regel- und Laborgeräte - EMV-Anforderungen - Teil 1: Allgemeine Anforderungen (DIN EN 61326-1:2006 + Berichtigung 1:2008 + Berichtigung 2:2011)

Electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use - EMC requirements - Part 1: General requirements (IEC 61326-1:2005 + Corr. 1:2008 + Corr. 2:2010, BS EN 61326-1:2006+ A1:2008)

Matériel électrique de mesure, de commande et de laboratoire Exigences relatives à la CEM - Partie 1: Exigences générales (CEI

61326-1:2005 + AC1:2008, NF EN 61326-1:2006 mod.)

EN 61326-2-2:2006

Elektrische Mess-, Steuer-, Regel- und Laborgeräte – EMV-Anforderungen. Teil 2-2: Besondere Anforderungen - Prüfanordnung, Betriebsbedingungen und Leistungsmerkmale für ortsveränderliche Prüf-, Mess- und Überwachungsgeräte in Niederspannungs-Stromversorgungsnetzen. (DIN EN 61326-2-2:2006)

Electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use – EMC requirements. Part 2-2: Particular requirements - Test configurations, operational conditions and performance criteria for portable test, measuring and monitoring equipment used in low-voltage distribution systems. (IEC 61326-2-2:2005, BS EN 61326-2-2:2006)

Matériel électrique de mesure, de commande et de laboratoire – Exigences relatives à la CEM. Partie 2-2: Exigences particulières - Configurations d'essai, conditions de fonctionnement et critères d'aptitude à la fonction des matériels portatifs d'essai, de mesure et de surveillance utilisés dans des systèmes de distribution basse tension.

(CEI 61326-2-2:2005 + AC1:2007, NF EN 61326-2-2:2006)



D-78532 Tuttlingen, 20.07.2012

BINDER GmbH

P. M. Binder

Geschäftsführender Gesellschafter Managing Director Directeur général i.A. B. Hofmann

B. Hofmann

Leiter F & E Director R & D Chef de service R&D



# **Product registration**

# Online Product Registration Register your BINDER now!

www.binder-world.com/register

The registration is free and takes just a few seconds Advantages:

- Short response times if service is needed
- ▶ Fair prices when relocating or installing equipment
- Calibration as required at no charge in case of recalls
- Free information on news, product upgrades and accessories

# Easy registered in 3 steps:



1. List serial number here:

2. Go online: www.binder-world.com/register

3. Register serial number

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 5/144



# **Contents**

	declaration of conformity  duct registration	
1.	SAFETY	
1.1	Legal considerations	
1.2	Structure of the safety instructions	
	1.2.2 Safety alert symbol	
	1.2.3 Pictograms	
	1.2.4 Word message panel structure	
1.3	Localization / position of safety labels on the unit	
1.4	Type plate	
1.5	General safety instructions on installing and operating the CO <sub>2</sub> incubator	
1.6	Precautions when working with gases	
1.7	Precautions when handling gas cylinders	
1.8	Intended use	
2.	UNIT DESCRIPTION	19
2.1	Unit overview	20
2.2	Instrument panel	
2.3	Inner chamber	
2.4	Control panel on the rear of the unit	23
3.	COMPLETENESS OF DELIVERY, TRANSPORTATION, STORAGE, AND	
	INSTALLATION	24
3.1	Unpacking, and checking equipment and completeness of delivery	24
3.2	Guidelines for safe lifting and transportation	
3.3	Storage	
3.4	Location of installation and ambient conditions	25
4.	INSTALLATION AND CONNECTIONS	29
4.1	Shelves	29
4.2	Permadry™ water pan	
4.3	Gas connections	
4	4.3.1 Connection of the CO <sub>2</sub> gas cylinder	
4	4.3.2 Connection of the O <sub>2</sub> gas cylinder (unit with O <sub>2</sub> control)	
4	4.3.3 Connection of the N <sub>2</sub> gas cylinder (unit with O <sub>2</sub> control)	
	4.3.4 Connecting the gas hose to the unit rear (for CO <sub>2</sub> , O <sub>2</sub> , N <sub>2</sub> )	
	4.3.5 Gas cylinder connection kits (option)	
4.4	Electrical connection	
4.5		
5.	START UP	38
5.1	Equilibration time	
5.2	Factory settings	38
6.	FUNCTIONAL OVERVIEW OF THE T4.12 CHAMBER CONTROLLER	39
6.1	Menu structure	40
	6.1.1 General menu	
	3.1.2 Quick menu	
	3.1.3 User menu	
6.2		
(	5.2.1 Activating the "control off" mode or change to "fixed value" operating mode	43



	Deactivating the $O_2$ control and $O_2/N_2$ pressure alarms (unit with $O_2$ control)	
	3.1 Required gas supply of the unit with O <sub>2</sub> control	4
6.4	3.2 Activating / deactivating the O₂ control and O₂ / N₂ pressure alarms	
6.5	Turning on / off the interior socket voltage (with optional interior socket)	48
6.6	Performance during and after power failure	48
6.7	Information	49
7.	SETPOINT ENTRY	50
7.1 7.2	Setting ranges  Note when setting high gas concentrations	
7.3	Entering the setpoints via "quick menu"	
7.4	Entering the setpoints via general menu	
8.	KEY LOCK	56
8.1	Directly activating the key lock	5
8.2	Automatic key lock	
8.3	Changing the password for unlocking the key lock	
9.	GENERAL CONTROLLER SETTINGS	60
9.1	Setup wizard	
9.2	Date and time settings	
9.3	Selecting the menu language of the T4.12 controller	
9.4	Setting display brightness	63
9.5	Changing the temperature unit	
9.6	Defining the data recording rate	
9.7 9.8	Factory reset Network configuration	
9.9	Display of the network configuration	
9.10	MAC Address	69
9.11	RS 422 address (with optional RS 422 interface)	70
9.12	Display and entry of the device configuration – for service purpose	
10.	DATA TRANSFER VIA USB INTERFACE	
10.1	Exporting data to USB drive	
10.2	Importing data from USB drive	73
11.	NOTIFICATIONS AND ALARMS	74
11.1	Notifications overview	74
	Alarm messages overview	
	Alarm status	
	Confirming an active "set" alarm	
	1.5.1 List of active alarms	
	1.5.2 History – list of all alarms	
	1.5.3 Activating, deactivating, and testing the alarm buzzer	
	1.5.4 Activating / deactivating all alarm functions	
	1.5.5 Setting the delay time after opening the door	
	Zero-voltage relay alarm output	
12.	EVENT LIST	
13.	GRAPHICAL DISPLAY OF THE MEASURED VALUES	
13.1 13.2	Setting the sampling rate  Defining the display range	
13.2	Selecting the parameters	
10.0		



14.	TEMPERATURE SAFETY DEVICES	91
14.1	Overtemperature protective device (class 1)	91
14.2	Overtemperature safety controller (temperature safety device class 3.1)	91
	.2.1 Safety controller modes	
14	.2.2 Setting the safety controller	92
15.	OPTIONS	95
15.1	Communication software APT-COM™ 3 DataControlSystem (option)	95
15.2	RS 422 interface (option)	95
15.3	Silicone access ports 30 mm / 1.18 in, closable from both sides with silicon plugs (option)	
15.4	Interior socket 230V (option)	
15.5 15.6	Analog outputs for temperature and CO <sub>2</sub> (option)	
15.7	Access port for extra-low voltage (option)	
	Stands	
	.8.1 Stacking stand (option)	
15	.8.2 Stacking adapter for direct thermal decoupled stacking (option)	100
15	.8.3 Base on castors (option)	100
16.	REFERENCE MEASUREMENTS	101
16.1	CO <sub>2</sub> reference measuring	
	<ul> <li>.1.1 Measuring CO<sub>2</sub> concentration indirectly via the pH of the cell medium</li></ul>	
	.1.2 Measuring CO <sub>2</sub> directly via chemical indicator tubes	
	Temperature reference measurement	
	·	
17.	AVOIDING MICROBIAL CONTAMINATION	103
17.1	Cells and media	
17.2	Laboratory conditions / equipment around the incubator	
17.3	Working and behavior in the lab	
17.4 17.5	Chamber design and equipment of the CO <sub>2</sub> incubator	
	<del>-</del>	
18.	CLEANING, DECONTAMINATION / DISINFECTION, AND STERILIZATION	
18.1	Cleaning	
18.2	Decontamination / chemical disinfection of the CO <sub>2</sub> incubator	
	3.1 Overview	
	3.2 Performing a hot-air sterilization	
	.3.3 Aborting the hot-air sterilization prematurely	
18	.3.4 End of the sterilization cycle	115
19.	MAINTENANCE AND SERVICE	116
19.1	Maintenance intervals, service	116
19.1	Checking the air jacket heating fan	
19.3	Checking the humidity system fan	
19.4	Gas inlet fine filter	117
19.5	Sending the unit back to BINDER GmbH	117
20.	DISPOSAL	118
20.1	Disposal of the transport packing	118
	.1.1 Outer unit packing	
1.1	.1 Packing inside the unit and equipment	118
20.2	Decommissioning	
20.3	Disposal of the unit in the Federal Republic of Germany	
20.4	Disposal of the unit in the member states of the EC except for the Federal Republic of Germa Disposal of the unit in non-member states of the EC	
	Dioposial of the utill in holl-inclined states of the LO	1 🗲 🕛



21.	TROUBLESHOOTING	122
21.1	Heating	122
21.2	Gas cylinder pressure too low	
21.3	Gas concentration	
21.4	Sterilization	127
21.5	Humidity	127
21.6	Controller	129
21.7	Open door	129
22.	TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION	130
22.1	Factory calibration and adjustment	130
22.2	Over current protection	
22.3	Definition of usable volume	
22.4	CB technical data	
22.5	Equipment and Options	
22.6	Spare parts and accessories	
22.7	Important conversion data for non-SI units	
22.8	Conversion table for gas inlet pressures, bar – psi	135
	Dimensions CB 60	
22.10	) Dimensions CB 160	137
22.11	Dimensions CB 220	138
23.	CONTAMINATION CLEARANCE CERTIFICATE	139
23.1	For units located outside North America and Central America	139
	For units in North America and Central America	142



#### Dear customer,

For the correct operation of the  $CO_2$  incubator CB, it is important that you read this operating manual completely and carefully and observe all instructions as indicated. Failure to read, understand and follow the instructions may result in personal injury. It can also lead to damage to the unit and/or poor equipment performance

# 1. Safety

This operating manual is part of the components of delivery. Always keep it handy for reference. The device should only be operated by laboratory personnel especially trained for this purpose and familiar with all precautionary measures required for working in a laboratory. To avoid injuries and damage observe the safety instructions of the operating manual.





Failure to observe the safety instructions. Serious injuries and unit damage.

- Observe the safety instructions in this operating manual.
- > Carefully read the complete operating instructions of the CO<sub>2</sub> incubator CB.

# 1.1 Legal considerations

This operating manual is for informational purposes only. It contains information for installing, start-up, operation and maintenance of the product. Note: the contents and the product described are subject to change without notice.

Understanding and observing the instructions in this operating manual are prerequisites for hazard-free use and safety during operation and maintenance. In no event shall BINDER be held liable for any damages, direct or incidental arising out of or related to the use of this manual.

This operating manual cannot cover all conceivable applications. If you would like additional information, or if special problems arise that are not sufficiently addressed in this manual, please ask your dealer or contact us directly by phone at the number located on page one of this manual

Furthermore, we emphasize that the contents of this operating manual are not part of an earlier or existing agreement, description, or legal relationship, nor do they modify such a relationship. All obligations on the part of BINDER derive from the respective purchase contract, which also contains the entire and exclusively valid statement of warranty administration. The statements in this manual neither augment nor restrict the contractual warranty provisions.

#### 1.2 Structure of the safety instructions

In this operating manual, the following safety definitions and symbols indicate dangerous situations following the harmonization of ISO 3864-2 and ANSI Z535.6.

# 1.2.1 Signal word panel

Depending on the probability of serious consequences, potential dangers are identified with a signal word, the corresponding safety color, and if appropriate, the safety alert symbol.



Indicates an imminently hazardous situation that, if not avoided, will result in death or serious (irreversible) injury.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 10/144



# **WARNING**

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious (irreversible) injury.

# **!** CAUTION

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in moderate or minor (reversible) injury.

# CAUTION

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in damage to the product and/or its functions or of a property in its proximity.

# 1.2.2 Safety alert symbol



Use of the safety alert symbol indicates a risk of injury.

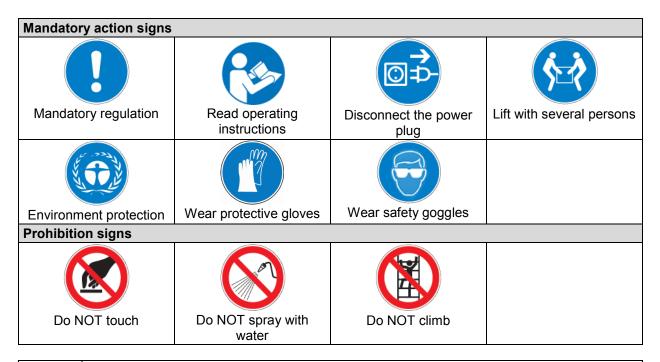
Observe all measures that are marked with the safety alert symbol in order to avoid death or injury.

# 1.2.3 Pictograms

Warning signs					
Electrical hazard	Hot surface	Explosive atmosphere	Stability hazard		
Lifting hazard	Gas cylinders	Suffocation hazard	CO <sub>2</sub> suffocation and poisoning hazard		
Explosive substances	Fire promoting agents	Harmful substances	Risk of corrosion and / or chemical burns		
Biohazard	Pollution Hazard				

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 11/144







**Information** to be observed in order to ensure optimum function of the product.

# 1.2.4 Word message panel structure

#### Type / cause of hazard.

#### Possible consequences.

- Instruction how to avoid the hazard: prohibition
- Instruction how to avoid the hazard: mandatory action

Observe all other notes and information not necessarily emphasized in the same way, in order to avoid disruptions that could result in direct or indirect injury or property damage.

# 1.3 Localization / position of safety labels on the unit

The following labels are located on the unit:

Pictograms (Warning signs)		Service label	
	Hot surface	Service - Hotline International: + 49 (0) 7462 / 2005-555 USA Toll Free: + 1 866 885 9794 ог: + 1 631 224 4340 Россия и СНГ: + 7 495 98815 17	
	Risk of injury	service@binder-world.com www.binder-world.com  BINDER	
	<ul> <li>on the outer door: CB-UL only</li> </ul>		
	above the access ports (option)		

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 12/144



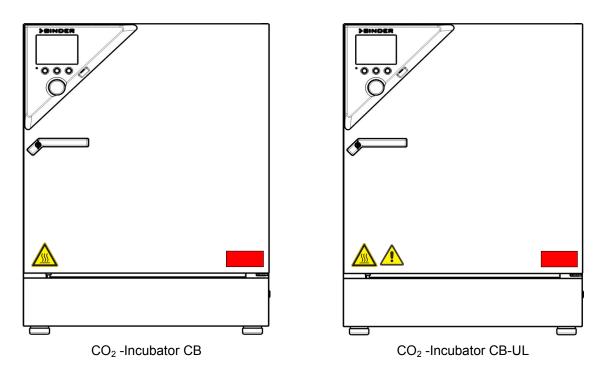


Figure 1: Position of labels on the unit



Keep safety labels complete and legible.

Replace safety labels that are no longer legible. Contact BINDER service for these replacements.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 13/144



# 1.4 Type plate

Position of type plate: left unit side (seen from front), at the bottom in the middle

Nominal temperature 187 °C 1,30 kW 369°F 200-240 V 1 N ~

Enclosure protection IP 20 5,7 A
Temp. safety device DIN 12880 50/60 Hz
Class 3.1
Art. No. 9040-0092 US PATS 4585923 / 5222612 / 5309981

Art. No. 9040-0092 US PAIS 4585923 / 5222612 / 5309981 Project No. 5405194 / 5601143 / 5773287 / 6079403



D 78532 Tuttlingen / Germany Tel. + 49 (0) 7462/ 2005-0 Internet: www.binder-world.com



CB 160 Serial No. 00-00000 Made in Germany

Figure 2: Type plate (example of CB 160 regular unit)

Indications of the type plate		Information	
BINDER		Manufacturer: BINDER GmbH	
CB 160		Model CB 160	
Serial No.	00-00000	Serial No. 00-00000	
Nominal temperature 1Ì Ï °C 369 °F		Nominal temperature	
Enclosure protection IP 20		IP type of protection 20 acc. to EN 60529	
Temp. safety device DIN 12880		Temperature safety device acc. to standard DIN 12880	
Class 3.1		Temperature safety device, class 3.1	
Art. No.	9040-0092	Art. No. 9040-0092	
Project No.		(Special application acc. to project no.)	
1,30 kW		Nominal power 1,30 kW	
200-240 V 1 N ~		Nominal voltage 200-240 V ± 10%, single-phase unit	
5,7 A		Nominal current 5,7 Amp	
50/60 Hz		Power frequency 50/60 Hz	

Symbol on the type plate	Information
(€	CE conformity marking
	Electrical and electronic equipment manufactured / placed on the market in the EC after 13 August 2005 and to be disposed of in separate collection according to directive 2002/96/EC on waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE).
P	The equipment is certified in the GOST R certification system of GOSTSTANDARD Russia.
CULUS (CB-UL only) LISTED LABORATORY EQUIPMENT	The equipment is certified by Underwriters Laboratories Inc.® according to standards CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 61010-1, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2004-07 (Electrical Equipment for Measurement, Control, and Laboratory Use; Part 1: General Requirements); UL 61010-1, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2005-07-22 (Electrical Equipment for Measurement, Control, and Laboratory Use; Part 1: General Requirements); IEC 61010-1:2010, 3 <sup>rd</sup> Edition and IEC 61010-2-10:2003 (Particular Requirements for Laboratory Equipment for the heating of materials).

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 14/144



# 1.5 General safety instructions on installing and operating the CO<sub>2</sub> incubator

With regard to operating the CO<sub>2</sub> incubator CB and to the installation location, please observe the guideline BGI/GUV-I 850-0 on safe working in laboratories (formerly BGR/GUV-R 120 or ZH 1/119 laboratory guidelines issued by the employers' liability insurance association) (for Germany).

BINDER GmbH is only responsible for the safety features of the unit provided skilled electricians or qualified personnel authorized by BINDER perform all maintenance and repair, and if components relating to chamber safety are replaced in the event of failure with original spare parts.

To operate the unit, use only original BINDER accessories or accessories from third-party suppliers authorized by BINDER. The user is responsible for any risk caused by using unauthorized accessories.



#### **CAUTION**

Danger of overheating.

Damage to the unit.

- Ø Do NOT install the unit in unventilated recesses.
- > Ensure sufficient ventilation for dispersal of the heat.

Do not operate the CO<sub>2</sub> incubator CB in hazardous locations.





# **DANGER**

Explosion hazard.

Danger of death.

- Ø Do NOT operate the unit in potentially explosive areas.
- > KEEP explosive dust or air-solvent mixtures AWAY from the unit.

The CO<sub>2</sub> incubator CB does not dispose of any measures of explosion protection.





# **DANGER**

Explosion hazard.

#### Danger of death.

- Ø Do NOT introduce any substance into the CO2 incubator which is combustible or explosive at working temperature.
- Ø NO explosive dust or air-solvent mixture in the inner chamber.

Any solvent contained in the charging material must not be explosive or inflammable. I.e., irrespective of the solvent concentration in the steam room, NO explosive mixture with air must form. The temperature inside the chamber must lie below the flash point or below the sublimation point of the charging material. Familiarize yourself with the physical and chemical properties of the charging material, as well as the contained moisture constituent and its behavior with the addition of heat energy.

Familiarize yourself with any potential health risks caused by the charging material, the contained moisture constituent or by reaction products which may arise during the temperature process. Take adequate measures to exclude such risks prior to putting the  $CO_2$  incubator into operation.





**DANGER** 

Electrical hazard.

Danger of death.

∅ The unit must NOT become wet during operation or maintenance.

The  $CO_2$  incubators were produced in accordance with VDE regulations and were routinely tested in accordance to VDE 0411-1 (IEC 61010-1).

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 15/144







The glass doors and the inner chamber will become hot during operation. Danger of burning.

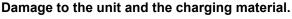
Ø Do NOT touch the glass doors, the inner surfaces or the charging material during operation.





Stability hazard.

Danger of injury.





- Ø Do NOT climb on the lower housing cover.
- Ø Do NOT load the lower housing cover with heavy objects while the unit door is open.

# 1.6 Precautions when working with gases

#### Notes on handling carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) in high concentrations is hazardous to health. It is colorless and almost odorless and therefore practically imperceptible. Vent out any CO<sub>2</sub> gas that may escape via good room ventilation or a suitable connection to an exhaust system. We recommend installing a CO<sub>2</sub> warning system





# **WARNING**

High concentration of CO<sub>2</sub> (> 4 Vol.-%).

Risk of death by suffocation.

Danger of poisoning.

- Ø Do NOT set up units in non-ventilated recesses.
- > Ensure technical ventilation measures.
- Observe the relevant regulations for handling CO<sub>2</sub>.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 16/144



#### Unit with O<sub>2</sub> control: Notes on handling oxygen (O<sub>2</sub>)

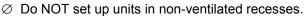
Oxygen  $(O_2)$  is colorless and almost odorless and therefore practically imperceptible. It promotes burns, which can proceed explosively. There is a fire hazard for flammable oxygenated materials, e.g. clothes and hair.  $O_2$  is heavier than air and may accumulate in low-lying areas.





High concentration of  $O_2$  (> 21 %  $O_2$ ).





- Ensure technical ventilation measures.
- Observe the relevant regulations for handling O<sub>2</sub>.

Take appropriate measures to prevent oxygen enrichment and fire and explosion hazards in areas where oxygen enrichment is possible.



General information for safe handling of oxygen:

- Make sure training of personnel on hazards of oxygen enrichment and necessary safety measures.
- Make sure adequate labeling of all oxygen equipment and facilities.
- Make sure gas tightness of all gas connections by checking them for leaks (e.g. with leak spray or diluted soap solution).
- Close the main valve of the source of oxygen after work when not using the chamber.
- Never lubricate O<sub>2</sub> equipment with oil or fat. Use only materials and spare parts which are approved for use with oxygen.
- Regularly inspect fire extinguishers for proper condition.
- Set up emergency showers where oxygen enrichment is possible.
- Strictest smoking ban and no ignition sources in areas where oxygen enrichment is possible.
- Make sure good ventilation of areas where oxygen enrichment is possible (location of the chamber and/or O<sub>2</sub> cylinders.
- Persons who may have been in a possibly oxygen-enriched atmosphere must keep away from ignition sources (flames, cigarettes, etc.) and ventilate their clothes at least 15 minutes.
- Always keep emergency routes free.

# Unit with O<sub>2</sub> control: Notes on handling nitrogen (N<sub>2</sub>)

Nitrogen  $(N_2)$  in high concentrations is hazardous to health. It is colorless and almost odorless and therefore practically imperceptible. Any  $N_2$  gas that may escape must be safely led out via good room ventilation or a suitable connection to an exhaust system.





# High concentration of N<sub>2</sub>.

# Risk of death by suffocation.

- Ø Do NOT set up units in non-ventilated recesses.
- Ensure technical ventilation measures.
- Observe the relevant regulations for handling N<sub>2</sub>.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 17/144



# 1.7 Precautions when handling gas cylinders



General information for safe handling of gas cylinders:

- Store and use gas cylinders only in well-ventilated locations.
- Open the gas cylinder valve slowly to avoid pressure surges.
- Secure gas cylinders during storage and use against falling (chaining).
- Transport gas cylinders with a cylinder cart, do not carry, roll, or throw them.
- Always close the valve even with apparently empty cylinders; screw on the cap when not in use. Return gas cylinders with the valve closed.
- Do not open gas cylinders by force. Mark them when damaged.
- Protect gas cylinders against fire, e.g. do not store together with flammable liquids.
- Observe relevant regulations for dealing with gas cylinders.

Secure the gas cylinders against falling and other mechanical damage.





Safety valve tearing off.

Sudden release of the stored pressure energy.

Risk of injury.

- Secure gas cylinders against falling (chaining).
- Transport gas cylinders with a cylinder cart.

The valve of the gas cylinder always must be closed before screwing on or unscrewing the gas hose.





Opening the cylinder valve when the cylinder is not connected.

Sudden release of the stored pressure energy.

Risk of injury.

Close the gas cylinder valve before connecting or removing the gas hose.



After connecting the gas cylinder, check all gas connections for leaks (e.g. with leak spray or diluted soap solution).

#### 1.8 Intended use

Series CB incubators are suitable for the cultivation of mammal cells under typical conditions of approx.  $37 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$  /  $98.6\,^{\circ}F$ . The incubator permits setting defined pH conditions by common NaHCO<sub>3</sub> buffer systems of commercial cell media by keeping an exact CO<sub>2</sub> atmosphere inside. CB incubators guarantee high humidity inside to avoid osmolarity increasing caused by the evaporation of the cell media.

With the unit with  $O_2$  control, a variable oxygen atmosphere can additionally influence the growth of the cells.



Following the instructions in this operating manual and conducting regular maintenance work (chap. 21.1) are part of the intended use.

#### Other applications are not approved.



WARNING: If customer should use a BINDER chamber running in non-supervised continuous operation, we strongly recommend in case of inclusion of irrecoverable specimen or samples to split such specimen or samples and store them in at least two chambers, if this is feasible.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 18/144



# 2. Unit description

The  $CO_2$  incubators CB are equipped with a multifunctional microprocessor display controller for temperature,  $CO_2$ , and  $O_2$  (unit with  $O_2$  control) levels and a digital display accurate to one-tenth of a degree resp. 0.1 vol.-%

The inner chamber, the pre-heating chamber and the inside of the doors are all made of stainless steel (material no. 1.4301 (V2A) in Germany). The inner surfaces are smooth and therefore easy to clean. The inner chamber is deep-drawn from one piece, polished (suitable for pharmaceutical applications) and has no welds or inaccessible corners. The hinges and the seal of the inner glass door are glued from the outside to aid cleaning of the inner chamber. When operating the chamber at high temperatures (sterilization), the impact of the oxygen in the air may cause discoloration of the metallic surfaces (yellowish-brown or blue) by natural oxidation processes. These colorations are harmless and will in no way impair the function or quality of the unit.

The perforated shelves are also made of stainless steel. You can insert a maximum of 3 (CB 60), 6 (CB 160), resp. 8 (CB 220) shelves.

The housing is RAL 7035 powder-coated. All corners and edges are also completely coated.

The heating system of the  $CO_2$  incubator permits hot-air auto-sterilization at a setpoint of 187.5 °C / 369.5°F. Thus, a temperature of 180 °C / 356°F is maintained for at least 30 minutes on all internal surfaces, resulting in sterilization of the entire inner chamber. Therefore, this procedure meets all international guidelines regarding hot air sterilization, e.g. AAMI ST63, DIN 58947, European Pharmacopoeia.

Thanks to the standard safety device (class 3.1 according to DIN 12880), the set temperature is maintained in case of failure.

The gas enters the chamber via a fine filter (aseptic filter) with a high filtration efficiency that also filters the smallest particles.

A highly precise, drift-free CO<sub>2</sub> infrared measuring system in combination with the permanent mixture of CO<sub>2</sub> gas through a special proprietary gas mixing head developed by BINDER allows precise and constant CO<sub>2</sub> concentrations for long periods. This creates optimum growth conditions for cultures.

The  $CO_2$  incubator is also available with  $O_2$  control in addition to  $CO_2$  control.

#### CO<sub>2</sub> and O<sub>2</sub> sensors

Fast reaction times, maximum accuracy and selectivity characterize the  $CO_2$  measuring procedure of the CB incubator series. The accuracy of the  $CO_2$  measuring system is based on a double-beam infrared measuring cell with NDIR (non-dispersive infrared) sensor, which continuously regulates to a reference value. Therefore, disturbance variables and aging phenomena in the measuring system are almost completely eliminated, so that this measuring system, in contrast to other measuring procedures, remains practically drift-free between calibrations and is entirely selective for  $CO_2$  and humidity. The sensor is built into the incubator and can be sterilized.

The  $O_2$  sensor is a semiconductor gas sensor with  $ZrO_2$  ceramic.

The accuracy of the indicated values of  $CO_2$  and  $O_2$  (unit with  $O_2$  control) depends on the ambient air pressure (approx. 0.08 vol.-% per 10 mbar / 0.15 psi). To compensate for this effect in the  $CO_2$  measurement, the controller measures the ambient air pressure and automatically includes it in the calculation.

The  $CO_2$  incubators CB are equipped with an Ethernet interface for computer communication, e.g. with the communication software APT-COM<sup>TM</sup> 3 DataControlSystem (option, chap. 17.1). For further options, see chap. 24.4.

Temperature range: 7 °C / 12.6 °F above ambient temperature up to +60 °C / 140 °F

CO<sub>2</sub> range: 0 vol.-% up to 20 vol.-%)

O<sub>2</sub> range (unit with O<sub>2</sub> control): 0.2 vol.-% up to 95 vol.-%

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 19/144



# 2.1 Unit overview

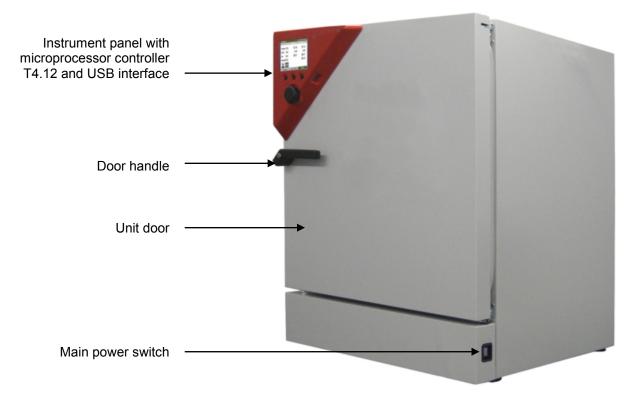


Figure 3: CO<sub>2</sub> incubator CB (example: model CB 160)

# 2.2 Instrument panel

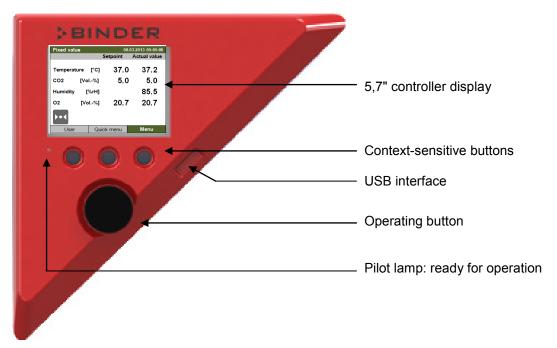


Figure 4: Instrument panel with microprocessor controller T4.12 and USB interface

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 20/144



# 2.3 Inner chamber

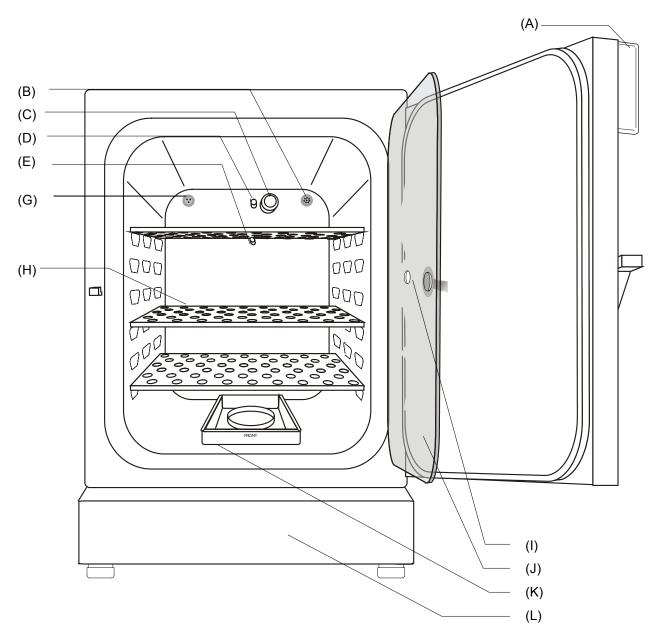


Figure 5: CB 160 with O<sub>2</sub> control and options

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 21/144



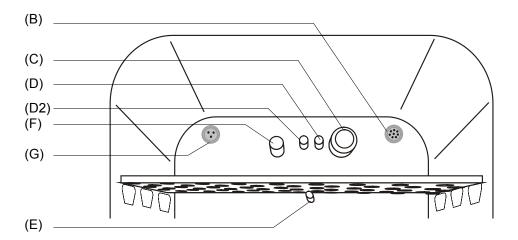


Figure 6: CB 160 / CB 220 with O<sub>2</sub> control and options

- (A) Instrument panel with microprocessor controller T4.12, indicating temperature and  $CO_2$  as well as  $O_2$  (unit with  $O_2$  control)"
- (B) Connection socket for extra-low voltage supply (option, chap. 17.6)
- (C) CO<sub>2</sub> and humidity sensor
- (D) Gas mixing head CO<sub>2</sub>
- (D2) Additional gas mixing head O<sub>2</sub>/ N<sub>2</sub> (unit with O<sub>2</sub> control)
- (E) Pt 100 temperature probe
- (F)  $O_2$  sensor (unit with  $O_2$  control)
- (G) Internal socket 230V (max. 3 A) (option, chap. 17.4)
- (H) Perforated shelves, made of stainless steel
- (I) Measuring access port
- (J) Inner glass doors
- (K) Permadry™ water pans
- (L) Lower housing cover

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 22/144



# 2.4 Control panel on the rear of the unit

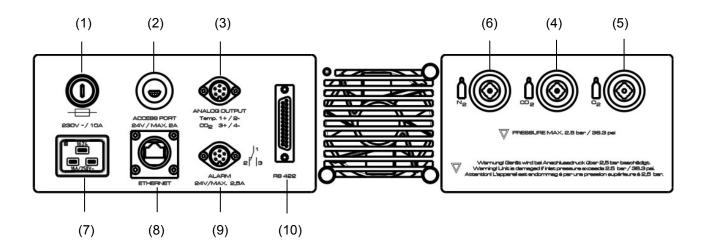


Figure 7: Rear control panel CB with O2 control and options

- (1) Miniature fuse
- (2) External socket for extra-low voltage supply (option for CB 160 / CB 220, chap. 17.6)
- (3) DIN socket for analog outputs 4-20 mA (option, chap. 17.5)
- (4) Quick acting closure socket for CO<sub>2</sub>
- (5) Quick acting closure socket for O<sub>2</sub> (unit with O<sub>2</sub> control)
- (6) Quick acting closure socket for  $N_2$  (unit with  $O_2$  control)
- (7) Socket for IEC connector plug for power cable
- (8) Ethernet interface for computer communication
- (9) DIN-socket for zero-voltage relay alarm outputs
- (10) RS 422 interface for computer communication (option)

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 23/144



# Completeness of delivery, transportation, storage, and installation

# 3.1 Unpacking, and checking equipment and completeness of delivery

After unpacking, please check the unit and its optional accessories, if any, based on the delivery receipt for completeness and for transportation damage. Inform the carrier immediately if transportation damage has occurred.

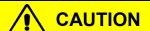
The final tests of the manufacturer may have caused traces of the shelves on the inner surfaces. This has no impact on the function and performance of the unit.

Please remove any transportation protection devices and adhesives in/on the unit and on the doors and remove the operating manuals and accessory equipment.



Remove any protective lamination sheet on the inner metal surfaces prior to commissioning.





Sliding or tilting of the unit.

Damage to the unit.





- Do NOT lift or transport the unit using the door handle, the door or the lower housing.
- Lift the unit from the pallet at the four lower corners with the aid of four people.



If you need to return the unit, please use the original packing and observe the guidelines for safe lifting and transportation (chap. 3.2).

For disposal of the transport packing, see chap. 22.1.

#### Note on second-hand units (Ex-Demo-Units):

Second-hand units are units that were used for a short time for tests or exhibitions. They are thoroughly tested before resale. BINDER ensures that the chamber is technically sound and will work flawlessly.

Second-hand units are marked with a sticker on the unit door. Please remove the sticker before commissioning the unit.

#### 3.2 Guidelines for safe lifting and transportation

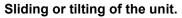
After operation, please observe the guidelines for temporary decommissioning (chap. 22.2). Empty the Permadry<sup>TM</sup> water pan before moving the incubator. In case of any spilling of the contents, shut down the incubator and dry it out carefully and completely.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 24/144

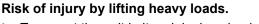




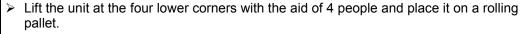




Damage to the unit.



- Transport the unit in its original packaging only.
- For moving or shipping, secure the unit with transport straps.
- Ø Do NOT lift or transport the unit using the door handle, the door or the lower housing.



- Move the unit to the desired location and lift it from the rolling pallet with the aid of four people.
- Permissible ambient temperature range during transport: 10 °C / 14 °F to +60 °C / 140 °F.

You can order transport packing for moving or shipping purposes from BINDER service.

# 3.3 Storage

Intermediate storage of the unit is possible in a closed and dry room. Observe the guidelines for temporary decommissioning (chap. 22.2).

- Permissible ambient temperature range during storage: -10 °C / 14 °F to +60 °C / 140 °F.
- Permissible ambient humidity: max. 70 % r.H., non-condensing

When after storage in a cold location you transfer the unit to its warmer installation site, condensation may form. Before start-up, wait at least one hour until the chamber has attained ambient temperature and is completely dry.

#### 3.4 Location of installation and ambient conditions

#### Notes on the location of installation

Set up the CO<sub>2</sub> incubator on a flat, even surface, free from vibration and in a well-ventilated, dry location. The chambers are designed for setting up inside a building (indoor use).

Freestanding CB incubators are suitable for installation on tables or on the optionally available stand (height 200 mm / 0.5 ft). Note: The site of installation must be capable of supporting the unit's weight (see technical data, chap.24.3).

Align the unit using a spirit level to ensure even covering of the cell-cultures with the medium. For this purpose, manually adjust the four incubator feet.

 $CO_2$  incubators can be stacked on top of each other (two units maximum). For safe stacking that is easy to maintain, use the original BINDER stacking stand (chap. 17.9.1) or the stacking adapter (chap. 17.9.2).



#### CAUTION

#### Sliding of stacked unit.

#### Damage to the units.

When stacking, use rubber pads (Art. No. 8012-0376) for the feet of the upper incubator.

To completely separate the unit from the power supply, you must disconnect the power plug. Install the unit in a way that the power plug is easily accessible and can be easily pulled in case of danger.

In order to avoid contamination, never place the unit directly on the floor.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 25/144





#### CAUTION

#### Danger of overheating.

#### Damage to the unit.

- Ø Do NOT set up units in non-ventilated recesses.
- > Ensure sufficient ventilation for dispersal of the heat.

Do not install or operate the CO<sub>2</sub> incubator CB in potentially explosive areas.





#### Explosion hazard.

#### Danger of death.

- ∅ Do NOT operate the unit in potentially explosive areas.
- > KEEP explosive dust or air-solvent mixtures AWAY from the vicinity of the unit.

#### **Ambient conditions**

- Permissible ambient temperature range for operation: +18 °C / 64.4 °F to +30 °C / 86 °F
   At elevated ambient temperature values, fluctuations in temperature can occur.
- Ideal ambient temperature: at least 7 °C / 12.6 °F below the intended working temperature. E.g., working temperature 37 °C / 98.6 °F = ambient temperature 30 °C / 86 °F and lower. In the event of working temperatures of less than 7 °C / 12.6 °F above the ambient temperature, the setpoint can be exceeded.



The ambient temperature should not be substantially higher than the indicated ambient temperature of 22  $\pm 3$  °C / 71.6  $\pm 5.4$  °F to which the specified technical data relates. For other ambient conditions, deviations from the indicated data are possible.



Avoid direct solar radiation on the unit.

- Permissible ambient humidity: 70 % r.H. max., non-condensing.
- Installation height: max. 2000 m / 6561.7 ft above sea level.
- Wall distances: rear 100 mm / 3.94 in, sides 50 mm / 1.97 in.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 26/144



#### Notes on handling carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

Carbon dioxide  $(CO_2)$  in high concentrations is hazardous to health. It is colorless and almost odorless and therefore practically imperceptible. Vent out any  $CO_2$  gas that may escape via good room ventilation or a suitable connection to an exhaust system. We recommend installing a  $CO_2$  warning system.





High concentration of CO<sub>2</sub> (> 4 Vol.-%).

Danger of death by suffocation.

#### Danger of poisoning.

- Ø Do NOT set up units in non-ventilated recesses.
- > Ensure technical ventilation measures.
- Observe the relevant regulations for handling CO<sub>2</sub>.

Observe the **occupational exposure limit OEL** for CO<sub>2</sub> set by the national authorities (formerly maximum permitted workplace concentration). Check compliance when operating all units located in the room.

- OEL for Germany: 5000 ml/m³ (ppm) = 0,5 Vol.-%
- CO<sub>2</sub> lost with each opening the door: about 16.4 g, i.e. 0.0084 cubic meters / 0.296 cubic feet (under normal pressure)
- CO<sub>2</sub> lost during 12h at 5 vol.-% without opening the door: approx. < 2 g, i.e. 0.001 cubic meter / 0.035 cubic feet (under normal pressure 1013 mbar / 14.7 psi)</li>

#### An example of how to evaluate laboratory volume and air change rate:

**Question:** Is an air change rate of 1/h sufficient for a lab with a volume of 100 cubic meters / 3,531.5 cubic feet with 10 incubators CB, opened 4 times per hour?

**Calculation:**  $CO_2$  concentration =  $CO_2$  lost by opening the door, multiplied by 10 units, multiplied by opening the door 4 times per hour, divided by lab volume

0.0084 cubic meters x 10 x 4 div. 100 cubic meters = 0.00336, i.e. 0.336 % or 3360 ppm.

0.296 cubic feet x 10 x 4 div. 3,531.5 cubic feet = 0.00336, i.e. 0.336 % or 3360 ppm.

**Result:** The maximum permissible value of 5000 ppm is not exceeded under these operation conditions.

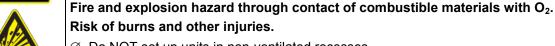
#### Unit with O<sub>2</sub> control: Notes on handling oxygen (O<sub>2</sub>)

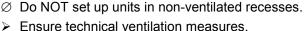
Oxygen  $(O_2)$  is colorless and almost odorless and therefore practically imperceptible. It promotes burns, which can proceed explosively. There is a fire hazard for flammable oxygenated materials, e.g. clothes and hair.  $O_2$  is heavier than air and may accumulate in low-lying areas.





High concentration of  $O_2$  (> 21 %  $O_2$ ).





Observe the relevant regulations for handling O<sub>2</sub>.

Take appropriate measures to prevent oxygen enrichment and fire and explosion hazards in areas where oxygen enrichment is possible.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 27/144





General information for safe handling of oxygen:

- Make sure training of personnel on hazards of oxygen enrichment and necessary safety measures.
- Make sure adequate labeling of all oxygen equipment and facilities.
- Make sure gas tightness of all gas connections by checking them for leaks (e.g. with leak spray or diluted soap solution).
- Close the main valve of the source of oxygen after work when not using the chamber.
- Never lubricate O<sub>2</sub> equipment with oil or fat. Use only materials and spare parts which are approved for use with oxygen.
- Regularly inspect fire extinguishers for proper condition.
- Set up emergency showers where oxygen enrichment is possible.
- Strictest smoking ban and no ignition sources in areas where oxygen enrichment is possible.
- Make sure good ventilation of areas where oxygen enrichment is possible (location of the chamber and/or O<sub>2</sub> cylinders.
- Persons who may have been in a possibly oxygen-enriched atmosphere must keep away from ignition sources (flames, cigarettes, etc.) and ventilate their clothes at least 15 minutes.
- Always keep emergency routes free.

#### Unit with O<sub>2</sub> control: Notes on handling nitrogen (N<sub>2</sub>)

Nitrogen  $(N_2)$  in high concentrations is hazardous to health. It is colorless and almost odorless and therefore practically imperceptible. Any  $N_2$  gas that may escape must be safely led out via good room ventilation or a suitable connection to an exhaust system.





#### High concentration of N<sub>2</sub>.

#### Risk of death by suffocation.

- Ø Do NOT set up units in non-ventilated recesses.
- Ensure technical ventilation measures.
- Observe the relevant regulations for handling N<sub>2</sub>.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 28/144



#### 4. Installation and connections

#### 4.1 Shelves

You can put the shelves in different positions at the line of channel beads in the inner chamber. Hold the shelf straight and then insert it so it will go smoothly inside the unit.

#### Permitted shelf loads:

Maximum load of one single shelf: 10 kg / 22 lb Maximum total load of all shelves: 30 kg / 66 lb

# 4.2 Permadry™ water pan

The Permadry™ system developed by BINDER is an effective and easy to handle system that ensures high humidity inside the incubator without any condensation forming on the inner surfaces. The Permadry™ water pan consists of two pans in which the outer one is heated and the inner one cooled. With the slight difference of temperature caused by that cooling, the central pan is the specific point for condensation of the surplus humidity. Therefore, all other inner surfaces remain dry.





Figure 8: Permadry™ water pan CB 160 / CB 220

Figure 9: Permadry™ water pan CB 60

- Put the Permadry™ water pan on the bottom of the inner chamber in a way that both notches lock into place.
- The front side of the Permadry<sup>™</sup> water pan is marked "FRONT".



Figure 10: Letters "FRONT" indicating the front of the Permadry™ water pan

- Please make sure that the Permadry<sup>™</sup> water pan has firm contact to the inner chamber bottom and rests tightly on it.
- Fill only the outer pan with distilled, sterilized water up to the filling level marking on the edge of the inner pan.

Maximum filling quantity of the outer pan: CB 60: approx. 0.7 liters, CB 160 and CB220): approx. 2 liters.



Figure 11: Filling height line of the outer basin CB 160 / CB 220

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 29/144



- We recommend cleaning and refilling the pans 2 to 3 times a week. For evacuation, remove the Permadry™ water pan.
- We recommend using distilled, sterile water to achieve optimum growth results. Any corrosive damage
  that may arise following the use of water of different quality or by additives is excluded from the liability
  agreement.
- If required, you can add microbiologically inhibiting substances such as copper chips, copper sulfate or ethylene diamine tetra-vinegar acid (EDTA) in a concentration of 1 to 5 mmol/l.

Empty the Permadry™ water pan before moving the incubator. In case of the contents spilling, immediately shut down the incubator and dry it carefully and completely.

#### 4.3 Gas connections



General information for safe handling of gas cylinders:

- Store and use gas cylinders only in well ventilated areas.
- Open the gas cylinder valve slowly to avoid pressure surges.
- Secure gas cylinders during storage and use against falling (chaining).
- Transport gas cylinders with a cylinder cart, do not carry, roll, or throw them.
- Always close the valve even with apparently empty cylinders; screw on the cap when not in use. Return gas cylinders with the valve closed.
- Do not open gas cylinders by force. Mark them when damaged.
- Protect gas cylinders against fire, e.g. do not store together with flammable liquids.
- Observe relevant regulations for dealing with gas cylinders.

Secure the gas cylinder against falling and other mechanical damage.





# **WARNING**

Safety valve tearing off.

Sudden release of the stored pressure energy.

Risk of injury.

- Secure gas cylinders against falling (chaining).
- Transport gas cylinders with a cylinder cart.

The valve of the gas cylinder **always** must be closed before screwing on or unscrewing the gas hose.





# **WARNING**

Opening the cylinder valve when the cylinder is not connected.

Sudden release of the stored pressure energy.

Risk of injury.

Close the gas cylinder valve before connecting or removing the gas hose.



After connecting the gas cylinder, check all gas connections for leaks (e.g. with leak spray or diluted soap solution).

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 30/144



#### 4.3.1 Connection of the CO<sub>2</sub> gas cylinder

Carbon dioxide  $(CO_2)$  in high concentrations is hazardous to health. It is colorless and almost odorless and therefore practically imperceptible. Vent out any  $CO_2$  gas that may escape via good room ventilation or a suitable connection to an exhaust system. We recommend installing a  $CO_2$  warning system.





High concentration of  $CO_2$  (> 4 Vol.-%). Danger of death by suffocation.

- Ø Do NOT set up units in non-ventilated recesses.
- Ensure technical ventilation measures.
- ➤ Observe the relevant regulations for handling CO<sub>2</sub>.



The CO<sub>2</sub> gas necessary for operation must have a technical grade of 99.5 %.



The gas connections must be established by qualified personnel who are trained in handling the respective gases and familiar with the required safety measures.

The following steps are required:

# Ensuring the correct CO<sub>2</sub> output pressure



A gas supply pressure above 2.5 bar / 36 psi will result in unit damage.

Use a pressure reducer and make sure to avoid any excessive outlet pressure when connecting the gas hose to the incubator.

The real outlet pressure of gas cylinders, sets of gas cylinders or central gas supplies am on the second manometer must **not** exceed 2.5 bar / 36 psi.



#### CAUTION

Excessive outlet pressure > 2.5 bar / 36 psi.

Damage to the unit.

- Ø The outlet pressure must NOT exceed the indicated value of 2.5 bar / 36 psi.
- Before connecting, check the outlet pressure on the pressure reducer of the cylinder.
- ➤ Adjust the outlet pressure to 2.0 bar / 29 psi above the ambient pressure.

Observe the correct outlet pressure also when replacing the gas cylinders.

#### Establishing the connection to the incubator

Connect the supplied gas hose (internal diameter 6 mm / 0.24 inches) to the pressure reducer of the gas cylinders or central gas supply and secure the connection with the supplied hose clamp.

Connect the pre-assembled hose nozzle of the gas hose to the quick acting closure socket (4) DN 6 on the unit rear, as described in chap. 4.3.4.

#### Leak test

After connecting the gas cylinder, check all gas connections for leaks (e.g. with leak spray or diluted soap solution).

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 31/144





The recovery times of the gas concentrations inside the chamber after opening the door are indicated in the technical data (chap. 24.3) and refer to a connection pressure of 2.0 bar / 29 psi. Decreasing supply pressure will result in longer recovery times.

Conversion table for gas inlet pressures, bar - psi, see chap. 24.7.

#### 4.3.2 Connection of the $O_2$ gas cylinder (unit with $O_2$ control)



Note: Do not connect the  $O_2$  cylinder or disconnect the gas supply (by pulling off the gas hose) when operating at setpoints below 19 vol.-%  $O_2$ .

Oxygen  $(O_2)$  is colorless and almost odorless and therefore practically imperceptible. It promotes burns, which can proceed explosively. There is a fire hazard for flammable oxygenated materials, e.g. clothes and hair.  $O_2$  is heavier than air and may accumulate in low-lying areas.





High concentration of  $O_2$  (> 21 %  $O_2$ ).



Fire and explosion hazard through contact of combustible materials with  $O_2$ . Risk of burns and other injuries.

- Ø Do NOT set up units in non-ventilated recesses.
- Ensure technical ventilation measures.
- ➤ Observe the relevant regulations for handling O<sub>2</sub>.



The O<sub>2</sub> gas necessary for operation must have a technical grade of 99.5 %.



The gas connections must be established by qualified personnel who are trained in handling the respective gases and familiar with the required safety measures.

The following steps are required:

#### Ensuring the correct O<sub>2</sub> output pressure



A gas supply pressure above 2.5 bar / 36 psi will result in unit damage.

Use a pressure reducer and make sure to avoid any excessive outlet pressure when connecting the gas hose to the incubator.

The real outlet pressure of gas cylinders, sets of gas cylinders or central gas supplies am on the second manometer must **not** exceed 2.5 bar / 36 psi.



#### CAUTION

Excessive outlet pressure > 2.5 bar / 36 psi. Damage to the unit.

- ∅ The outlet pressure must NOT exceed the indicated value of 2.5 bar / 36 psi.
- ➤ Before connecting, check the outlet pressure on the pressure reducer of the cylinder.
- Adjust the outlet pressure to 2.0 bar / 29 psi above the ambient pressure.

Observe the correct outlet pressure also when replacing the gas cylinders.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 32/144



#### Establishing the connection to the incubator

Connect the supplied gas hose (internal diameter 6 mm / 0.24 inches) to the pressure reducer of the gas cylinders or central gas supply and secure the connection with the supplied hose clamp.

Connect the pre-assembled hose nozzle of the gas hose to the quick acting closure socket (5) DN 6 on the unit rear, as described in chap. 4.3.4.

#### Leak test

After connecting the gas cylinder, check all gas connections for leaks (e.g. with leak spray or diluted soap solution).



The recovery times of the gas concentrations inside the chamber after opening the door are indicated in the technical data (chap. 24.3) and refer to a connection pressure of 2.0 bar / 29 psi. Decreasing supply pressure will result in longer recovery times.

Conversion table for gas inlet pressures, bar - psi, see chap. 24.7.

#### 4.3.3 Connection of the $N_2$ gas cylinder (unit with $O_2$ control)

Nitrogen  $(N_2)$  in high concentrations is hazardous to health. It is colorless and almost odorless and therefore practically imperceptible. Any  $N_2$  gas that may escape must be safely led out via good room ventilation or a suitable connection to an exhaust system.





# High concentration of N<sub>2</sub>.

#### Risk of death by suffocation.

- Ø Do NOT set up units in non-ventilated recesses.
- Ensure technical ventilation measures.
- ➤ Observe the relevant regulations for handling N<sub>2</sub>.



The N<sub>2</sub> gas necessary for operation must have a technical grade of 99.5 %.



The gas connections must be established by qualified personnel who are trained in handling the respective gases and familiar with the required safety measures.

The following steps are required:

# Ensuring the correct N2 output pressure



A gas supply pressure above 2.5 bar / 36 psi will result in unit damage.

Use a pressure reducer and make sure to avoid any excessive outlet pressure when connecting the gas hose to the incubator.

The real outlet pressure of gas cylinders, sets of gas cylinders or central gas supplies am on the second manometer must **not** exceed 2.5 bar / 36 psi.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 33/144





#### CAUTION

# Excessive outlet pressure > 2.5 bar / 36 psi. Damage to the unit.

- The outlet pressure must NOT exceed the indicated value of 2.5 bar / 36 psi.
- > Before connecting, check the outlet pressure on the pressure reducer of the cylinder.
- Adjust the outlet pressure to 2.0 bar / 29 psi above the ambient pressure.

Observe the correct outlet pressure also when replacing the gas cylinders.

#### Establishing the connection to the incubator

Connect the supplied gas hose (internal diameter 6 mm / 0.24 inches) to the pressure reducer of the gas cylinders or central gas supply and secure the connection with the supplied hose clamp.

Connect the pre-assembled hose nozzle of the gas hose to the quick acting closure socket (6) DN 6 on the unit rear, as described in chap. 4.3.4.

#### Leak test

After connecting the gas cylinder, check all gas connections for leaks (e.g. with leak spray or diluted soap solution).



The recovery times of the gas concentrations inside the chamber after opening the door are indicated in the technical data (chap. 24.3) and refer to a connection pressure of 2.0 bar / 29 psi. Decreasing supply pressure will result in longer recovery times.

Conversion table for gas inlet pressures, bar - psi, see chap. 24.7.

#### 4.3.4 Connecting the gas hose to the unit rear (for $CO_2$ , $O_2$ , $N_2$ )

The procedure of connecting the gas hose to the unit rear is the same for any gas connection. All quick acting closure sockets ( $CO_2$ , and  $N_2$  and  $O_2$  on unit with  $O_2$  control) are degreased and supplied with a FKM gasket.

**Note for units with O\_2 control:** The quick acting closure socket and the hose nozzle for the  $O_2$  connection (unit with  $O_2$  control) must be degreased.





Fire and explosion hazard through contact of fat with  $O_2$ . Risk of burns and other injuries.



 $\emptyset$  All connection parts for the  $O_2$  connection must be degreased.

The gas hose, which will be used to establish the connection to a gas cylinder, is already attached to the hose nozzle and secured by a hose clamp. Plug the hose nozzle into the corresponding quick acting closure socket (a) located at the rear of the unit. This quick acting closure socket is closed by a rubber cover (b).



Only use the supplied hose nozzle to connect to the quick acting closure socket.

Otherwise, the quick acting closure socket may leak, and/or it may become impossible to connect the original hose nozzle. In this case, please contact BINDER Service.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 34/144



Remove the rubber cover (b) by pulling it off.

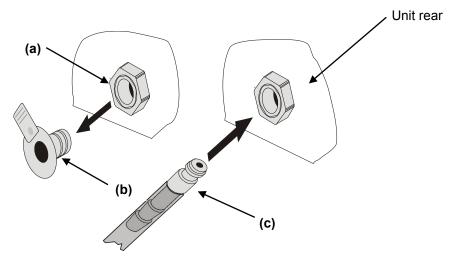
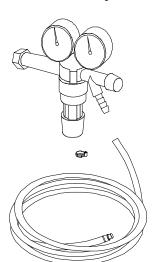


Figure 12: Connecting the hose lead to the gas cylinder

Now fit the hose nozzle (c) in the quick acting closure socket. To remove the connection, pull the hose nozzle off the quick acting closure socket.

#### 4.3.5 Gas cylinder connection kits (option)



Gas cylinder connection kits are available for  $CO_2$  (Art. No. 8012-0014),  $O_2$  (Art. No. 8012-0015) and  $N_2$  (Art. No. 8012-0016).

The connection kit includes the following parts for connecting a gas cylinder to the CO<sub>2</sub> incubator:

- Pressure reducer with manometers for cylinder pressure (high pressure gauge) and outlet pressure (low pressure gauge)
- 5 m pressure hose with pre-assembled hose nozzle for quick acting closure socket
- 1 hose clamp to connect the gas hose to the pressure reducer

Figure 13: Gas cylinder connection kit



Instructions 7001-0249 included with the connection kit describe connecting and setting the gas cylinder connection kit.



#### CAUTION

Excessive outlet pressure > 2.5 bar / 36 psi.

#### Damage to the unit.

- Ø The outlet pressure must NOT exceed the indicated value of 2.5 bar / 36 psi.
- > Before connecting, check the outlet pressure on the pressure reducer of the cylinder.
- Adjust the outlet pressure to 2.0 bar / 29 psi above the ambient pressure.



The gas connections must be established by qualified personnel who are trained in handling the respective gases and familiar with the required safety measures.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 35/144



#### 4.4 Electrical connection

The CO<sub>2</sub> incubator comes with an IEC connector plug.

Model	<b>Art. No.</b> (x = 0 or 1)	Power plug	Voltage +/-10 %	Power frequency	Unit fuse
CB 60	9x40-0088	Shock-proof plug	230 V (1N~)	50/60 Hz	16 A
CB 60-UL	9x40-0089	NEMA 5-15P	100-120 V (1N~)	60 Hz	16 A
CB 60 with O <sub>2</sub> control	9x40-0090	Shock-proof plug	230 V (1N~)	50/60 Hz	16 A
CB 60-UL with O <sub>2</sub> control	9x40-0091	NEMA 5-15P	100-120 V (1N~)	60 Hz	16 A
CB 160	9x40-0092	Shock-proof plug	230 V (1N~)	50/60 Hz	16 A
CB 160-UL	9x40-0093	NEMA 5-20P	100-120 V (1N~)	60 Hz	16 A
CB 160 with O <sub>2</sub> control	9x40-0094	Shock-proof plug	230 V (1N~)	50/60 Hz	16 A
CB 160-UL with O <sub>2</sub> control	9x40-0095	NEMA 5-20P	100-120 V (1N~)	60 Hz	16 A
CB 220	9x40-0096	Shock-proof plug	230 V (1N~)	50/60 Hz	16 A
CB 220-UL	9x40-0097	NEMA 5-20P	100-120 V (1N~)	60 Hz	16 A
CB 220 with O <sub>2</sub> control	9x40-0098	Shock-proof plug	230 V (1N~)	50/60 Hz	16 A
CB 220-UL with O <sub>2</sub> control	9x40-0099	NEMA 5-20P	100-120 V (1N~)	60 Hz	16 A

- Prior to connection and start-up, check the power supply voltage. Compare the values to the specified data located on the unit's type plate (left unit side, bottom right-hand, see chap. 1.4).
- When connecting, please observe the regulations specified by the local electricity supply company as well as the VDE directives (for Germany).
- Pollution degree (acc. to IEC 61010-1): 2
- Over-voltage category (acc. to IEC 61010-1): II



#### CAUTION

Danger of incorrect power supply voltage.

#### Damage to the equipment.

- Check the power supply voltage before connection and start-up.
- Compare the power supply voltage with the data indicated on the type plate.

See also electrical data (chap. 24.3).



To completely separate the unit from the power supply, you must disconnect the power plug. Install the unit in a way that the power plug is easily accessible and can be easily pulled in case of danger.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 36/144



# 4.5 Handling and aligning the multiple-divided inner glass door, gas proof (optional equipment)

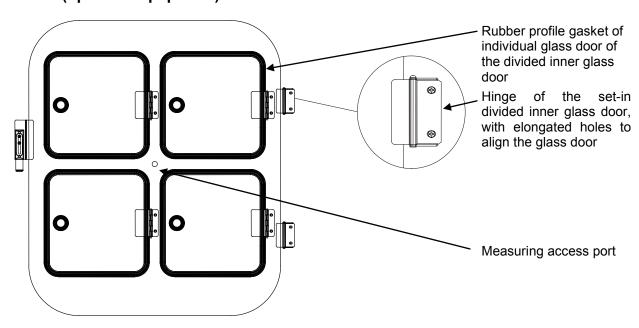


Figure 14: Multiple-divided inner glass door, gas proof, for CB 160

- Pull the handles to open each of the individual glass doors. Do not press too hard while closing them
  to avoid pushing the doors through the gasket into the inner chamber.
- The rubber profile gaskets of the individual glass doors are easy to replace.
- If the divided inner glass door is not in an aligned position, fasten the hinge screws in the elongated holes of the hinge to align it. Align the door and operate the locking smoothly.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 37/144



### 5. Start up

After connecting the supply lines (chap. 4.4) turn on the chamber by the main power switch. The pilot lamp shows the unit is ready for operation.



Observe a delay time of about 30s between turning Off and On again. Otherwise an initialization problem may occur.

Note that the chamber is in stand-by mode when the main power switch has been turned on and yet the controller display is dark. Turn on the unit by pressing any controller button.

Warming chambers may release odors in the first few days after commissioning. This is not a quality defect. To reduce odors quickly we recommend heating up the chamber to its nominal temperature for one day and in a well-ventilated location.



WARNING: If customer should use a BINDER chamber running in non-supervised continuous operation, we strongly recommend in case of inclusion of irrecoverable specimen or samples to split such specimen or samples and store them in at least two chambers, if this is feasible.

### 5.1 Equilibration time

Temperature: Equilibration time is approx. 1 hour.

**CO<sub>2</sub>**: After approx. 5 minutes, the CO<sub>2</sub> concentration equilibrates automatically to the pre-set value of 5 vol.-% CO<sub>2</sub>.

 $O_2$  (unit with  $O_2$  control): After a delay of 10 minutes, the ambient oxygen concentration of approx. 20.7 vol.-% is displayed. During the first 10 minutes,  $O_2$  control is not defined. Then  $O_2$  is regulated to the displayed setpoint value of 20.7 vol.-%.

### 5.2 Factory settings

The unit is supplied with the following basic preset parameters:

Temperature setpoint
 37 °C / 98.6°F

CO<sub>2</sub> concentration 5 vol.-%
 O<sub>2</sub> concentration (unit with O<sub>2</sub> control) 20.7 vol.-%

Safety controller class 3.1
 Sterilization temperature
 38.5 °C / 101.3°F
 187.5 °C / 369.5°F

Audible alarm signal (buzzer) turned on

The set temperature determines the target working temperature in the inner chamber, i.e. set value 37 °C / 98.6°F = target working temperature 37 °C / 98.6°F. The same is valid for the CO<sub>2</sub> and O<sub>2</sub> concentration (unit with O<sub>2</sub> control). For the hot-air sterilization, the set value is 187.5 °C / 369.5°F and cannot be changed.



As long as there is a difference between the actual and set value shown in the display, adequate operation of the unit is not guaranteed.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 38/144



### 6. Functional overview of the T4.12 chamber controller

The T4.12 chamber controller controls the following values inside the CO<sub>2</sub> incubator:

- Temperature in °C (range by 7 °C / 12.6 °F above ambient temperature up to +60 °C / 140 °F)
- Carbon dioxide concentration in vol.-% (range 0 vol.-% up to 20 vol.-%)

Unit with O<sub>2</sub> control in addition:

• Oxygen concentration in vol.-% (range 0.2 vol.-% up to 95 vol.-%)

You can enter the desired setpoint values in fixed value operating mode in the display controller. The controller also offers various notifications and alarm messages with visual and audible indication, a trace file and remote alarms via e-mail. Programming can be done directly through the keypad of the controller or graphically through the software APT-COM™ 3 DataControlSystem (option, chap. 17.1) specially developed by BINDER.

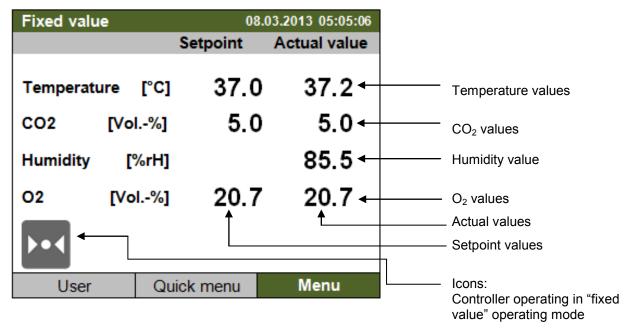


Figure 15: T4.12 microprocessor controller, initial view in "Fixed value" controller mode (sample values, unit with O<sub>2</sub> control)

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 39/144



### 6.1 Menu structure

Fixed value	xed value 08.03.2013 05:05:0		03.2013 05:05:06
		Setpoint	Actual value
Temperature	[°C]	37.0	37.2
CO2 [Ve	ol%]	5.0	5.0
Humidity	[%rH]		85.5
O2 [V	ol%]	20.7	20.7
<b>&gt;•</b> 4			
User	Qu	iick menu	Menu

Initial view (sample values, unit with  $O_2$  control). Press the desired menu button.

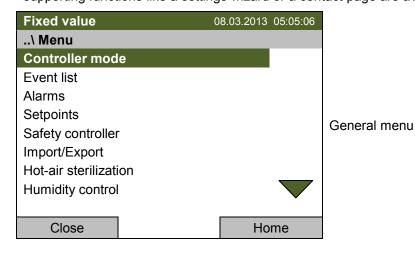
From the Initial view you have access to different menus using the menu buttons "User", "Quick menu", or "Menu". From there you can access the desired control functions. To do this, select the function by turning the operating button and press the operating button to confirm the selection.

In any menu, you can return to the previous display pressing the "Close" button or to the initial view with the "Home" button.

Depending on the logged-in user or administrator, the available menu functions may vary. These instructions present the functions which are available to the logged-in administrator.

#### 6.1.1 General menu

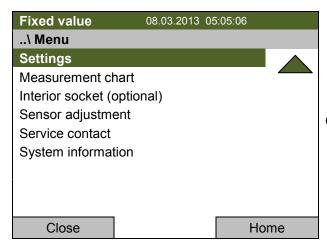
The general menu provides access to all setting functions of the controller, a graphical display of the measured values, and the possibility to read and give out data via the USB interface. In addition, supporting functions like a settings wizard or a contact page are available.



Turn the operating button to see additional menu items.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 40/144



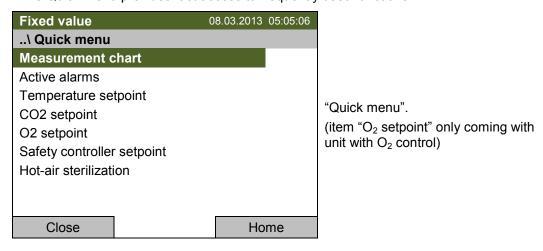


General menu (next page)

Controller mode	Switching between the operating modes "control off" or "fixed value", chap. 6.2.1
Event list	Display of status information and errors, chap. 13
Alarms	Alarm settings, chap. 12.4
Setpoints	Setpoint entry, chap. 7.4
Safety controller	Setting the safety controller, chap. 15.2
Import/Export	Data transfer via USB interface, chap. 11
Hot-air sterilization	Performing a hot-air sterilization at 180 °C / 356 °F, chap. 20.4
Humidity control	Setting the humidity control of the Permadry™ system, chap.6.4
Settings	General controller settings, chap. 10
Measurement chart	Graphical display of the measured values, chap. 14
Interior socket (optional)	Turning on / off the interior socket voltage (option), chap. 6.5
Sensor adjustment	Adjustment menu for single-point and two-point adjustments (for Service)
Service contact	Service information
System information	Chamber information (model, name, serial no., firmware etc.)

#### 6.1.2 Quick menu

The Quick menu provides fast access to frequently used functions.



CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 41/144



Measurement chart	Graphical display of the measured values, chap. 14
Active alarms	Alarm settings, chap. 12.4
Temperature setpoint	Temperature setpoint entry, chap. 7.3
CO2 setpoint	CO <sub>2</sub> setpoint entry, chap. 7.3
O2 setpoint	O <sub>2</sub> setpoint, chap. 7.3
Safety controller setpoint	Setting the safety controller setpoint, chap. 15.2.2
Hot-air sterilization	Performing a hot-air sterilization at 180 °C / 356 °F, chap. 20.4

### 6.1.3 User menu

The user menu includes the key lock function and provides quick access to the event list.

The key lock function serves to block the access to the controller. An overview of logon, logoff, and other events is given in the event list.



Key lock	Configuring the key lock function, chap. 9
Show event list	Displaying the event list, chap. 13

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 42/144



### 6.2 Operating modes

In the "control off" mode (chap. 6.2.1), the controller is non-functional and displays only the actual values. There is no heating or refrigeration and no inlet of  $CO_2$  or  $O_2$  (unit with  $O_2$  control). The temperature approximates the ambient value.

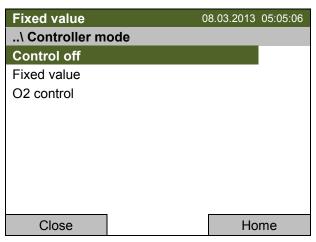
You can enter the desired setpoint values in "**fixed value**" mode (chap. 7). The controller then operates as a fixed-point control, i.e., it reaches and maintains the defined setpoints until the next manual change.

### 6.2.1 Activating the "control off" mode or change to "fixed value" operating mode

To select the "control off" or "fixed value" operating mode, go to Menu > Controller mode



General menu.
Select "Controller Mode"
and press the operating button.

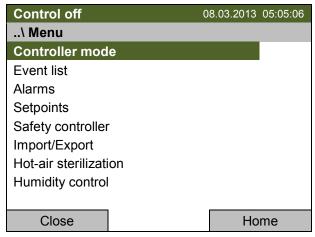


Submenu "Controller Mode".

Select the desired controller mode "Control off" or "Fixed value" and press the operating button.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 43/144





General menu.

The controller mode "Fixed value" or "Control off" is indicated in the display headline.

Go back to the initial view with "Home".

Control off	08.03.2013 05:05:06
	Setpoint Actual value
Temperature [°C]	22.2
CO2 [Vol%]	0.3
Humidity [%rH]	85.5
User Qui	ck menu Menu

Initial view in "Control off" mode (sample values)

The controller is non-functional, i.e., there is no heating or  $CO_2$  entry or  $O_2$  entry (unit with  $O_2$  control).

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 44/144



### 6.3 Deactivating the $O_2$ control and $O_2/N_2$ pressure alarms (unit with $O_2$ control)

### 6.3.1 Required gas supply of the unit with O<sub>2</sub> control

In the unit with  $O_2$  control, cell growth can be additionally influenced by a variable oxygen content. Depending on the required range of  $O_2$  concentration, the type of gas which is required may vary:

#### Hyperoxic range (> 22 vol.-% O<sub>2</sub>)

As compared to the ambient air ( $O_2$  concentration of 20.9 vol.-%) only the  $O_2$  concentration needs to be increased, no nitrogen is required for the  $O_2$  control. Therefore, it is not necessary to connect a  $N_2$  cylinder. You can deactivate the  $N_2$  pressure alarm in the menu "Menu > Controller mode > O2 control" (chap. 6.3.2).

### Hypoxic range (< 20 Vol.-% O<sub>2</sub>)

As compared to the ambient air ( $O_2$  concentration of 20.9 vol.-%) only the  $N_2$  concentration needs to be increased, no oxygen is required for the  $O_2$  control. Therefore, it is not necessary to connect an  $O_2$  cylinder. You can deactivate the  $O_2$  pressure alarm in the menu " $Menu > Controller \mod > O2$  control" (chap. 6.3.2).

#### Hyperoxic and hypoxic range or range from 20 vol.-% O<sub>2</sub> up to 22 vol.-% O<sub>2</sub>

 $N_2$  and  $O_2$  are required for  $O_2$  control. It is necessary to connect all gas supplies.

#### Operation without O<sub>2</sub> control

You can deactivate the  $O_2$  control in the menu "Menu > Controller mode > O2 control" (chap. 6.3.2). With this setting, no alarm messages for  $O_2$  and  $N_2$  (pressure or concentration) will be issued.

Since neither nitrogen nor oxygen are required, it is not necessary to connect an  $O_2$  or  $N_2$  cylinder. No  $O_2$  and  $N_2$  pressure alarms will be issued with deactivated  $O_2$  control.

The zero-voltage relay alarm contact (chap. 12.5) for messages of deviation of the  $O_2$  concentration will also not be triggered.

#### Overview

	Hyperoxic range (>22 vol% O <sub>2</sub> )	Hypoxic range (<20 vol% O <sub>2</sub> )	Hyperoxic and hypoxic ranges	No O <sub>2</sub> control
O <sub>2</sub> control (with O <sub>2</sub> concentration alarm)	active	active	active	off N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub>
Connection of O <sub>2</sub> cylinder	connected	not connected	connected	not connected
O <sub>2</sub> pressure alarm	active	off	active	off
Connection of N <sub>2</sub> cylinder	not connected	connected	connected	not connected
N <sub>2</sub> pressure alarm	off	active	active	off

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 45/144



### 6.3.2 Activating / deactivating the $O_2$ control and $O_2$ / $N_2$ pressure alarms

To activate or deactivate the  $O_2$  control and  $O_2$  /  $N_2$  pressure alarms, go to **Menu > Controller mode > O2 control** 



Submenu "O2 control".

The current settings are displayed.

To change the settings, press the operating button.

The modified settings are displayed

"O2 control: On" =  $O_2$  control is active.

"O2 control: Off" =  $O_2$  control is deactivated.

"O2 pressure alarm: On" or "N2 pressure alarm: On" = the corresponding pressure alarm is activated.

"O2 pressure alarm: Off" or "N2 pressure alarm: Off" = the corresponding pressure alarm is deactivated.

Go back to the initial view with "Home".

Fixed value		08.03.2013 05:05:06	
	S	etpoint	Actual value
Temperature	[°C]	37.0	37.2
CO2 [Vo	l%]	5.0	5.0
Humidity [	%rH]		85.5
O2 [Vo	l%]		20.7
User	Quic	k menu	Menu

Initial view with deactivated  $O_2$  control (sample values).

Also the pressure alarms for  $O_2$  and  $N_2$  are deactivated.

To enter the  $O_2$  setpoint, first activate the  $O_2$  control again.

With active O<sub>2</sub> control, the pressure alarms for O<sub>2</sub> and N<sub>2</sub> can be deactivated individually.

Fixed value		08.03.2013 05:05:06	
		Setpoint	Actual value
Temperature	[°C]	37.0	37.2
CO2 [Vo	I%]	5.0	5.0
Humidity [	%rH]		85.5
O2 [Vo	l%]	25.0	25.0
<b>&gt; √</b> 0 <sub>2</sub>			
User	Qu	ick menu	Menu

Initial view with activated  $O_2$  control and deactivated  $O_2$  pressure alarm (sample values).

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 46/144

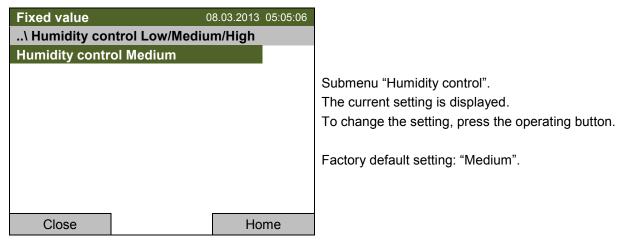


### 6.4 Humidity control of the Permadry™ system

The Permadry<sup>™</sup> system with its 2-pan water system guarantees a maximum humidity of up to 95 % r.H. in the inner chamber, which remains condensation-free. This performance assumes an average ambient temperature of 22 ±3 °C / 71.6 ±5.4 °F and a working temperature in the inner chamber of 37 °C / 98.6 °F.

You can increase or decrease humidity slightly if required.

To configure the humidity control of the Permadry™ system, go to Menu > Humidity control





Submenu "Humidity control".
Select the desired setting and press the operating button



If the ambient temperature deviates by more than +/- 5 °C from the values recommended by the manufacturer, the conditions for maximum air humidity with condensation-free inner chamber are no longer guaranteed. Contact BINDER Service for assistance.

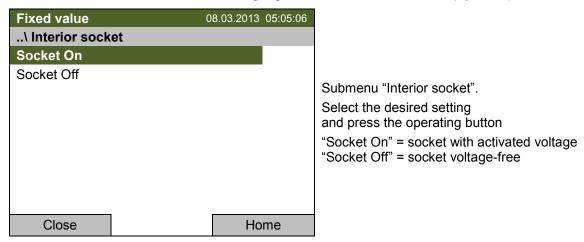
CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 47/144



### 6.5 Turning on / off the interior socket voltage (with optional interior socket)

For chambers equipped with the optional interior socket (chap. 17.4) you can turn on and off the voltage of the interior socket.

To turn on or off the interior socket voltage, go to Menu > Interior socket (optional)



Go back to the initial view with "Home".



This symbol on the controller display indicates that the interior socket is activated.

## 6.6 Performance during and after power failure

During a power failure, all controller functions are shut down. The gas inlet valves are closed so that no gas can escape into the ambient air. The zero-voltage relay alarm output (9) (chap. 12.5) is switched to alarm position for the whole duration of the power failure.

After the power returns, all functions return to the same status the chamber had before power failure. The controller continues to function in the original operating mode it was in previously before the power failure occurred. In "fixed value" mode, the setpoints are immediately resumed. The power failure and power return are noted in the event list.

If the  $CO_2$  incubator had been running in sterilization mode, the sterilization process is cancelled and the unit operates in "fixed value" operation mode with the setpoints already entered. All setpoint values remain in memory.

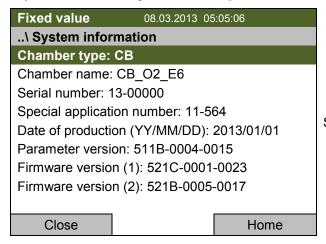
If the temperature or concentration of  $CO_2$ , and  $O_2$  (unit with  $O_2$  control) have dropped below the alarm limits during power failure, confirm the alarms with the RESET button as soon as the correct values are reached again (chap. 12.3).

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 48/144



#### 6.7 Information

You access chamber information like the chamber type, serial no., firmware version etc. To display the system information, go to Menu > System information



Submenu "System information" (sample values).

To display the BINDER Service contact data, go to Menu > Service contact



Submenu "Service contact".

Further information window can be accessed under Menu > Settings > Network settings > Show network settings (chap. 10.9) and - for Service purpose - under Menu > Settings > Chamber configuration (chap. 10.14).

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 49/144



# 7. Setpoint entry

### 7.1 Setting ranges

Temperature	7 °C / 12.6 °F above ambient up to 60 °C / 140 °F	
CO <sub>2</sub>	0 vol% up to 20 vol %	
O <sub>2</sub> (unit with O <sub>2</sub> control)	0.2 vol% up to 95 vol%	



When changing the temperature setpoint, check the setting of the overtemperature safety controller class 3.1 (chap. 15.2).

With setpoint type "Limit", adapt the safety controller always when changing the temperature setpoint.



When setting a lower temperature setpoint, in order to save time, we recommend cooling down the unit by turning it off and opening both doors of the unit.



When setting a lower  $CO_2$  setpoint, the  $CO_2$  gas must be able to escape first. Open both doors of the unit for this purpose.

### 7.2 Note when setting high gas concentrations

#### Notes on handling carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

Carbon dioxide  $(CO_2)$  in high concentrations is hazardous to health. It is colorless and almost odorless and therefore practically imperceptible. Vent out any  $CO_2$  gas that may escape via good room ventilation or a suitable connection to an exhaust system. We recommend installing a  $CO_2$  warning system.





High concentration of CO<sub>2</sub> (> 4 Vol.-%).

Danger of death by suffocation.

#### Danger of poisoning.

- Ø Do NOT set up units in non-ventilated recesses.
- > Ensure technical ventilation measures.
- Observe the relevant regulations for handling CO<sub>2</sub>.

If CO<sub>2</sub> is released, leave the area und inform the security service or fire department.

#### Unit with O<sub>2</sub> control: Notes on handling oxygen (O<sub>2</sub>)

Oxygen  $(O_2)$  is colorless and almost odorless and therefore practically imperceptible. It promotes burns, which can proceed explosively. There is a fire hazard for flammable oxygenated materials, e.g. clothes and hair.  $O_2$  is heavier than air and may accumulate in low-lying areas.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 50/144







High concentration of  $O_2$  (> 21 %  $O_2$ ).



Fire and explosion hazard through contact of combustible materials with  $O_2$ . Risk of burns and other injuries.

- ∅ Do NOT set up units in non-ventilated recesses
- Ensure technical ventilation measures
- Observe the relevant regulations for handling O<sub>2</sub>.

Take appropriate measures to prevent oxygen enrichment and fire and explosion hazards in areas where oxygen enrichment is possible.

Observe the general information for safe handling of oxygen (chap. 1.6).

### Unit with O<sub>2</sub> control: Notes on handling nitrogen (N<sub>2</sub>)

Nitrogen  $(N_2)$  in high concentrations is hazardous to health. It is colorless and almost odorless and therefore practically imperceptible. Any  $N_2$  gas that may escape must be safely led out via good room ventilation or a suitable connection to an exhaust system.





### High concentration of N<sub>2</sub>. Risk of death by suffocation.

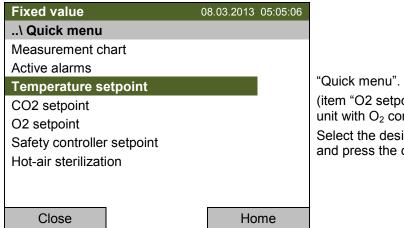
- ∅ Do NOT set up units in non-ventilated recesses
- Ensure technical ventilation measures
- ➤ Observe the relevant regulations for handling N<sub>2</sub>.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 51/144



### 7.3 Entering the setpoints via "quick menu"

To enter setpoints via quick menu, go to Quick menu.



(item "O2 setpoint" only coming with unit with O2 control)

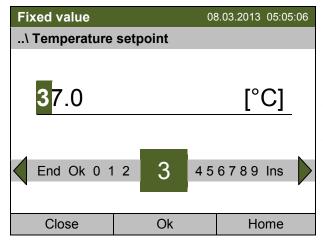
Select the desired parameter and press the operating button.



When trying to enter a setpoint in the "Controller off" operating mode, a notification window shows "Controller mode is OFF!". Press the operating button to confirm with "Ok" and change the operating mode to "Fixed value" (chap. 6.2.1).

#### Temperature setting

To enter the temperature setpoint, go to Quick menu > Temperature setpoint



Entry menu "Temperature setpoint".

Select each number with the operating button and press the operating button to confirm.

Setting range: 20 °C / 68 °F up to 60 °C / 140 °F.

Press the "Ok" button to confirm.

When entering a value outside the setting range, the message "invalid value" appears. Press the operating button to confirm with "Ok" and repeat the entry with a correct value.

Go back to the initial view with "Home" or enter the CO<sub>2</sub> concentration.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 52/144



#### Setting the CO<sub>2</sub> concentration

To enter the CO<sub>2</sub> setpoint, go to Quick menu > CO2 setpoint



Entry menu "CO2 setpoint".

Select each number with the operating button and press the operating button to confirm.

Setting range: 0 vol.-% up to 20 vol.-%.

Press the "Ok" button to confirm.

When entering a value outside the setting range, the message "invalid value" appears. Press the operating button to confirm with "Ok" and repeat the entry with a correct value.

Go back to the initial view with "Home" or enter the O<sub>2</sub> concentration (unit with O<sub>2</sub> control).

#### Setting the O<sub>2</sub> concentration (unit with O<sub>2</sub> control)

To enter the  $O_2$  setpoint, go to Quick menu >  $O_2$  setpoint



Entry menu "O2 setpoint".

Select each number with the operating button and press the operating button to confirm.

Setting range: 0.2 vol.-% up to 95 vol.-%.

Press the "Ok" button to confirm.

When entering a value outside the setting range, the message "invalid value" appears. Press the operating button to confirm with "Ok" and repeat the entry with a correct value.

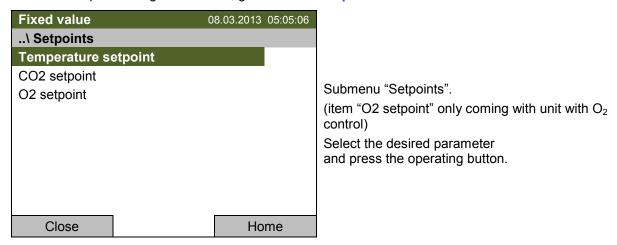
Go back to the initial view with "Home".

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 53/144



### 7.4 Entering the setpoints via general menu

To enter setpoints via general menu, go to *Menu* > *Setpoints* 

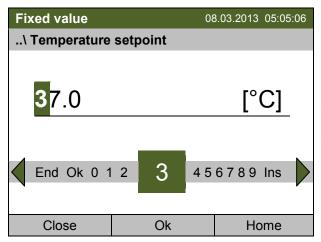




When trying to enter a setpoint in the "Controller off" operating mode, a notification window shows "Controller mode is OFF!". Press the operating button to confirm with "Ok" and change the operating mode to "Fixed value" (chap. 6.2.1).

#### **Temperature setting**

To enter the temperature setpoint, go to Menu > Setpoints > Temperature setpoint



Entry menu "Temperature setpoint".

Select each number with the operating button and press the operating button to confirm.

Setting range: 20 °C / 68 °F up to 60 °C / 140 °F. Press the "Ok" button to confirm.

When entering a value outside the setting range, the message "invalid value" appears. Press the operating button to confirm with "Ok" and repeat the entry with a correct value.

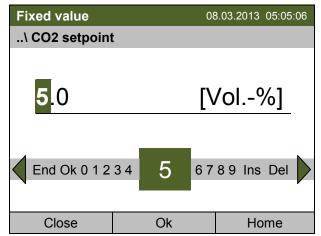
Go back to the initial view with "Home" or enter the CO<sub>2</sub> concentration.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 54/144



#### Setting the CO<sub>2</sub> concentration

To enter the CO<sub>2</sub> setpoint, go to Menu > Setpoints > CO<sub>2</sub> setpoint



Entry menu "CO2 setpoint".

Select each number with the operating button and press the operating button to confirm.

Setting range: 0 vol.-% up to 20 vol.-%.

Press the "Ok" button to confirm.

When entering a value outside the setting range, the message "invalid value" appears. Press the operating button to confirm with "Ok" and repeat the entry with a correct value.

Go back to the initial view with "Home" or enter the O<sub>2</sub> concentration (unit with O<sub>2</sub> control).

### Setting the O<sub>2</sub> concentration (unit with O<sub>2</sub> control)

To enter the O<sub>2</sub> setpoint, go to *Menu* > *Setpoints* > *O2 setpoint* 



Entry menu "O2 setpoint".

Select each number with the operating button and press the operating button to confirm.

Setting range: 0.2 vol.-% up to 95 vol.-%.

Press the "Ok" button to confirm.

When entering a value outside the setting range, the message "invalid value" appears. Press the operating button to confirm with "Ok" and repeat the entry with a correct value.

Go back to the initial view with "Home".

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 55/144



# 8. Key lock

The key lock function serves to block the access to the controller. When the "key lock" function is activated, the controller remains in the actual view and can only be changed when entering the current password.

To configure the key lock function, go to *User > Key lock* 



"User" menu.
Select "Key lock"
and press the operating button.



Submenu "Key lock".
Select the desired function and press the operating button.

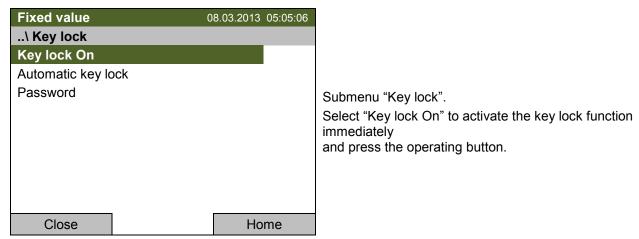
Key lock On	The key lock is directly activated
Automatic key lock	The key lock is activated automatically after a defined waiting time
Password	Change password for unlocking. Factory setting: 0000

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 56/144



### 8.1 Directly activating the key lock

To directly activate the key lock, go to User > Key lock > Key lock On





This symbol on the controller displays indicates that the "key lock" function is activated.

The controller remains in the initial view and may be operated only after entering the current password.



Entry menu "Key lock password".

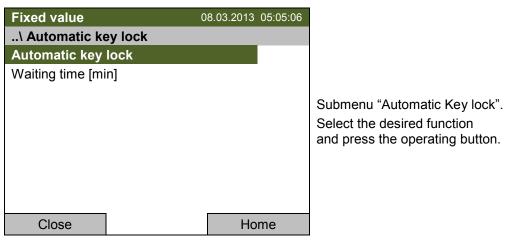
Enter the password with the operating button.

Factory setting is 0000

Press the "Ok" button to confirm.

# 8.2 Automatic key lock

To configure the automatic key lock, go to *User > Key lock > Automatic key lock* 



CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 57/144



Under "Waiting time [min]" you can enter the waiting time, after which the key lock will be automatically activated. This time starts running off after the last entry to the controller. To enter it, go to User > Key lock > Automatic key lock > Waiting time [min]



Entry menu "Waiting time".

Enter the desired interval with the operating button. This interval starts running off after the last action on the controller. If the automatic key lock function is enabled, it will become active after this time.

Factory setting: 1 minute.

Press the "Ok" button to confirm.

To activate the automatic key lock function with the pre-configured waiting time, select User > Key lock > Automatic key lock > Automatic key lock



Submenu "Automatic Key lock On/Off".

The current setting is displayed.

To change the setting, press the operating button.

"Automatic Key lock : On" = Automatic key lock function activated. The time set under "Waiting time" begins running off.

"Automatic Key lock : Off" = Automatic key lock function deactivated

Now the waiting time starts running off.

Go back to the initial view with "Home".

Fixed value	ed value 08.03.2013 05:05:		03.2013 05:05:06
		Setpoint	Actual value
Temperature	[°C]	37.0	37.2
CO2 [Vol	%]	5.0	5.0
Humidity [%	∕₀rH]		85.5
<b>&gt;•</b> 4			
User	Qui	ck menu	Menu

Initial view.

As soon as the waiting period has expired, the "key lock" symbol is displayed.

The controller remains in the initial view and may be operated only after entering the current password.

After further entries to the controller, the waiting period begins running again, since the automatic keylock function remains active until turning it off manually.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 58/144

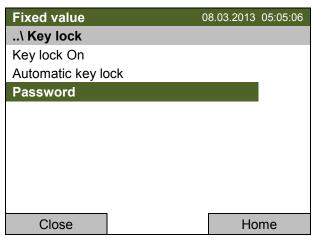




This symbol on the controller displays indicates that the "key lock" function is activated.

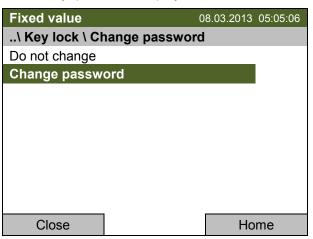
### 8.3 Changing the password for unlocking the key lock

To change the password for unlocking the key lock, go to User > Key lock > Password

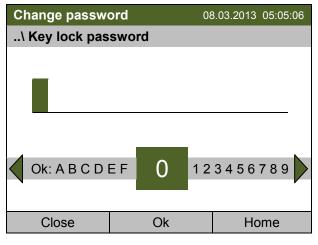


Submenu "Key lock". Select "Password" and press the operating button.

A security question is displayed:



Submenu "Change password". To change the password, select "Change password" and press the operating button.



Entry menu "Key lock password".

Enter the desired password with the operating button. Factory setting is 0000

Press the "Ok" button to confirm.



Keep well in mind any password modification. Without the correct password, unlocking the key lock is impossible.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 59/144



# 9. General controller settings

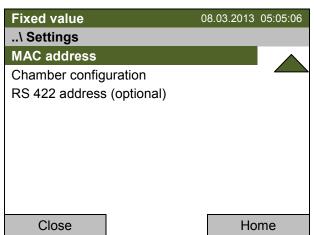
In the "Settings" submenu, you can enter the date and time, select the language for the menus and the desired temperature unit, perform the configuration for the controller's communication functions, and reset the controller to factory settings.

To access the "Settings" submenu, go to Menu > Settings



Submenu "Settings".

Turn the operating button to see additional menu items.



Submenu "Settings" (next page).

Setup wizard	Chap. 10.1	
Date and time	Setting date and time, chap. 10.2	
Sprache, Language, Langue, Idioma, Lingua	Selecting the controller's menu language, chap. 10.3	
Display brightness	Adjusting display brightness by turning the operating button	
Temperature unit	Selecting the temperature unit, chap.10.5	
Recording rate	Defining the recording rate for data storage, chap. 10.6	
Factory reset	Factory reset, chap. 10.7	
Network settings	Network configuration, chap. 10.8	
MAC address	Displaying the MAC address, chap. 10.10	
Chamber configuration	Menu for Service purpose – Entering chamber data like the serial no., service information	
RS 422 address (optional)	Setting the RS 422 unit address(with option RS422 interface), chap. 10.11	

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 60/144



### 9.1 Setup wizard

The setup wizard will guide you sequentially through the important menus to configure your chamber

- Menu language
- Device name
- · Date and time
- IP address
- Subnet mask
- Network name
- Gateway
- DNS 1
- DNS 2

Then the controller returns to the initial view.



Use the setup wizard only if you want to enter all the requested information, as no item can be skipped.



You can configure the network settings (IP address, and the following) only if the DHCP status is Off, otherwise the DHCP server would assign the network configuration.

If you try configuring any network settings (i.e., when reaching item "IP address" in the setup wizard) while DHCP is enabled, the message "DHCP enabled!" is shown. After confirming with Ok the Setup wizard is cancelled and the controller returns to the initial display. Any settings made so far remain valid.

### 9.2 Date and time settings

To access the date and time settings, go to Menu > Settings > Date and time



Submenu "Date and time".
Select the desired function
and press the operating button.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 61/144



#### Function "Set date"

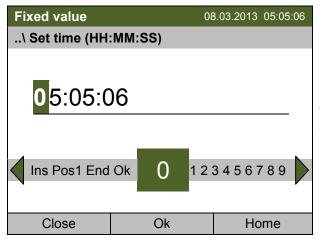


Entry menu "Select date".

The current date is shown. If it is incorrect, enter the correct date with the operating button.

Press the "Ok" button to confirm.

#### Function "Set time"



Entry menu "Set time".

The current time is shown. If it is incorrect, enter the correct time with the operating button.

Press the "Ok" button to confirm.

There is no automatic switch to local light-saving times because this could lead to problems with data seeming to be missing or being overwritten in the data base.

Go back to the "Settings" menu with "Close" or to the initial view with "Home".

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 62/144



### 9.3 Selecting the menu language of the T4.12 controller

The T4.12 chamber controller communicates via a comprehensible menu navigation in plain text in a selectable language.

To select the desired menu language, go to

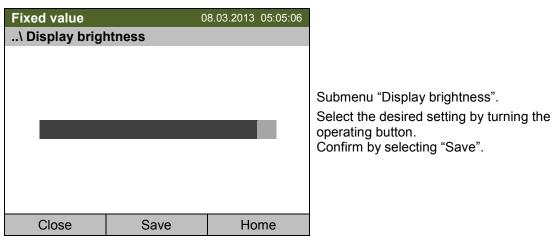
Menu > Settings > Sprache, Language, Langue, Idioma, Lingua



Go back to the "Settings" menu with "Close" or to the initial view with "Home".

### 9.4 Setting display brightness

To select the display brightness, go to Menu > Settings > Display brightness



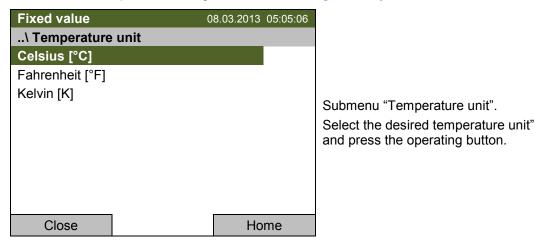
Go back to the "Settings" menu with "Close" or confirm the change with "Save": The controller returns to the initial view.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 63/144



### 9.5 Changing the temperature unit

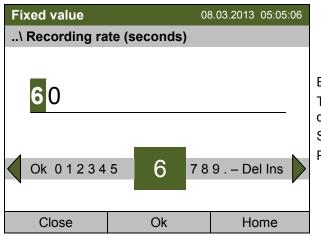
To select the temperature unit, go to Menu > Settings > Temperature unit



Go back to the "Settings" menu with "Close" or to the initial view with "Home".

### 9.6 Defining the data recording rate

To define the recording rate for data storage on the SD card, go to Menu > Settings > Recording rate



Entry menu "Recording rate".

The current recording rate is shown. Enter the desired value with the operating button.

Shortest possible value: 60 seconds.

Press the "Ok" button to confirm.

Go back to the "Settings" menu with "Close" or to the initial view with "Home".

#### Note:

After a period of 3 years, the controller starts overwriting the oldest values on the storage medium. This is independent of the selected storage interval and the actual operating time of the chamber. In any case, the data can be read out at any time using the function "Export to USB drive" (chap. 11.1) and stored externally.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 64/144



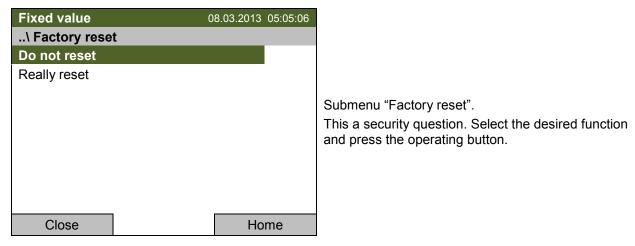
### 9.7 Factory reset

The "factory reset" function allows resetting the controller configuration to the factory settings.



**Risk of data loss!** When resetting to factory settings, all controller settings will be deleted. The event list and stored measuring data are NOT affected.

To access the "Factory reset" function, go to Menu > Settings > Factory reset



Go back to the "Settings" menu with "Close" or to the initial view with "Home".

### 9.8 Network configuration

The settings of this submenu are required for networking chambers with an Ethernet interface, e.g. to connect them with BINDER's communication software APT-COM™ 3 DataControlSystem.

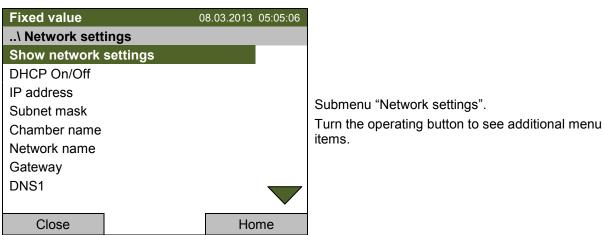
You can display the chamber's IP address that has been assigned by your DHCP server or manually assign the IP address. All necessary configurations for networking the chamber are available in this menu.

To view and configure the network settings, go to Menu > Settings > Network settings



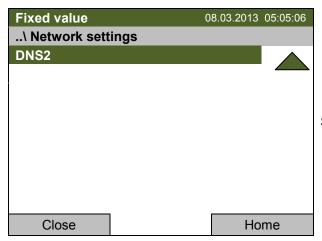
To configure the network settings, the DHCP state must be set to off. Otherwise, the DHCP-server would assign the network configuration.

If you try to configure the network settings with enabled DHCP state, the message "DHCP enabled!" is shown. Confirm with "Ok" to return to the "Network settings" menu.



CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 65/144

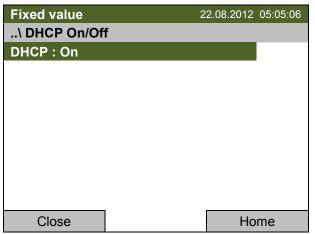




Submenu "Network settings" (next page).

Show network settings	Overview of the entire network configuration
DHCP On/Off	Switching on and off the DHCP state
IP address	Entering the desired IP address
Subnet mask	Entering the subnet mask number
Chamber name	Entering the name of the CO <sub>2</sub> incubator
Network name	Entering the network name
Gateway	Entering the gateway number
DNS1	Entering the DNS1 number
DNS2	Entering the DNS2 number

### Set the DHCP State on/off:



Submenu "DHCP On/Off".

The current DHCP state is displayed. Press the operating button to change it.

Then the new DHCP state is displayed

"DHCP: On" = DHCP state activated "DHCP: Off" = DHCP state deactivated

Go back to the "Network settings" menu with "Close" or to the initial view with "Home".

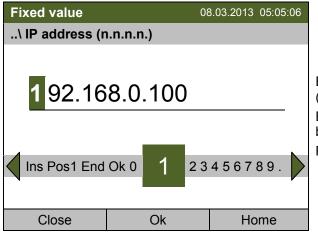


You can only configure the following network settings if the DHCP state is set to "Off".

Page 66/144 CB (E6) 09/2013



#### Enter the IP address:



Entry menu "IP address" (example value)

Enter the desired IP address with the operating button.

Press the "Ok" button to confirm.

Go back to the "Network settings" menu with "Close" or to the initial view with "Home".

#### Enter the subnet mask:



Entry menu "Subnet mask" (example value)

Enter the desired net mask with the operating button.

Press the "Ok" button to confirm.

Go back to the "Network settings" menu with "Close" or to the initial view with "Home".

#### Enter the chamber name:



Entry menu "Chamber name".

Enter the desired chamber name with the operating button.

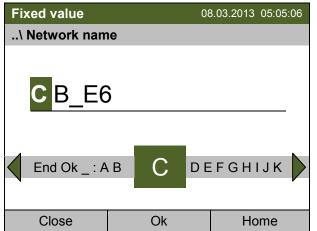
Press the "Ok" button to confirm.

Go back to the "Network settings" menu with "Close" or to the initial view with "Home".

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 67/144



#### Enter the network name:



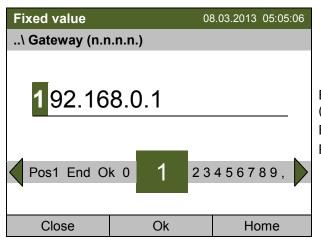
Entry menu "Network name".

Enter the desired network name with the operating button.

Press the "Ok" button to confirm.

Go back to the "Network settings" menu with "Close" or to the initial view with "Home".

#### Enter the default gateway:

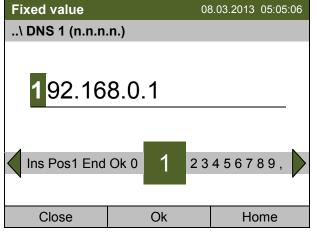


Entry menu "Gateway" (example value)

Enter the desired gateway with the operating button. Press the "Ok" button to confirm.

Go back to the "Network settings" menu with "Close" or to the initial view with "Home".

#### Enter the DNS 1 or DNS 2:



Entry menu "DNS 1" or "DNS 2" (example value)

Enter the desired number with the operating button. Press the "Ok" button to confirm.

Go back to the "Network settings" menu with "Close" or to the initial view with "Home".

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 68/144



### 9.9 Display of the network configuration

To access the overview of the complete network configuration, go to Menu > Settings > Network settings > Show network settings

Fixed value	08.03.2013 05:05:06
\ Show network settings	
DHCP	Off
IP address	192.168.0.100
Net mask	255.255.255.0
Gateway	192.168.0.1
DNS1	192.168.0.1
DNS2	0.0.0.0
Chamber name	CB_E6
BIOS name	CB_E6
Close	Home

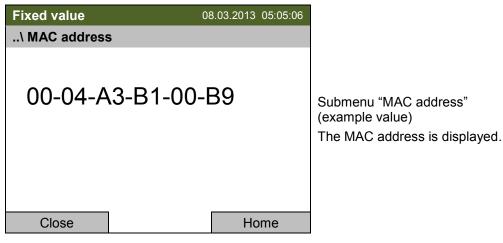
Overview of the network configuration (sample values)

Go back to the "Network settings" menu with "Close" or to the initial view with "Home".

### 9.10 MAC Address

To identify the chamber in the Ethernet network you can display the chamber's MAC address.

To display the chamber's MAC address, go to Menu > Settings > MAC address



Go back to the "Settings" menu with "Close" or to the initial view with "Home".

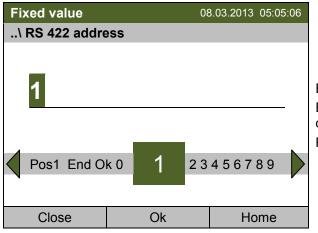
CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 69/144



### 9.11 RS 422 address (with optional RS 422 interface)

For chambers equipped with the optional RS 422 interface, the RS 422 address serves to identify the chamber in a network and to establish communication with the optional BINDER communication software APT-COM™ 3 DataControlSystem. The factory default setting is "1".

To enter the RS 422 unit address, go to Menu > Settings > RS 422 address (optional)



Entry menu "RS 422 address".

Enter the desired address (1 up to 254) with the operating button.

Press the "Ok" button to confirm.

Go back to the "Settings" menu with "Close" or to the initial view with "Home".

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 70/144

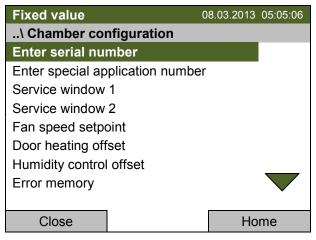


### 9.12 Display and entry of the device configuration - for service purpose

Information about the chamber, such as chamber type, name, serial number, firmware version, etc. can be viewed under *Menu* > *System information* (chap. 6.7).

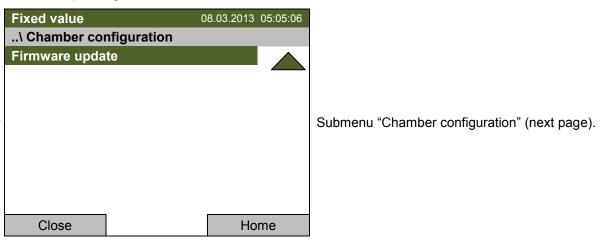
To access the device configuration menu, go to Menu > Settings > Chamber configuration

This menu is password protected and only intended for Service purpose.



Submenu "Chamber configuration".

Turn the operating button to see additional menu items.



After selecting the desired function, the service password is requested in order to deny unauthorized access.

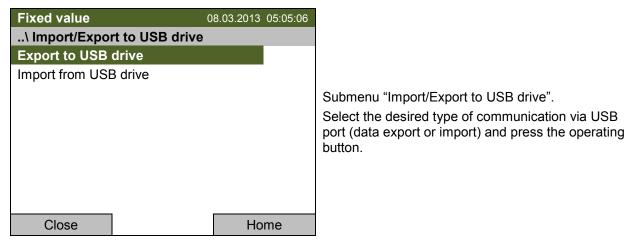
CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 71/144



### 10. Data transfer via USB interface

The USB port is located in the instrument box.

To access the submenus for data transfer, go to Menu > Import/Export



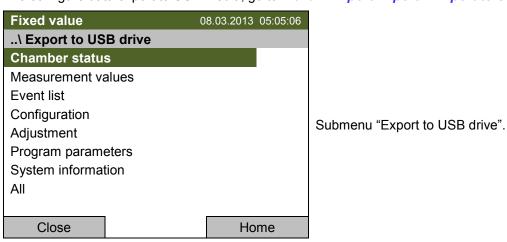


It is possible that some USB devices are not recognized due to compatibility issues. In this case, please use a USB storage device from a different manufacturer.

### 10.1 Exporting data to USB drive

Insert the USB stick or the plug of your USB drive into the USB port in the instrument box.

To configure data export to USB media, go to Menu > Import/Export > Export to USB drive



Select the desired data type and press the operating button. Data is written to the connected media.

Chamber status	Actual chamber status, including operating mode, setpoints etc.
Measurement values	Measured data
Event list	List of status information and errors (see chap. 13)
Configuration	(Service only)
Adjustment	Adjustment data
Program parameters	(Service only)
System information	(Service only)
All	All data,

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 72/144





If no USB device has been connected, the message "Insert USB device" is displayed. It disappears after inserting the USB stick or the plug of your USB drive into the USB port in the instrument box.

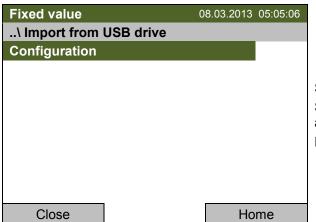


This symbol on the controller displays indicates that data are being transmitted via the USB port.

#### 10.2 Importing data from USB drive

Insert the USB stick or the plug of your USB drive into the USB port in the instrument box.

To configure data import from USB media, go to Menu > Import/Export > Import from USB drive



Submenu "Import from USB drive".

Select "Configuration"
and press the operating button.

Data is read from the connected media.

Configuration (Service only)



If no USB device has been connected, the message "Insert USB device" is displayed. It disappears after inserting the USB stick or the plug of your USB drive into the USB port in the instrument box.



This symbol on the controller displays indicates that data are being transmitted via the USB port.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 73/144



## 11. Notifications and Alarms

## 11.1 Notifications overview

Icon	Signification	Icon	Signification
<b>&gt;•</b> 4	Fixed value operation	N. O <sub>2</sub>	$O_2/N_2$ control deactivated. No $O_2$ concentration alarms will occur. (unit with $O_2$ control)
<u>&gt;&gt;&gt;</u>	Heating active	3	CO <sub>2</sub> pressure alarm deactivated
-0	Key lock activated	ø	O <sub>2</sub> pressure alarm deactivated (unit with O <sub>2</sub> control)
USB	Copying data via USB	Z	N <sub>2</sub> pressure alarm deactivated (unit with O <sub>2</sub> control)
₽?	Interior socket turned on (with option interior socket)		

Icon	Notifying message	Signification
STE	DO NOT OPEN THE DOOR!	Hot air sterilization running
STE	STERILIZATION FINISHED	Hot air sterilization successful  The inner chamber and parts inside can still be hot. Do not touch.
STE	STERILIZATION ABORTED	Hot air sterilization cancelled  The inner chamber and parts inside can still be hot. Do not touch.

## 11.2 Alarm messages overview

Icon	Alarm message	Signification
	Safety controller overtemperature	Overtemperature safety controller alarm (class 3.1): selected value of the safety controller exceeded.
	Temp. range	Having reached the setpoint, the temperature deviates by more than the set tolerance range value (chap. 12.4.6) and longer than 10 min. from the setpoint <i>or</i> the temperature doesn't reach the tolerance range within 3 hours from turning on the unit or closing the door
CO <sub>2</sub>	CO2 range	Having reached the setpoint, the $CO_2$ concentration deviates by more than the set tolerance range value (chap. 12.4.6) and longer than 10 min. from the setpoint $or$ the $CO_2$ concentration doesn't reach the tolerance range within 3 hours from turning on the unit or closing the door
02	O2 range	Having reached the setpoint, the $O_2$ concentration deviates by more than the set tolerance range value (chap. 12.4.6) and longer than 10 min. from the setpoint $or$ the $O_2$ concentration doesn't reach the tolerance range within 3 hours from turning on the unit or closing the door (unit with $O_2$ control)

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 74/144



Icon	Alarm message	Signification
	Humidity range	After the humidity was situated within the defined tolerance range (chap. 12.4.6) it deviates longer than 10 min. from the tolerance range <b>or</b> the humidity doesn't reach the tolerance range within 3 hours from turning on the unit or closing the door
	Door open	Door is open for more than the set alarm delay time (chap. 12.4.5, factory setting: 1 minute). Close the door.
CO <sub>2</sub>	Low pressure CO2	Low CO <sub>2</sub> outlet pressure (< 0.3 bar)
02	Low pressure CO2	Low O <sub>2</sub> outlet pressure (< 0.3 bar) (unit with O <sub>2</sub> control)
N <sub>2</sub>	Low pressure N2	Low N <sub>2</sub> outlet pressure (< 0.3 bar) (unit with O <sub>2</sub> control)
CO <sub>2</sub>	CO2 sensor defective	CO <sub>2</sub> sensor defective. Contact BINDER Service.
$0_2^{\sim}$	O2 sensor defective	O <sub>2</sub> sensor defective. Contact BINDER Service.
CO <sub>2</sub>	Inform service - adjust CO2 sensor	CO <sub>2</sub> sensor adjustment required. Contact BINDER Service.

You can activate / deactivate the buzzer in the "Alarms" submenu (chap. 12.4.3).

With an activated buzzer there is an **audible alert** with an alarm. You can reset it in the "Alarms" submenu for alarm acknowledgement pressing the "Reset" button (chap. 12.3). The alarm symbol will only disappear when the cause of the alarm has been remedied.

The **zero-voltage relay alarm contact** (chap. 12.5) is activated in case of the alarm messages "door open" and deviations of temperature and gas concentrations) as well as in case of a power failure and turning off the incubator at its main power switch.

For appropriate actions in the event of an alarm, please refer to chap. 23 "Troubleshooting".

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 75/144



#### 11.3 Alarm status

An alarm message can appear in 3 different states:

#### "Set"

- Active alarm.
- The corresponding alarm icon is displayed in the initial view The buzzer sounds (if activated).
- The "Info" button in the initial view leads to the "Alarms" submenu for alarm acknowledgement.
- Press the "Reset" button in the "Alarms" submenu for alarm acknowledgement to mute the buzzer and confirm the alarm.

#### "Acknowledged"

- · Active alarm.
- The alarm was acknowledged. The buzzer is off.
- The alarm cause is still valid. Therefore, the alarm icon remains displayed in the initial view.
- The alarm message figures in the list of active alarms.

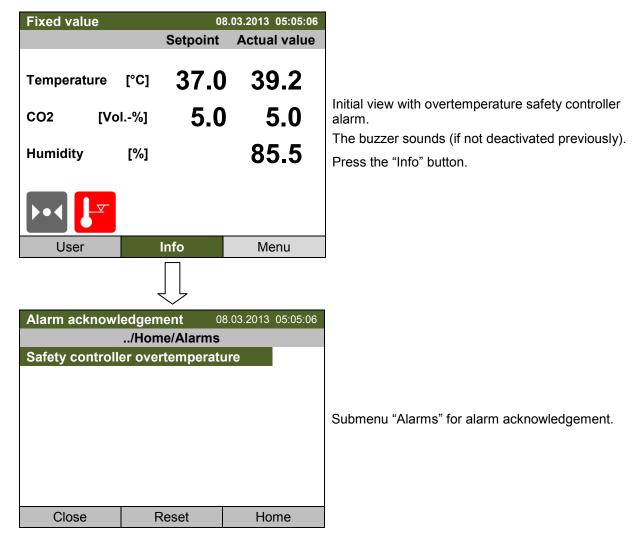
#### "Cleared"

- The alarm cause has disappeared.
- The alarm icon is not displayed any longer
- The alarm message has disappeared from the list of active alarms.
- The alarm message remains in the "Event list" for information.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 76/144



## 11.4 Confirming an active "set" alarm



Press the "Reset" button to confirm the alarm. If there is another active "set" alarm, you can also confirm it with the "Reset" button. After confirming all active "set" alarms, the buzzer is off, and the initial view is displayed.

As long as an alarm is still active, i.e. as long as the alarm cause is still valid, the alarm icon continues to be displayed in the initial view.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 77/144



## 11.5 Alarm configuration and overview

To access the alarm lists and configuration menu, go to Menu > Alarms



Submenu "Alarm".
Select the desired function and press the operating button.

Active Alarms	List of the alarms with status "set" or "confirmed".
History	List of all alarms (status "set" or "confirmed " or "cleared")
Buzzer test	Testing the alarm buzzer, chap. 12.4.3
Buzzer On/Off	Activating / deactivating the alarm buzzer, chap. 12.4.3
Alarms On/Off	Activating / deactivating the alarm functions. Off: Alarm buzzer off, no alarm icons displayed.
Door alarm delay	Entering the delay time of the door alarm
Tolerance ranges	Defining the tolerance ranges and alarm delay times for the individual parameters

#### 11.5.1 List of active alarms

To access the overview list of active alarms, go to Menu > Alarms > Active alarms



If no alarm is active ("set" or "acknowledged"), no message will be displayed in this window.

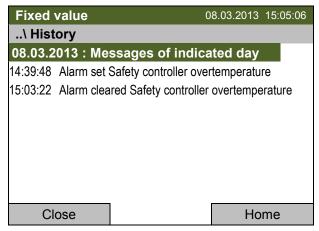
CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 78/144



#### 11.5.2 History - list of all alarms

To access the overview list of all alarms, go to Menu > Alarms > History

This list indicates the moment when an alarm was set and when cleared.



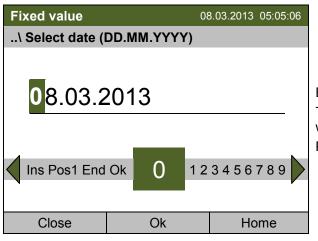
Submenu "History" (example).

The list shows when the alarms of the current day were triggered and when cleared. The most recent message appears at the end of the list.

The information that an alarm has been acknowledged is shown in the event list.

When there is more information than one page, you can scroll the list in both directions with the operating button.

To select a different date, select "Messages of indicated day" and press the operating button. You can enter the desired date through an entry menu.



Entry menu "Select date".

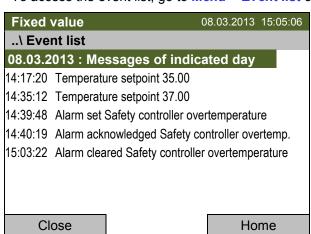
The current date is shown. Enter the desired date with the operating button.

Press the "Ok" button to confirm.

The alarm list of the selected date is displayed.

The entire sequence of the alarm events (set – acknowledged – cleared) is shown in the event list (chap. 13).

To access the event list, go to Menu > Event list or User > View event list



Submenu "Event list" (example).

The events and alarm messages of the current day are displayed. The most recent message appears at the end of the list.

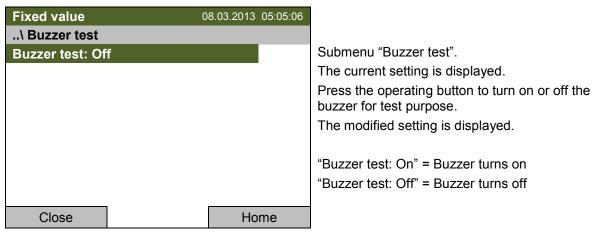
CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 79/144



#### 11.5.3 Activating, deactivating, and testing the alarm buzzer

#### Alarm buzzer test

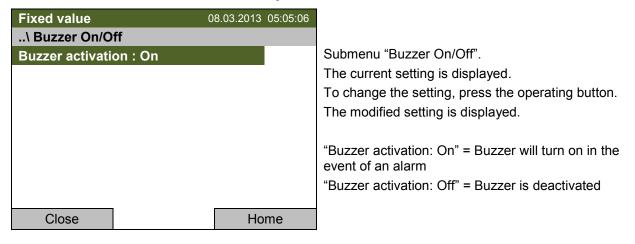
To access the alarm buzzer functional test, go to Menu > Alarms > Buzzer test



When turned on, the alarm buzzer emits an intermittent signal. To turn this off, change the test function to "Buzzer test: Off".

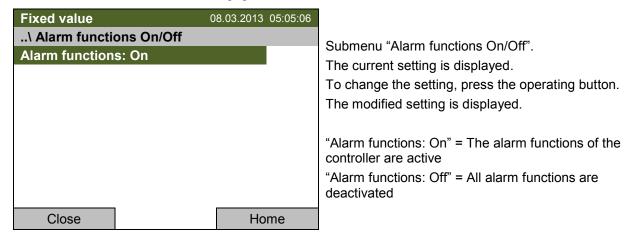
#### Activating / deactivating the alarm buzzer

To activate or deactivate the alarm buzzer, go to Menu > Alarms > Buzzer On/Off



#### 11.5.4 Activating / deactivating all alarm functions

To access the alarm function setting, go to Menu > Alarms > Alarms On/Off

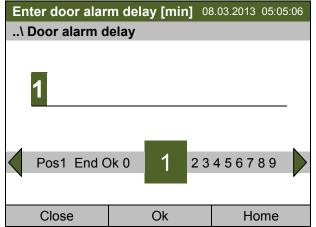


CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 80/144



#### 11.5.5 Setting the delay time after opening the door

To enter the delay time for the door open alarm, go to Menu > Alarms > Door alarm delay



Entry menu "Door alarm delay"

Enter the desired delay time in minutes with the operating button.

Setting range: 1 up to 999

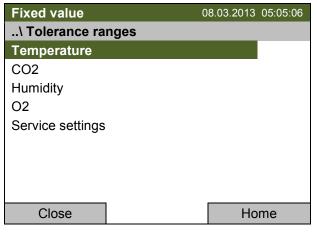
Press the "Ok" button to confirm.

When entering a value outside the setting range, the message "invalid value" appears. Press the operating button to confirm with "Ok" and repeat the entry with a correct value.

#### 11.5.6 Tolerance ranges and alarm delay times

- For **temperature**, **CO**<sub>2</sub>, **and O**<sub>2</sub> you can enter a value which defines a tolerance range around the setpoint value. Example: Temperature setpoint: 37 °C, tolerance range value: ±2 °C, i.e. this defines a tolerance range from 35 °C up to 39 °C. If the actual value, after having reached the setpoint, deviates by more than the set tolerance range value and longer than 10 min. from the setpoint *or* the temperature doesn't reach the tolerance range within 3 hours from turning on the unit or closing the door, tolerance alarm is triggered.
- For **humidity** you can enter an upper and a lower tolerance range value. These are absolute values which define the tolerance range. If the humidity, after being situated within the tolerance range, deviates longer than 10 min. from the tolerance range **or** if it doesn't reach the tolerance range within 3 hours from turning on the unit or closing the door, tolerance range alarm is triggered.

To define the tolerance ranges and the alarm delay times for the individual parameters, go to **Menu > Alarms > Tolerance ranges** 



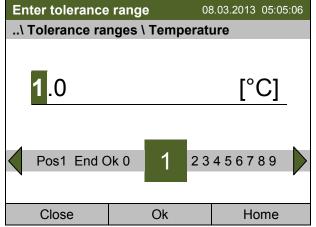
Submenu "Tolerance ranges". Select the desired parameter and press the operating button.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 81/144



#### **Temperature**

First you can enter the desired value of the temperature tolerance range:

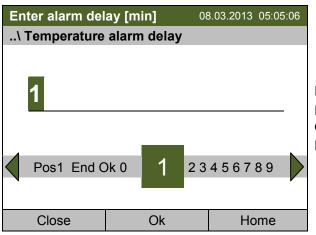


Entry menu "Temperature".

Enter the desired value of the temperature tolerance range with the operating button.

Press the "Ok" button to confirm.

Then you can enter the delay time for the temperature tolerance range alarm:



Entry menu "Temperature alarm delay"

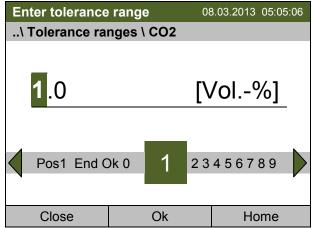
Enter the desired delay time in minutes with the operating button.

Press the "Ok" button to confirm.

When entering a value outside the setting range, the message "invalid value" appears. Press the operating button to confirm with "Ok" and repeat the entry with a correct value.

#### CO<sub>2</sub>

First you can enter the desired value of the CO<sub>2</sub> tolerance range:



Entry menu "CO2".

Enter the desired value of the CO<sub>2</sub> tolerance range with the operating button.

Setting range: 0 vol.-% up to 100 vol.-%

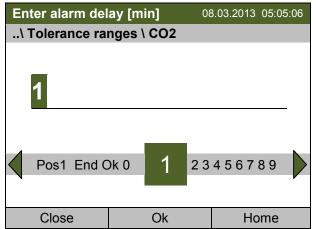
Press the "Ok" button to confirm.

When entering a value outside the setting range, the message "invalid value" appears. Press the operating button to confirm with "Ok" and repeat the entry with a correct value.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 82/144



Then you can enter the delay time for the CO<sub>2</sub> tolerance range alarm:



Entry menu "CO2"

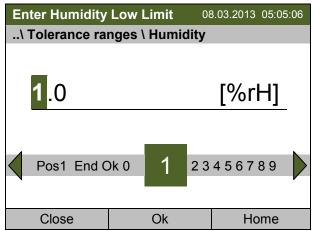
Enter the desired delay time in minutes with the operating button.

Press the "Ok" button to confirm.

When entering a value outside the setting range, the message "invalid value" appears. Press the operating button to confirm with "Ok" and repeat the entry with a correct value.

#### Humidity

First you can enter the lower value of the humidity tolerance range:



Entry menu "Humidity".

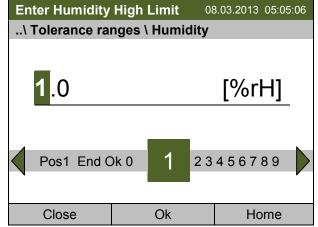
Enter the desired value for the lower value of the humidity tolerance range with the operating button.

Setting range: 0 % r.H. up to 100 % r.H.

Press the "Ok" button to confirm.

When entering a value outside the setting range, the message "invalid value" appears. Press the operating button to confirm with "Ok" and repeat the entry with a correct value.

Then you can enter the upper value of the humidity tolerance range:



Entry menu "Humidity".

Enter the desired value for the upper value of the humidity tolerance range with the operating button.

Setting range: 0 % r.H. up to 100 % r.H.

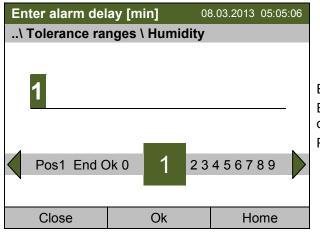
Press the "Ok" button to confirm.

When entering a value outside the setting range, the message "invalid value" appears. Press the operating button to confirm with "Ok" and repeat the entry with a correct value.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 83/144



Then you can enter the delay time for the humidity tolerance range alarm:



Entry menu "Humidity"

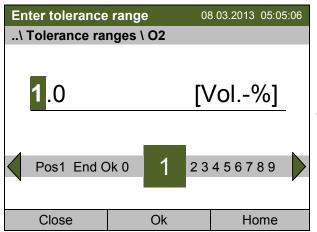
Enter the desired delay time in minutes with the operating button.

Press the "Ok" button to confirm.

When entering a value outside the setting range, the message "invalid value" appears. Press the operating button to confirm with "Ok" and repeat the entry with a correct value.

## O<sub>2</sub> (unit with O<sub>2</sub> control)

First you can enter the desired value of the CO<sub>2</sub> tolerance range:



Entry menu "O2".

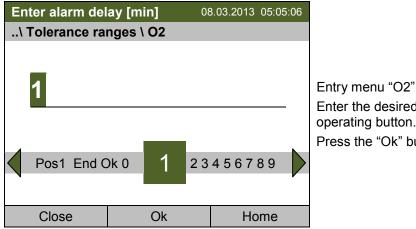
Enter the desired value for the O<sub>2</sub> tolerance range with the operating button.

Setting range: 0 vol.-% up to 100 vol.-%

Press the "Ok" button to confirm.

When entering a value outside the setting range, the message "invalid value" appears. Press the operating button to confirm with "Ok" and repeat the entry with a correct value.

Then you can enter the delay time for the  $O_2$  tolerance range alarm:



Enter the desired delay time in minutes with the operating button.

Press the "Ok" button to confirm.

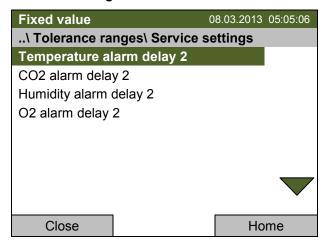
When entering a value outside the setting range, the message "invalid value" appears. Press the operating button to confirm with "Ok" and repeat the entry with a correct value.

Go back to the initial view with "Home".

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 84/144



## Service settings



Submenu "Service settings".

Access to the following submenus is password-protected and for service purpose only.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 85/144



## 11.6 Zero-voltage relay alarm output

The CO<sub>2</sub> incubator is equipped with a zero-voltage relay output which permits the transmission of some alarm messages to a central monitoring system.

The connection is realized as a DIN socket (9) on the unit rear. A suitable DIN plug is enclosed.

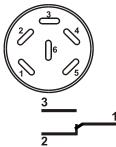
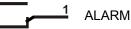


Figure 16: Pin configuration of the DIN socket (9) on the unit rear



Pin 1: Pole, Pin 2: Break relay, Pin 3: Make contact

In case there is no alarm, contact 1 closes with contact 3.

Closing contact 1 with contact 2 switches the zero-voltage relay alarm output.

Maximum loading capacity of the switching contacts: 24V AC/DC - 2.5A



## **DANGER**

Electrical hazard.

Danger of death.

Damage to switching contacts and connection socket.

- Ø Do NOT exceed the maximum switching load of 24V AC/DC − 2.5A.
- Ø Do NOT connect any devices with a higher loading capacity.

The zero-voltage relay alarm output switches at the following events:

Displayed icon	Error / event when icon is displayed	Switching the alarm contact
	Power failure	immediately
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Tolerance range alarm of temperature, CO <sub>2</sub> , O <sub>2</sub> (unit with O <sub>2</sub> control) or humidity	after 10 min from error
	Door open for more than the set alarm delay time (chap. 12.4.5, factory setting: 1 minute)	after 10 minutes from door opening

In case of a tolerance range alarm or a door open alarm, the alarm message on the controller display remains on during the alarm transmission via the zero-voltage relay outputs.

As soon as the cause of the alarm is identified and resolved, you can reset the alarm transmission via the zero-voltage relay outputs together with the alarm message on the controller display by hitting the "RESET" key.

In case of a power failure, transmission of the alarm via zero-voltage relay outputs remains active for the duration of the power failure. After power returns, contact 1 closes automatically with contact 3.



When using the communication software APT-COM™ 3 DataControlSystem (option, chap. 17.1) via the Ethernet interface or optional RS 422 interface of the CO2 incubator for data acquisition, only the alarm message is recorded in the APT-COM™ protocol.

Set the tolerance limits for limit alarms by APT-COM™ 3 separately in the APT-COM™ 3 measuring window.

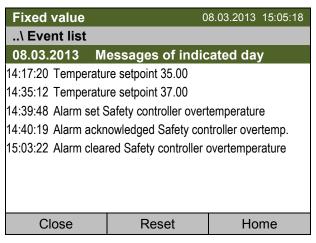
CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 86/144



#### **12**. **Event list**

The "Event list" displays status information and errors of the current day. You can also access the events of past days.

To access the event list, go to Menu > Event list or User > View event list



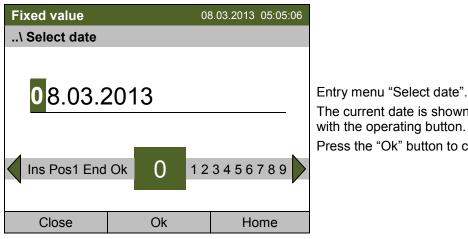
Submenu "Event list" (example).

The events of the current day are displayed. The most recent message appears at the end of the list.

If you want to acknowledge an active alarm, proceed as described in chap. 12.3.

When there is more information than one page, you can scroll the event list in both directions with the operating button.

To select a different date, select "Messages of indicated day" and press the operating button. You can enter the desired date through an entry menu.



The current date is shown. Enter the desired date with the operating button.

Press the "Ok" button to confirm.

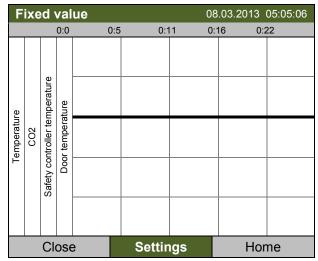
The event list of the selected date is displayed.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 87/144

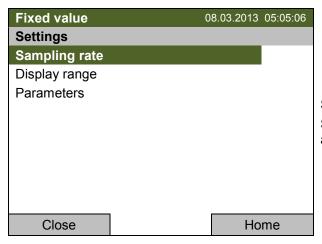


## 13. Graphical display of the measured values

To access the graphical display, go to Menu > Measurement chart



Measurement chart view (sample view). Press the "Settings" button.



Submenu "Settings".
Select the desired function and press the operating button.

## 13.1 Setting the sampling rate

To define the sampling rate, go to Menu > Measurement chart > Settings > Sampling rate



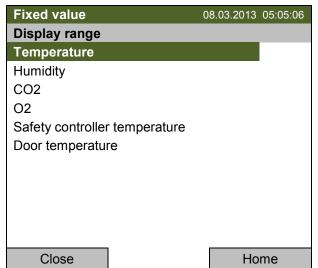
Submenu "Sampling rate". Select the desired interval and press the operating button.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 88/144

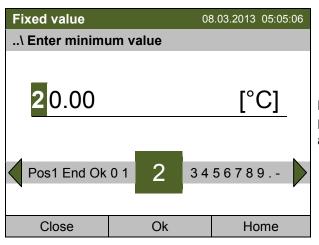


## 13.2 Defining the display range

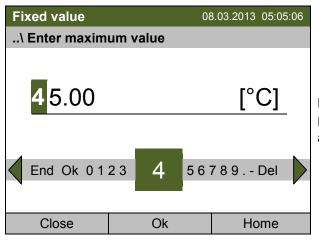
To define the display range, go to Menu > Measurement chart > Settings > Display range



Submenu "Display range" (unit with O<sub>2</sub> control). Select the desired parameter and press the operating button.



Entry menu for temperature "Enter minimum value". Enter the desired value with the operating button and press the operating button to confirm.



Entry menu for temperature "Enter maximum value". Enter the desired value with the operating button and press the operating button to confirm.

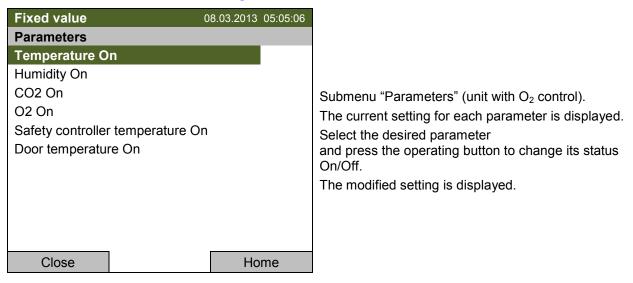
You can now define the view range of the other parameters or press the "Close" button twice to go back to the graphic display.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 89/144



## 13.3 Selecting the parameters

Here you can select the parameters, which shall be displayed graphically. To select the parameters, go to Menu > Measurement chart > Settings > Parameters



Press the "Close" button twice to go back to the graphic display. If any parameter was set to "Off", it will not be included in the graphical display.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 90/144



## 14. Temperature safety devices

#### 14.1 Overtemperature protective device (class 1)

The CO2 incubator is equipped with an internal temperature safety device, class 1 acc. to DIN 12880. It serves to protect the unit and prevents dangerous conditions caused by major defects.

If the actual temperature exceeds the nominal temperature by approx. 10 °C, the over temperature protective device permanently turns off the unit. The user cannot restart the device again. The protective cut-off device is located internally. Only a service specialist can replace it. Therefore, please contact an authorized service provider or BINDER Service.

## 14.2 Overtemperature safety controller (temperature safety device class 3.1)

The chamber is regularly equipped with an electronic overtemperature safety controller (temperature safety device class 3.1 according to DIN 12880).

The overtemperature safety controller serves to protect the CO<sub>2</sub> incubator, its environment and the contents from exceeding the maximum permissible temperature. In the case of an error, it limits the temperature inside the chamber to the entered safety controller setpoint.

Please observe the guideline BGI/GUV-I 850-0 on safe working in laboratories (formerly BGR/GUV-R 120 or ZH 1/119 laboratory guidelines issued by the employers' liability insurance association) (for Germany).

Set the safety controller setpoint by approx. 2 °C above the desired temperature setpoint. Recommended setting: Setpoint type "Offset" with safety controller setpoint 2 °C (factory setting).

The safety controller is functionally and electrically independent of the temperature control system. If an error occurs, it performs a regulatory function.



Check the setting regularly and adjust it following changes of the setpoint or charge.



During a running sterilization (chap. 20.4) the safety controller is non-functional

#### 14.2.1 Safety controller modes

You can select between "Limit (absolute)" and "Offset (relative)" safety controller mode

• Limit: Absolute maximum permitted temperature value

#### Example:

This setting offers high safety as a defined temperature limit will not be exceeded. It is important to adapt the safety controller setpoint after each modification of the temperature setpoint. Otherwise, the limit could be too high to ensure efficient protection, or, in the opposite case, it could prevent the controller from reaching an entered setpoint outside the limit range.

• Offset: Maximum overtemperature above any active temperature setpoint. The maximum temperature changes internally and automatically with every setpoint change.

It is important to check the safety controller setpoint and safety controller mode occasionally, as it does not offer a fix, independent limit temperature value, which would never be exceeded.

Example: Desired temperature value 37 °C, desired safety controller value: 39 °C

Possible settings:

Temperature setpoint	Safety controller mode	Safety controller setpoint
37 °C	Limit (absolute)	39 °C
37 C	Offset (relative)	2 °C

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 91/144



## 14.2.2 Setting the safety controller

To display and to change the current safety controller settings in the "safety controller" submenu, go to Menu > Safety controller

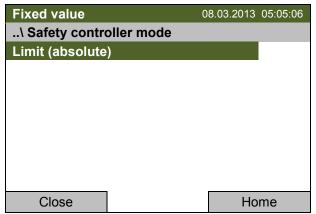
Safety controller mode: selection between Limit (absolute) and Offset (relative)



Submenu "Safety controller"

Select "Mode"

and press the operating button.



Submenu "Safety controller mode".

The current safety controller mode is displayed: "Limit (absolute)" or "Offset (relative)"

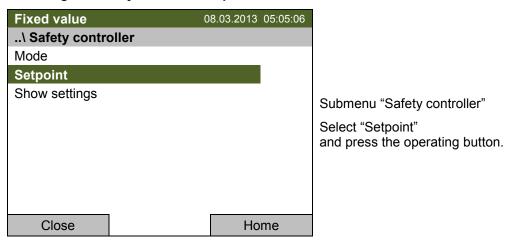
To change the mode, press the operating button.

The modified safety controller mode is displayed.



When changing the safety controller mode, the safety controller setpoint which had been active before in this mode becomes active again.

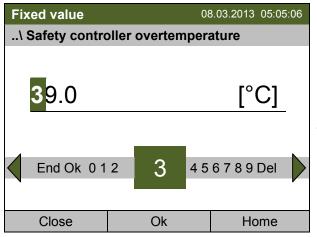
#### Entering the safety controller setpoint



You can also access this submenu to directly enter the safety controller setpoint via Quick menu > Safety controller setpoint

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 92/144





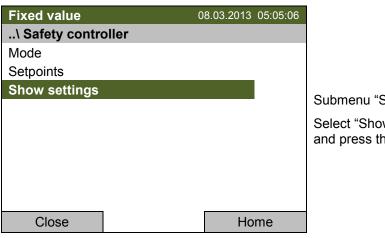
Entry menu "Safety controller overtemperature". Enter the desired value with the operating button and press the operating button to confirm.

Press the "Ok" button to confirm.

Go one level back with the "Close" button or back to the initial view with "Home".

#### Overview of the current settings

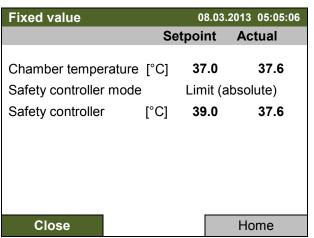
You can check the current settings of the safety controller:



Submenu "Safety controller"

Select "Show settings" and press the operating button.

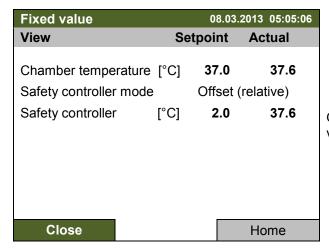
The overview display shows the setpoints and actual values of the main temperature controller and the safety controller and indicates the safety controller mode.



Overview display with "Limit" mode (example values)

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 93/144





Overview display with "Offset" mode (example values)

Go back to the initial view with "Home".

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 94/144



## 15. Options

## 15.1 Communication software APT-COM™ 3 DataControlSystem (option)

The unit is regularly equipped with an Ethernet interface (6) that can connect the BINDER communication software APT-COM™ 3 DataControlSystem. The MAC Address is indicated below the Ethernet interface. The actual temperature, and gas concentration values are given in adjustable intervals. Up to 30 chambers with RS 422 interface can be cross linked. For further information, refer to the operating manual of the BINDER communication software APT-COM™ 3.

## 15.2 RS 422 interface (option)

With this option, the chamber is equipped with a serial interface RS 422 (5), that can connect the BINDER communication software APT-COM $^{\text{TM}}$  3 DataControlSystem. The MAC Address is indicated below the Ethernet interface. The actual temperature, and gas concentration values are given in adjustable intervals. For further information, refer to the operating manual of the BINDER communication software APT-COM $^{\text{TM}}$  3.

The connection to a computer is established using the CB interface via an interface converter.

Pin allocation of the RS 422 interface (5) on the Pin 2: RxD (+) unit rear Pin 3: TxD (+)

Pin 4: RxD (-)
Pin 5: TxD (-)
Pin 7: Ground

# 15.3 Silicone access ports 30 mm / 1.18 in, closable from both sides with silicon plugs (option)

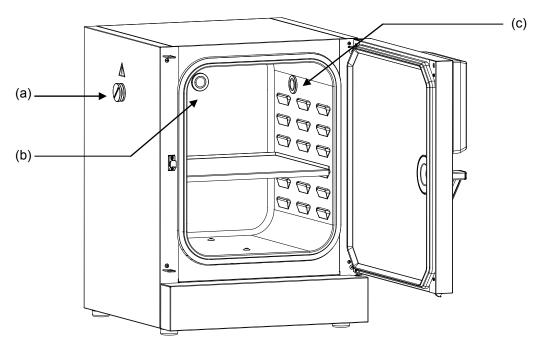


Figure 17: Positions of the optional silicon access ports left (a), rear (b), and right (c)

A warning sticker is located above each access port.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 95/144



When operating a CB with silicon access ports, both silicon plugs must tightly close the access ports. If the plugs are inserted in a not-gastight manner, or if plugs are missing,  $CO_2$  /  $O_2$  /  $O_2$  /  $O_2$  gas (unit with  $O_2$  control) may escape into the environment. The  $CO_2$  control and the  $O_2$  control (unit with  $O_2$  control) only turn off when the unit door is opened.



## NARNING WARNING

High concentration of CO<sub>2</sub> (> 4 Vol.-%).

Risk of death by suffocation.

Danger of poisoning.

Tightly close each access port with two plugs during operation.

## Note for units with O<sub>2</sub> control:





High concentration of  $O_2$  (> 21 %  $O_2$ ).





Tightly close each access port with two plugs during operation.

## 15.4 Interior socket 230V (option)



The T4.12 controller permits turning on and off the voltage of the interior socket (chap. 6.5).

The interior socket (G) is located at the upper left corner on the rear wall of the inner chamber. It is closed with a waterproof lid. The interior socket is suitable to supply electrical devices inside the incubator with 230V AC voltage.

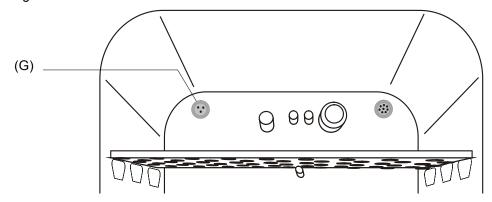


Figure 18: Position of the interior socket 230 V

#### (G) Interior socket

The maximum head load must not exceed a capacity of 20 W.



#### **CAUTION**

Exceeding the setpoint temperature. Damage to the cultures.

- Ø Do NOT exceed the maximum head load of 20 W.
- Ø Do NOT connect equipment with a nominal capacity > 20 W.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 96/144





Heat emission of electrical devices connected inside the CO<sub>2</sub> incubator may modify the temperature range.

The maximum load must not exceed 3 Amp.



## **WARNING**

Overload of contacts.

Damage to contacts and connection socket.

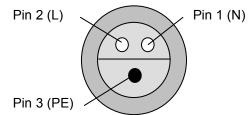
Electrical hazard.

Danger of death.

- Ø Do NOT exceed the maximum load of 3 A.
- Ø Do NOT connect any devices with a nominal current > 3 A.

Turning on and off the voltage of the interior socket is possible at the chamber controller through *Menu > Interior socket (optional)*, see chap. 6.5.

Turning off the incubator at the main power switch also switches the interior socket voltage-free.



Pin 1 (N) Pin 2 (L)
Pin 3 (PE)

Figure 19: Interior socket (G) (front view)

Figure 20: Supplied plug (front view)

Electrical data socket and plug: IP system of protection 65, 230 V 1N ~ 50-60 Hz



#### CAUTION

Risk of short circuit.

#### Damage to the unit.

- ➤ Use delivered plug only (IP protection type 65).
- > If the socket is not used, close it with the waterproof lid.

When inserting a heat load into the inner chamber by introducing electrical devices such as shakers or rollers, the ambient temperature of the incubator must not exceed 25 °C / 77°F. Otherwise, temperature control to 37 °C / 98.6°F cannot be assured. When operating electrical devices inside the incubator, always check the desired incubation temperature **before** introducing any cells.



#### CAUTION

Excessive inner temperature > 37  $^{\circ}$ C / 98.6  $^{\circ}$ F when operating electrical devices inside the incubator.

Damage to the cell cultures.

- ➤ When operating electrical devices inside the incubator: Ambient temperature # 25 °C / 77°F.
- > Check the temperature observation before introducing any cells.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 97/144



## 15.5 Analog outputs for temperature and CO<sub>2</sub> (option)

With this option, the CO<sub>2</sub> incubator is equipped with analog outputs 4-20 mA for temperature and CO<sub>2</sub>. These outputs allow transmitting data to external data registration systems or devices.

The connection is realized as a DIN socket (3) on the unit rear. A suitable DIN plug is enclosed.



#### **ANALOG OUTPUT 4-20 mA DC**

PIN 1: Temperature + PIN 2: Temperature -

PIN 3: CO<sub>2</sub> + PIN 4: CO<sub>2</sub> -

CO<sub>2</sub> range: 0 vol.-% up to 20 vol.-%

Temperature range: 0 °C / 32°F up to +200 °C / 392°F

Figure 21: Pin configuration of the DIN socket (3) on the unit rear

## 15.6 Access port for extra-low voltage (option)

The access port (B) (8-pin) for extra-low voltage (ELV) consists of a LEMO socket (which can be covered) and a LEMO connector. It is suitable to connect two electrical devices, one inside and one outside the incubator. You can use it e.g. for devices with a monitoring and control part remaining outside the incubator, whereas its mechanical component like roller or shaker systems is located inside the unit.

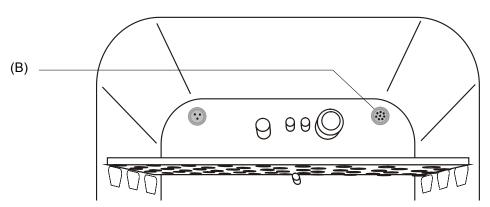


Figure 22: Position of the access port for extra-low voltage

#### Maximum power rating 24V AC/DC 2Amp.





Overload of contacts.

Damage to contacts and connection socket.

Electrical hazard.

Danger of death.

- Ø Do NOT exceed the maximum load of 24V AC/DC 2Amp.
- Ø Do NOT connect any devices with a nominal current > 2 Amp.
- Ø Do NOT connect any devices with a nominal voltage > 24 V DC.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 98/144



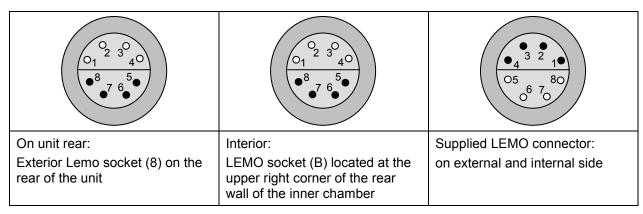


Figure 23: Pin allocation (front view) of the Lemo sockets and plug

When introducing a heat load into the inner chamber by inserting electrical devices like shakers or rollers, the ambient temperature of the incubator must not exceed 25 °C / 77 °F. Otherwise, temperature control to 37 °C / 98.6°F cannot be assured. When operating electrical devices inside the incubator, always check the desired incubation temperature **before** introducing in any cells.



#### CAUTION

Excessive inner temperature > 37  $^{\circ}$ C / 98.6  $^{\circ}$ F when operating electrical devices inside the incubator.

Damage to the cell cultures.

- When operating electrical devices inside the incubator: Ambient temperature ≤ 25 °C / 77 °F.
- Before introducing any cells, check the correct ambient temperature.

# 15.7 BINDER Gas Supply Service – External bottle changer for CO<sub>2</sub>, N<sub>2</sub> or O<sub>2</sub> (option)

The external bottle changer permits automatic switching to a second gas cylinder as soon as the first cylinder is empty. It can be used for a maximum of two CB units.



Instructions 7001-0196 delivered with the external bottle changer (Art. no. 8012-0408) describe its installation and operation.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 99/144



#### 15.8 Stands

#### 15.8.1 Stacking stand (option)

We recommend not stacking CB incubators directly on top of one another in order to avoid transmission of shocks and vibrations from one unit to the other. This could happen e.g. while opening or closing the door, cleaning, charging and discharging the unit. BINDER offers stable, vibration-free stands with castors (2 lockable by brakes) for the safe stacking of two units.

The stacking stand ensures that the set incubation parameters are precisely maintained also during sterilization of the other unit in the same stacking stand (chap. 20.4) by thermal decoupling.

Using the stacking stand offers more advantages: You can pull the lower incubator forward separately (e.g., for access to the rear), and not have to place it directly on the floor (important for sanitary purpose).



The mounting instructions 7001-0194 delivered with the stacking stand describe its installation (Art. No. 9051-0020 for CB 160, Art. No. 9051-0023 for CB 220).

#### 15.8.2 Stacking adapter for direct thermal decoupled stacking (option)

We recommend not stacking CB incubators directly on top of one another in order to avoid transmission of shocks and vibrations from one unit to the other. This could happen e.g. while opening or closing the door, cleaning, loading and unloading the unit. BINDER offers a stacking adapter for direct thermal decoupled stacking of two CB incubators.

The stacking adapter ensures the exact maintenance of the set incubation parameters also during sterilization of the other unit in the same stacking stand (chap. 20.4).



The mounting instructions 7001-0145 delivered with the stacking adapter describe its installation (Art. No. 9051-0032 for CB 60, Art. No. 9051-0026 for CB 160, Art. No. 9051-0030 for CB 220).

#### 15.8.3 Base on castors (option)

In order to obtain easy access to the incubator and to avoid contamination of the incubator caused by soil pollution, BINDER recommends using the base on castors.



The mounting instructions 7001-0147 delivered with the base on castors describe its installation (Art. No. 9051-0031 for CB 60, Art. No. 9051-0028 for CB 160, Art. No. 9051-0029 for CB 220).

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 100/144



## 16. Reference measurements

Reference measurements of the temperature,  $CO_2$ , and  $O_2$  (unit with  $O_2$  control) can be performed via the silicone measuring port (N) located on the inner glass door. Reference temperature measurements always take place under equilibrated conditions with both doors closed.

#### 16.1 CO<sub>2</sub> reference measuring

There are three possibilities to perform  $CO_2$  test measurements between the recommended annual maintenance procedures. To test the  $CO_2$  concentration inside an incubator, see chapters 18.1.1 to 18.1.3.

#### 16.1.1 Measuring CO₂ concentration indirectly via the pH of the cell medium

By using the indirect determination of  $CO_2$  concentration via the pH-value of the nutrient, it is possible to check the  $CO_2$  concentration inside the chamber. This is a simple method to test the correct  $CO_2$  concentration without any special  $CO_2$  measuring equipment. You need only use an accurate pH indicator or a pH-measuring electrode, which are standard equipment in cell culture laboratories.

This method is based on the acid base equilibrium of the buffer system in the culture media. NaHCO $_3$  buffers the common media. From the pH value of the medium, it is possible to conclude its CO $_2$  concentration. Figure 25 shows the relationship between CO $_2$  concentration in vol.-% and the pH of different NaHCO $_3$  buffered media.



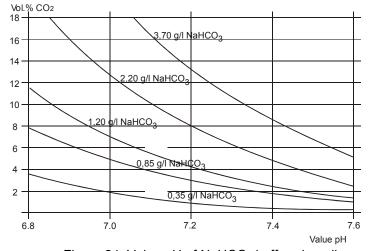
These test systems are not suitable for calibrating the BINDER sensor system.

#### Recommended procedure:

- Incubate an empty sample with medium for 1/2 day under the same conditions as the cells. You can
  perform the incubation in a cell culture cylinder or in a 50 ml Falcon tube with open lid.
- After gassing, remove the empty sample from the incubator and within 5 minutes measure the pHvalue with a glass electrode.

During the measurement, the medium should have the least possible surface contact with the ambient air, so that the CO<sub>2</sub> can evaporate only slightly. A significant downward movement will happen only after 5 minutes, permitting sufficient time for measurement.

In addition, you can of course use pH-test strips (pH range 6 to 8, not bleeding).



Trade names of common media:		
NaHCO <sub>3</sub> [g/l]		
3.70		
2.20		
2.20		
2.20		
2.20		
1.20		
1.20		

Figure 24: Value pH of NaHCO<sub>3</sub> buffered media as a function of the CO<sub>2</sub> concentration:

Example: If a pH of 7.2 is measured in a medium buffered with 2.20 g NaHC0 $_3$  per liter, there must be 8 vol.-% CO $_2$  surrounding this medium.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 101/144



## 16.1.2 Measuring CO<sub>2</sub> directly via chemical indicator tubes

This is a common "do-it-yourself" test for many users. A chemical color reaction in a glass tube shows the CO<sub>2</sub> concentration. A standardized volume of air from inside the incubator has to be suctioned through this glass tube to get a quantitative test result. Therefore, use a special hand pump with a standardized suction volume.

#### Procedure (example):

- 1) Break off both ends of the glass tube or remove the plugs.
- 2) Pin the end with the higher end of the scale to the adapter of the hand pump that belongs to that test system.
- 3) Pin the other end through the silicone access port of the inner chamber door of the CB incubator.
- 4) Take one sample volume out of the inner chamber volume by pressing the pump fully together and releasing it afterwards.
- 5) The standardized volume is suctioned through the glass tube and the chemical indicator changes its color beginning from the side pinned into the chamber in the direction of the hand pump.
- 6) The more CO<sub>2</sub> is inside the chamber the more the chemical reaction will cause a color change of the chemical reactor.
- 7) You can read the CO<sub>2</sub> concentration by the scale directly printed on the glass tube or a delivered reference-reading rule.
- 8) The result must then be corrected to the current ambient pressure. The required formula is printed on the instruction sheet of such systems.

All the necessary equipment must be supplied by one manufacturer only and in a defined test system.

Note: These test systems are not very accurate. A typical accuracy is around 10 % of the full-scale value.



These test systems are not suitable for calibrating the BINDER sensor system.



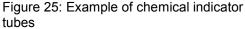




Figure 26: Example of a hand pump (foreground) and electrical pump (background)

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 102/144



#### 16.1.3 Measuring CO<sub>2</sub> directly with an electronic infrared measuring device

The easiest way of measuring the  $CO_2$  concentration is by electronic sensor systems. BINDER offers the portable measuring device model CTM 01 that was specifically designed to measure temperature and  $CO_2$  concentration inside  $CO_2$  incubators. You can use the CTM 01 both for reference measurements in certified laboratories, and for service purposes. Please contact the BINDER INDIVIDUAL team.

#### 16.2 Temperature reference measurement

When performing a temperature reference measurement using an electronic measuring, and temperature display device, it is important to use a device traceable to an acknowledged standards/calibration institution (DKD, PTB for Germany) with a valid calibration certificate.

Note: The cable of the sensor must be thin enough to lay it over the door gasket of the incubator without causing any leakages.

## 17. Avoiding microbial contamination

The main types of microbial contaminants in cell and tissue culture are bacteria, fungi, yeast, mycoplasma, and viruses. This chapter gives an overview of potential sources of contamination and precautions and measures to eliminate them.

#### 17.1 Cells and media

- Primary cultures from the original tissue
- Cells / cell lines from unknown sources or from cell banks: Use only cells of known and tested origin. Monitoring and routine screening of new cultures.
- Media and sera: Use only sera of known and tested origin (mycoplasma free, e.g., UV or γ radiated).
- Virus suspensions, antibody solutions etc. Use only reagents of known and tested origin.
- Laboratory instruments, media and reagents that were exposed to possible contaminated cultures must be sterilized / autoclaved / disposed.
- Antibiotics in the cell culture media may prevent bacteria detection: Use antibiotics selectively and economically.

## 17.2 Laboratory conditions / equipment around the incubator

Possible sources of contamination in the cell culture lab are airborne germs, lab equipment, building features, and the lab personnel.

- Keep pipettes and instruments sterile after autoclaving.
- Bio safety cabinets (laminar air flow) should have a minimum of items apart from aspirator tube and burner. Items shall be positioned within easy reach and separate from each other. Disinfect surfaces with an alcohol-based disinfectant before and after use, clean the space underneath the bench, and carry out regular sterility tests of the filters.
- Regular cleaning / disinfection of laboratory equipment such as a centrifuge, microscope, water bath, refrigerator, and telephone.
- No equipment should be placed on the floor.
- · Rough or humid walls are not suitable.
- Identify leaking doors and windows and make them airtight.
- Use air conditioning with special filters.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 103/144



- Reduce the number of personnel and their movements in the lab by careful positioning all relevant equipment. For practical reasons, install the CO<sub>2</sub> incubator close to the laminar air flow bench.
- Regular microbiological monitoring of the cell culture laboratory.

#### 17.3 Working and behavior in the lab

Sources of contamination are often the laboratory personnel themselves (surface germs, oral flora droplet transfer) and handling the equipment and cultures. We recommend staff training in aseptic techniques, laboratory safety and good laboratory practice (GLP).

#### Examples of general rules to reduce the contamination risks

- Reduce hand germ count (wash hands with antimicrobial soap, dry with paper tissues, and rub dry hands with alcohol-based solution).
- Wear appropriate clothing (work coat, shoes, face mask)
- · Keep as few personnel as possible in the cell culture lab.

#### **Examples of sterile working method**

- Work "clean-to-dirty", i.e., handle confirmed uncontaminated cells first, unknown or untested cells next, and lastly, if necessary, cells suspected to be contaminated.
- Perform daily microscopic observations of cultures and specific tests for the bacteria and fungi as part
  of a controlled routine. Test cultures for sterility before starting work.
- Keep working surfaces clean. Immediately wipe spilled liquids with alcohol solutions.
- No mouth contact on pipettes.
- Never work on top of open sterile containers.

#### 17.4 Chamber design and equipment of the CO<sub>2</sub> incubator

The design concepts behind the CO<sub>2</sub> incubator CB considerably reduce the risk of contamination. Among them are:

#### Even surfaces for easy manual cleaning

 The inner surfaces are smooth and therefore easy to clean. The inner chamber is deep-drawn from a single piece, polished (suitable for pharmaceutical work) and has no welds or inaccessible corners.
 The hinges and the seal of the inner glass door are glued from the outside, which also aids cleaning of the inner chamber.

#### Removable parts for cleaning and autoclaving

 The shelves are easily removed without screws. It is possible to autoclave the shelves. But this is generally not necessary because they can remain inside the incubator during sterilization.

#### Door gasket

The inner door gasket is removable and autoclavable.

#### Gas fine filter

 The incoming gas used in the operation passes through a fine filter (aseptic filter, filtration efficiency 99.99 %, particle size 0.45 μm) with a high filtration efficiency, which can also filter the smallest particles.

#### CO<sub>2</sub> measuring system in the inner chamber

The CO<sub>2</sub> sensor can be hot-air sterilized inside the chamber.

#### O<sub>2</sub> measuring system in the inner chamber

• The O<sub>2</sub> sensor can be hot-air sterilized inside the chamber.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 104/144



#### **Condensation prevention**

• Condensation in the inner chamber represents a particular risk of contamination. The Permadry™ system developed by BINDER is an effective and easy way to ensure high humidity (≥95 % r.h.) inside the incubator without any condensation forming on the inner surfaces.

#### Hot air sterilization at 180 °C / 356 °F

The heating system of the CO<sub>2</sub> incubator permits hot-air auto-sterilization at a setpoint of 187.5 °C / 369.5 °F. Thus, a temperature of 180 °C / 356 °F is maintained for at least 30 minutes on all internal surfaces, resulting in sterilization of the entire inner chamber. Therefore, this procedure meets all international guidelines regarding hot air sterilization, e.g. AAMI ST63, DIN 58947, European Pharmacopoeia.

## 17.5 Handling the CO<sub>2</sub> incubator

Any manipulation of the CO<sub>2</sub> incubator involves some contamination risks, from installation to opening the doors and regular cleaning.

#### Installation away from sources of contamination

 Do not place the CO<sub>2</sub> incubator on the floor or close to windows and doors. Use the optional stand, if appropriate.

#### Reduce the periods in which the door is open

- Do not open the door too frequently.
- Placing items in order inside the incubator results in shorter door opening times.

#### Permadry™ water pan

- Fill the outer pan with distilled, sterilized water (chap. 4.2). Never use ion exchange water; ion exchangers are propagation sites for bacteria.
- Clean and refill the pans 2 to 3 times a week. For evacuation, remove the Permadry™ water pan. It is autoclavable.
- If desired, you can add microbiologically inhibiting substances as copper chips, copper sulfate or ethylene diamine tetra-vinegar acid (EDTA) in a concentration of 1 to 5 mmol/l.

#### Avoiding condensation caused by ambient conditions

Ambient room conditions have an effect on condensation inside the incubator, which can be caused by insufficient wall clearances, preventing even dissipation of heat, air movement or direct sunlight. If the temperature distribution inside the chamber becomes uneven, condensation may form on the cooler surfaces.

- Maintain distances from the wall: rear 100 mm / 3.94 in, sides 50 mm / 1.97 in
- Do not place the unit in front of a window. No direct sunlight. No air movement.
- Permissible ambient temperature range for operation: +18 °C / 64.4°F to +30 °C / 86°F.

Ideal ambient temperature: by at least 7 °C / 12.6 °F below the intended working temperature. E.g., working temperature 37 °C / 98.6 °F = ambient temperature 30 °C / 86 °F and less.

- The incubator should be precisely calibrated / adjusted.
- Let BINDER Service adjust the setting of the door heating in reaction to critical ambient conditions.

#### Regular cleaning, decontamination and sterilization

 Clean the shelves, glass door, gaskets, and inner chamber weekly (for cleaning see chap. 20.1, for decontamination see chap. 20.2. You can clean the shelves in a laboratory dishwasher and, if needed, individually autoclave them.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 105/144



- Regularly use the hot air sterilization function (chap. 20.4) following cleaning. The shelves and the emptied water pan can remain inside the incubator during this operation.
- Have replaced the CO<sub>2</sub> sterile filter (gas fine filter) once or twice a year.

#### What to do in case of contamination?

- Throw away / autoclave contaminated cultures.
- · Carefully inspect cultures that seem to be uncontaminated.
- Clean the incubator as described. Wipe the inner chamber and the doors with a disinfectant and allow drying. Autoclave the shelves. Empty the water pan and autoclave it.
- Perform a hot air sterilization.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 106/144

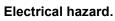


## 18. Cleaning, decontamination / disinfection, and sterilization



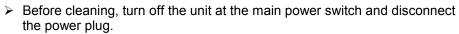
## **A**

## **DANGER**



## Danger of death.





Completely dry the appliance before turning it on again.

## 18.1 Cleaning

Disconnect the chamber from the power supply before cleaning. Disconnect the power plug.

Wipe the surfaces with a moistened towel. In addition, you can use the following cleaning agents:

Exterior surfaces, instrument panel	Standard commercial cleaning detergents free from acid or halides. Alcohol-based solutions. We recommend using the neutral cleaning agent Art. No. 1002-0016.
Inner chamber, shelves	Standard commercial cleaning detergents free from acid or halides.  Copper sulfate solutions or alcohol-based solutions.  We recommend using the neutral cleaning agent Art. No. 1002-0016.
Silicone door gasket	Alcohol-based solutions or the neutral cleaning agent Art. No. 1002-0016.
Zinc coated hinge parts rear unit wall	Standard commercial cleaning detergents free from acid or halides.  Do NOT use a neutral cleaning agent on zinc coated surfaces.



We recommend using the neutral cleaning agent Art. No. Art. Nr. 1002-0016 for thorough cleaning.

Any corrosive damage that may arise following use of other cleaning agents is excluded from liability by BINDER GmbH.

Any corrosive damage caused by a lack of cleaning, is excluded from liability by BINDER GmbH.



## **CAUTION**

Danger of corrosion.

#### Damage to the unit.

- Ø Do NOT use acidic or chlorine cleaning detergents.
- Ø Do NOT use a neutral cleaning agent on other kind of surfaces e.g., the zinc coated hinge parts or the rear unit wall.



For surface protection, perform cleaning as quickly as possible.

After cleaning completely remove any cleaning agents from the surfaces by using a moistened towel. Let the unit dry.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 107/144





Soapsuds may contain chlorides and must therefore NOT be used for cleaning.



With every decontamination method, always use adequate personal safety controls.

Following cleaning, leave the unit door open or remove the access port plugs.



The neutral cleaning agent may cause health problems in contact with skin and if ingested. Follow the operating instructions and safety hints labeled on the bottle of the neutral cleaning agent.

Recommended precautions: To protect the eyes use sealed protective goggles. Suitable protective gloves with full contact: butyl or nitrile rubber, penetration time >480 minutes.











Contact with skin, ingestion.

Skin and eye damage due to chemical burns.

- Ø Do not ingest. Keep away from food and beverages.
- Ø Do NOT empty into drains.
- Wear protective gloves and goggles.
- Avoid skin contact.



Following use of the neutral cleaning agent and prior to hot-air sterilization, remove any agent residues by using a moistened towel in order to avoid formation of permanent residues.

#### 18.2 Decontamination / chemical disinfection of the CO<sub>2</sub> incubator

Disconnect the chamber from the power supply prior to decontamination. Disconnect the power plug. You can use the following disinfectants:

Standard commercial surface disinfectants free from acid or halides. Inner chamber Alcohol based solutions. We recommend using the disinfectant spray Art. No. 1002-0022.



For chemical disinfection, we recommend using the disinfectant spray Art. No. 1002-0022. Any corrosive damage that may arise following use of other disinfectants is excluded from liability by BINDER GmbH.



With every decontamination method, always use adequate personal safety controls.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 108/144



In case of contamination of the interior by biologically or chemically hazardous material, there are two possible procedures depending on the type of contamination and charging material.

(1) Spray the inner chamber with an appropriate disinfectant.

Before start-up, the unit must be absolutely dry and ventilated, as explosive gases may form during the decontamination process.

(2) If necessary, have strongly contaminated inner chamber parts removed by an engineer for cleaning, or have them exchanged. Sterilize the inner chamber parts in a sterilizer or autoclave.



In case of eye contact, the disinfectant spray may cause eye damage due to chemical burns. Follow the operating instructions and safety hints labeled on the bottle of the disinfectant spray.

Recommended precautions: To protect the eyes use sealed protective goggles.









# Eye contact.

Eye damage due to chemical burns.

- Ø Do NOT empty into drains.
- Wear protective goggles.



After using the disinfectant spray, allow the incubator to dry thoroughly, and aerate it sufficiently.



Following frequent use of the disinfectant spray and prior to hot-air sterilization, remove any agent remainder by using the neutral cleaning agent and then a moistened towel to avoid formation of permanent residues.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 109/144



### 18.3 Hot-air sterilization at 180 °C / 356 °F



The very first sterilization after operation may cause an odor. This is not a quality defect. We recommend ventilating well the room during sterilization.

#### 18.3.1 Overview

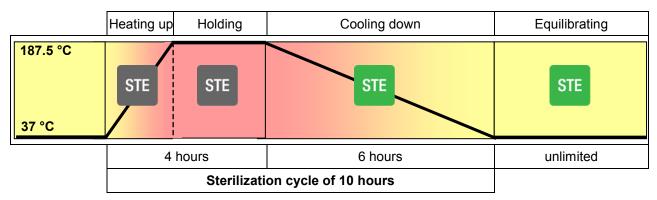


Figure 27: Setpoint profile during the sterilization cycle

The CB incubator can perform an automatically controlled hot-air sterilization cycle. This procedure will take approx. 10 hours and consists of the following steps:

 Heating up phase: The incubator heats up the inner chamber as fast as possible to the sterilization setpoint temperature STE

Holding phase: Constant sterilization setpoint temperature

The sterilization setpoint temperature is pre-set in factory to 187.5  $^{\circ}$ C / 369.5  $^{\circ}$ F. The duration of the heating up and holding phase is in total 4 hours. This ensures that 180  $^{\circ}$ C / 356  $^{\circ}$ F is maintained on all internal surfaces for at least 30 minutes



• Cooling down phase: Programmed duration of 6 hours until 37 °C / 98.6°F is reached



 Equilibration phase: This phase of unlimited duration follows the sterilization with a constant setpoint temperature of 37 °C / 98.6 °F



To start the hot-air sterilization cycle, go to Menu > Hot-air sterilization

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 110/144



### 18.3.2 Performing a hot-air sterilization



Before carrying out the first hot-air sterilization, remove any protective lamination sheet from the inner metal surfaces.

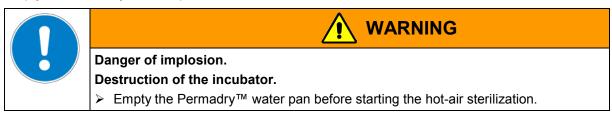


When starting a hot-air sterilization, all gas controls automatically become inactive.



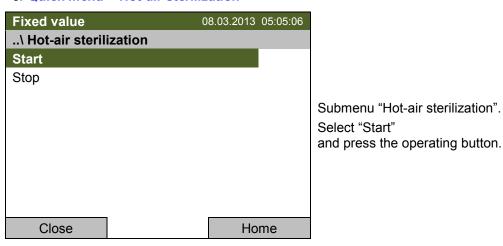
The safety controller settings are inactive during sterilization. They become functional again following abortion of the sterilization and/or restart of the unit at the main power switch.

- Turn off the unit.
- Empty the Permadry<sup>™</sup> water pan.



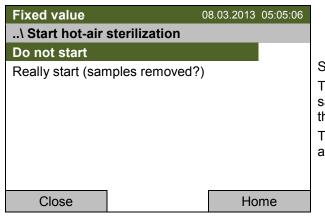
- · Water pans and shelves must be inside the incubator.
- Close the inner glass door and the outer unit door.
- Turn on the unit.
- Activate the sterilization procedure in the controller.

To start the hot-air sterilization cycle, go to *Menu > Hot-air sterilization* or *Quick menu > Hot-air sterilization* 



CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 111/144





Submenu "Start hot-air sterilization".

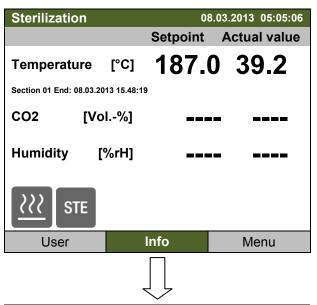
This is a security question. Make sure that all samples were removed from the CB before starting the hot-air sterilization!

Then select "Really start (samples removed?)" and press the operating button.

The controller returns to the initial view, and hot-air sterilization begins.

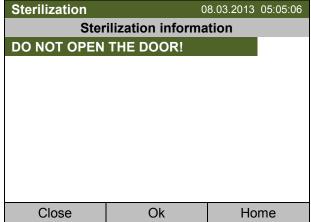


This symbol on the controller display indicates that the hot-air sterilization is running.



Initial view during the heating-up phase of the hot-air sterilization (sample values).

For further information, press the "Info" button.



Information menu "Sterilization information". Confirm the information with "Ok".

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 112/144



Opening the outer door during sterilization leads to aborting the automatic sterilization cycle.



# **CAUTION**

Interruption of the temperature reaction time. Ineffective sterilization.

Ø Do NOT open the unit doors during sterilization.





Glass door and inner chamber become hot during sterilization. Danger of burning.

Ø Do NOT touch the glass door and inner surfaces during sterilization

### 18.3.3 Aborting the hot-air sterilization prematurely

Three events lead to aborting the automatic sterilization cycle prematurely:

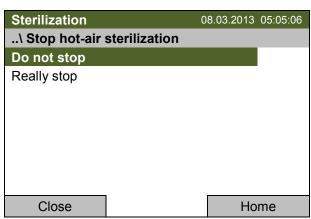
- A manual abortion via the controller menu
- Opening the outer door
- · Turning off the incubator at the main power switch, or a power failure

To manually abort the hot-air sterilization cycle, go to *Menu > Hot-air sterilization* or *Quick menu > Hot-air sterilization* 

Sterilization	0	8.03.2013	05:05:06
\ Hot-air sterili	zation		
Start			
Stop			
Close		Но	me

Submenu "Hot-air sterilization".

To abort the hot-air sterilization, select "Stop" and press the operating button.



Submenu "Stop hot-air sterilization".

This is a security question.

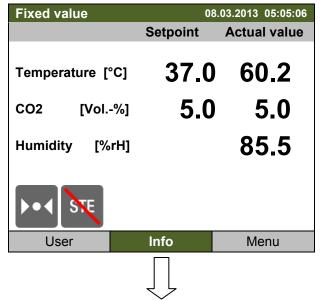
To abort the hot-air sterilization, select "Really stop" and press the operating button.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 113/144





This symbol on the controller display indicates that the hot-air sterilization was aborted. The interior may still be hot. Do not touch the glass door and inner surfaces!



Initial view after aborting the hot-air sterilization (sample values).

For further information, press the "Info" button.



Information menu "Sterilization information". Confirm the information with "Ok".

If the sterilization procedure is aborted prematurely, whether effective sterilization has occurred depends on the time that has elapsed:

- Aborting sterilization after less than 4 hours: Prevents effective sterilization.
- Aborting sterilization after more than 4 hours: The unit is definitely in the cooling-down phase, meaning that the necessary duration for the proper sterilization phase has occurred.

#### Aborting sterilization during the cooling-down phase (after more than 4 hours)

The duration of the entire sterilization is approx. 10 hours. If you want to shorten the sterilization procedure in order to save time, you can abort it during the cooling-down phase, i.e. no sooner than after 4 hours. At this point, the inner temperature is still approx. 140 °C / 284°F.





Glass door and inner chamber become hot during sterilization. Danger of burning.

Ø Do NOT touch the glass door and inner surfaces for approx. 4 hours after aborting sterilization.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 114/144



#### Aborting sterilization after less than 4 hours

When aborting the sterilization prematurely, it may be that the cells/pathogens inside the unit have not all been killed. You should repeat the sterilization.



# CAUTION

Interruption of temperature reaction time. Ineffective sterilization.

> Repeat the sterilization.





Glass door and inner chamber become hot during sterilization. Danger of burning.

Ø Do NOT touch the glass door and inner surfaces for approx. 7 hours after aborting sterilization.

### Following abortion of the sterilization cycle:

- If necessary, repeat the sterilization.
- When the inner chamber has cooled down to a value below 60 °C / 140°F, turn on the unit (chap. 5).

### 18.3.4 End of the sterilization cycle

The effective sterilization phase (holding phase) is automatically finished after 4 hours..



This symbol on the controller display indicates a successful hot-air sterilization.

The sterilization cycle is now in the cooling down phase or in the subsequent holding phase of  $37 \, ^{\circ}\text{C} / 98.6 \, ^{\circ}\text{F}$ .

### The inner chamber and parts inside can still be hot. Do not touch.

The defined cooling down phase lasts 6 hours until reaching 37  $^{\circ}$ C / 98.6  $^{\circ}$ F and is followed by a holding phase at 37  $^{\circ}$ C / 98.6  $^{\circ}$ F of unlimited duration

If you prefer accelerating the cooling- down phase, proceed as follows:

- · Turn off the unit.
- If required, open the outer door.
- Cooling-down time:
  - Front door open: at least 1 hour
  - · Front door closed: at least 4 hours
- If required, open the glass door.





The glass door handle reaches a temperature of approx. 150 °C / 302 °F. Danger of burning.

- > Use gloves or a tool (e.g. pincers) to open the glass door.
- When the inner chamber has cooled down to a value below 60 °C / 140°F, turn on the unit (chap. 5).

Note: in the case when two units are directly stacked on top of each other **without** using the original BINDER stacking stand or the BINDER stacking adapter, the exact maintenance of the incubation set parameters in one of the units while carrying out sterilization in the other one cannot be assured.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 115/144



Therefore, without using the stacking stand or the stacking adapter, safe incubation is not possible during sterilization of the other unit. We recommend using a stacking stand (chap. 17.9.1) or a stacking adapter (chap. 17.9.2).

### 19. Maintenance and service

# 19.1 Maintenance intervals, service





#### Electrical hazard.

#### Danger of death.



- ∅ The unit must NOT become wet during operation or maintenance works.
- Ø Do NOT remove the rear panel of the unit.
- ➤ Before conducting maintenance work, turn off the unit at the main power switch and disconnect the power plug.
- Any maintenance work must be conducted by licensed electricians or experts authorized by BINDER.

Ensure regular maintenance work is performed at least once a year.

When the unit requires maintenance a corresponding note is displayed on the controller screen. After confirming with "OK", this message will come up daily until reset by the service technician.



The warranty becomes void if maintenance work is conducted by non-authorized personnel.



Replace the door gasket only when cold. Otherwise, the door gasket may become damaged.

With an increased amount of dust in the ambient air, clean the Peltier fan grid (7) by suction or blowing several times a year.

We recommend taking out a maintenance agreement. Please consult BINDER Service.

BINDER telephone hotline: +49 (0) 7462 2005 555
BINDER fax hotline: +49 (0) 7462 2005 93555
BINDER e-mail hotline: service@binder-world.com

BINDER service hotline USA: +1 866 885 9794 or +1 631 224 4340 x3 (toll-free in the USA)

BINDER service hotline Asia Pacific: +852 39070500 or +852 39070503

BINDER service hotline Russia and CIS +7 495 98815 17

BINDER Internet website http://www.binder-world.com

BINDER address BINDER GmbH, post office box 102, D-78502 Tuttlingen

International customers, please contact your local BINDER distributor.



The gas sensors are especially adjusted for the specific incubator. When exchanging a sensor, you must repeat control adjustment for  $CO_2$  and  $O_2$  (unit with  $O_2$  control).

### 19.2 Checking the air jacket heating fan

The user should regularly perform the following checks:

When the unit is operating, you will be able to observe the air jacket heating fan centered at the top of the unit by looking through the ventilation slides at the rear. During unit operation, the fan must turn counterclockwise continuously. For better monitoring, you can turn off the unit and wait until the fan has stopped.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 116/144



# 19.3 Checking the humidity system fan

The user should regularly perform the following checks:

Hold a sheet of paper in front of the ventilation silts at the bottom rear of the unit. If the sheet of paper is suctioned inwards, the fan operates correctly. When opening the door, the fan automatically turns off.

#### 19.4 Gas inlet fine filter

When the unit is in operation, the incoming gas passes through a fine gas filter (aseptic filter, filtration efficiency 99.99 %, particle size 0.45  $\mu$ m). This fine filter prevents dirt accumulating in the gas inlet valves and the tubes leading into the inner chamber, which could be in the gas cylinder or in the supply tubes.

When using gas with a technical grade of 99.5 %, we recommend changing the fine gas filter once a year. Please consult BINDER Service. When using gases with less pureness, the changing intervals should be shorter.

### 19.5 Sending the unit back to BINDER GmbH

If you return a BINDER product to us for repair or any other reason, we will only accept the product upon presentation of an authorization number that has previously been issued to you. An authorization number will be issued after receiving your complaint either in writing or by telephone **prior** to your sending the BINDER product back to us. The authorization number will be issued following receipt of the information below:

- BINDER product type and serial number
- Date of purchase
- Name and address of the dealer from which you bought the BINDER product
- · Exact description of the defect or fault
- Complete address, contact person and availability of that person
- Exact location of the BINDER product in your facility
- A contamination clearance certificate (chap. 25) must be faxed in advance

The authorization number must be applied to the packaging in such a way that it can be easily recognized or be recorded clearly in the delivery documents.



For security reasons we cannot accept a unit delivery if it does not carry an authorization number.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 117/144



# 20. Disposal

# 20.1 Disposal of the transport packing

# 20.1.1 Outer unit packing

Packing element		Material	Disposal
	Straps to fix packing on pallet (no image)	Plastic	Plastic recycling
BINDER DEINDER	Shipping box	Cardboard	Paper recycling
	Edge stuffing, top	PE foam	Plastic recycling
	Removal	Cardboard	Paper recycling
P	aid	Plastic	Plastic recycling
	Pallet with foamed plastic	PE foam	Plastic recycling
	stuffing	Solid wood (IPPC standard)	Wood recycling

# 1.1.1 Packing inside the unit and equipment

Packing element	Material	Disposal
Door protection	PE foam	Plastic recycling
Packing box equipment	Cardboard	Paper recycling
Insulating air cushion foil	PE foil	Plastic recycling
Bag for operating manuals	PE foil	Plastic recycling



If recycling is not possible, all packing parts can also be disposed of with normal waste.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 118/144



# 20.2 Decommissioning

• Turn off the unit at the main power switch and disconnect it from the power supply (pull the power plug).



When switching off the main power switch ON / OFF (1), the stored parameters remain saved.

- Turn off the CO<sub>2</sub> supply and the O<sub>2</sub> / N<sub>2</sub> supplies (unit with O<sub>2</sub> control). Remove the gas connections.
- Let the inner chamber sufficiently cool down after a hot-air sterilization before removing any parts.
- The Permadry™ water pan must not remain filled while the incubator is out of operation. Otherwise
  condensation on the inner surfaces may occur. In this case, clean and dry the incubator with doors
  open for at least one hour before restarting the unit. BINDER recommends performing a hot air
  sterilization of the unit before commissioning.
- Temporal decommissioning: See indications for appropriate storage, chap. 3.3.
- Final decommissioning: Dispose of the unit as described in chap. 22.3 to 22.5.
- When restarting the unit, please pay attention to the corresponding information in chap. 5.

### 20.3 Disposal of the unit in the Federal Republic of Germany

According to directive 2002/96/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE), BINDER devices are classified as "monitoring and control instruments" (category 9) only intended for professional use". They must not be disposed of at public collecting points.

The CO2 incubator CB bears the symbol for the marking of electrical and electronic equipment manufactured / placed on the market in the EC after 13 August 2005 and be disposed of in separate collection according to the directive 2002/96/EC on waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE) and German national law for electrical and electronic equipment (Elektro- und Elektronikgerätegesetz, ElektroG). WEEE marking: crossed-out wheeled bin with solid bar under. A significant part of the materials must be recycled in order to protect the environment.





At the end of the device's service life, have the device disposed of according to the German national law for electrical and electronic equipment (Elektro- und Elektronikgerätegesetz, ElektroG) from 23 March 2005, BGBI. I p. 762 or contact BINDER service who will organize taking back and disposal of the unit according to the German national law for electrical and electronic equipment (Elektro- und Elektronikgerätegesetz, ElektroG) from 23 March 2005, BGBI. I p. 762.



### CAUTION

#### Violation against existing law.

- Ø Do NOT dispose of BINDER devices at public collecting points.
- ➤ Have the device disposed of professionally at a recycling company that is certified according to the German national law for electrical and electronic equipment (Elektround Elektronikgerätegesetz, ElektroG) from 23 March 2005, BGBI. I p. 762.

or

➤ Instruct BINDER service to dispose of the device. The general terms of payment and delivery of the BINDER GmbH apply, which were valid at the time of purchasing the unit.

Certified companies disassemble waste (used) BINDER equipment in primary substances for recycling according to directive 2002/96/EC. The devices must be free from toxic, infectious or radioactive substances in order to eliminate any health hazards to the employees of the recycling companies.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 119/144





- Prior to handing the unit over to a recycling company, it is the user's responsibility that it is free from toxic, infectious or radioactive substances.
- Prior to disposal, clean all introduced or residual toxic substances from the unit.
- Prior to disposal, disinfect the unit from all sources of infection. Be aware that sources of infection may also be located outside the inner chamber.
- If you cannot safely remove all toxic substances and sources of infection from the unit, dispose of it as special waste according to national law.
- Fill out the contamination clearance certificate (chap. 25) and enclose it with the unit.





Contamination of the device with toxic, infectious or radioactive substances. Danger of intoxication.



### Danger of infection.

- Ø NEVER take a unit contaminated with toxic substances or sources of infection for recycling according to directive 2002/96/EC.
- > Prior to disposal, remove all toxic substances and sources of infection from the unit.
- ➤ A unit from which all toxic substances or sources of infection cannot be safely removed must be considered as "special" waste according to national law. Dispose of it accordingly.

# 20.4 Disposal of the unit in the member states of the EC except for the Federal Republic of Germany

According to directive 2002/96/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE), BINDER devices are classified as "monitoring and control instruments" (category 9) only intended for professional use". They must not be disposed of at public collecting points.

The CO2 incubator CB bears the symbol for the marking of electrical and electronic equipment manufactured / placed on the market in the EC after 13 August 2005 and be disposed of in separate collection according to the directive 2002/96/EC on waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE). WEEE marking: crossed-out wheeled bin with solid bar under.



At the end of the device's service life, notify the distributor who sold you the device, who will take back and dispose of the unit according to the directive 2002/96/EC of 27 January 2003 on waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE).





### CAUTION

### Violation against existing law.

- Ø Do NOT dispose of BINDER devices at public collecting points.
- ➤ Have the device disposed of professionally at a recycling company that is certified according to conversion of the directive 2002/96/EC into national law.

or

- Instruct the distributor who sold you the device to dispose of it. The agreements apply that were agreed with the distributor when purchasing the unit (e.g. his general terms of payment and delivery).
- ➤ If your distributor is not able to take back and dispose of the unit, please contact BINDER service.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 120/144



Certified companies disassemble waste (used) BINDER equipment in primary substances for recycling according to directive 2002/96/EC. The devices must be free from toxic, infectious or radioactive substances in order to eliminate any health hazards to the employees of the recycling companies.



- Prior to handing the unit over to a recycling company, it is the user's responsibility that it is free from toxic, infectious or radioactive substances.
- Prior to disposal, clean all introduced or residual toxic substances from the unit.
- Prior to disposal, disinfect the unit from all sources of infection. Be aware that sources of infection may also be located outside the inner chamber.
- If you cannot safely remove all sources of infection and toxic substances from the unit, dispose of it as special waste according to national law.
- Fill out the contamination clearance certificate (chap. 25) and enclose it with the unit.





Contamination of the device with toxic, infectious or radioactive substances. Danger of intoxication.



### Danger of infection.

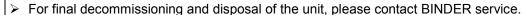
- Ø NEVER take a unit contaminated with toxic substances or sources of infection for recycling according to directive 2002/96/EC.
- > Prior to disposal, remove all toxic substances and sources of infection from the unit.
- A unit from which all toxic substances or sources of infection cannot be safely removed must be considered as "special" waste according to national law. Dispose of it accordingly.

# 20.5 Disposal of the unit in non-member states of the EC



# **CAUTION**

### Alteration of the environment.





> Follow the statutory regulations for appropriate, environmentally friendly disposal.

The main board of the CO<sub>2</sub> incubator includes a lithium cell. Please dispose of it according to national regulations.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 121/144



# 21. Troubleshooting



Only qualified service personnel authorized by BINDER must perform repair. Repaired units must comply with the BINDER quality standards.

# 21.1 Heating

Fault description / indication	Possible cause	Required measures
Excess temperature. Having reached the setpoint, the temperature exceeds the setpoint by more than the set tolerance range value (more than 10 min.).  Alarm message "Temp. range"	Site of installation too warm. Difference between the set temperature and the ambient temperature too low.	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3). Difference between the set temperature and the ambient temperature must be at least 7 °C / 12.6 °F.
Excess temperature. Chamber heating permanently, exceeding the setpoint.  Notification	Temporary disturbance of the temperature control.	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3). Turn off the chamber. Open the chamber doors for approx 5 minutes and turn on the chamber again. Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3). Upon renewed alarm, contact BINDER service.
"Heating active".	Controller defective.	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3).
Alarm message	Semiconductor relay defective	Contact BINDER service.
"Temp. range"	Temperature controller not adjusted.	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3). Calibrate and adjust the temperature controller.
Excess temperature. Overtemperature safety controller class 3.1 responds.	Safety controller setpoint value exceeded.	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3). Check setting of temperature setpoint and of the safety controller class 3.1 setpoint. If appropriate, select suitable value.
	Too much external heat load.	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3). Reduce heat load.
Alarm message "Safety controller"	Controller defective.	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3).
	Semiconductor relay defective	Contact BINDER service.
	Safety controller defective.	
Too low temperature. Setpoint temperature is not	Unit door not properly closed.	Completely close unit door.
reached after specified time.	Semiconductor relay defective.	Contact BINDER service
Notification	Door gasket defective.	Replace door gasket.
"Heating active".	Temperature controller not adjusted.	Calibrate and adjust the temperature controller.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 122/144



Fault description / indication	Possible cause	Required measures
Too low temperature. Having reached the setpoint,	Unit door not properly closed.	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3). Completely close unit door.
the temperature falls below the setpoint by more than the set	Door gasket defective.	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3). Replace door gasket.
tolerance range value (more than 10 min.) <b>or</b> the temperature doesn't reach the tolerance range within 3 hours	Controller defective.	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3). Check the function of the temperature controller.
from turning on the unit or closing the door.  Alarm message "Temp. range"	Temporary disturbance of the temperature control.	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3). Turn off the chamber. After approx. 5 minutes turn on the chamber again. Upon renewed alarm, contact BINDER service.
Chamber doesn't heat up.  Alarm message	Safety controller has turned off the heating. Limit temperature reached. Safety controller set too low.	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3) and allow the unit to cool down. Check temperature setpoint and setting of safety controller. If appropriate, select suitable limit value.
"Safety controller"	Safety controller defective.	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3). Contact BINDER service.
Chamber doesn't heat up.	Semiconductor relay defective.	Contact BINDER service.
Chamber doesn't neat up.	Controller defective.	Contact BINDLIX service.
	No power supply.	Check connection to power supply.
	Wrong voltage.	Check power supply for voltage of 100-120V or 200-240V.
Unit without function.	Unit fuse has responded.	Check unit fuse and replace it if appropriate. If it responds again, contact BINDER service.
	Controller defective.	
	Nominal temperature exceeded by 10° due to unit failure. Over temperature protective device (class 1) responds.	Contact BINDER service.
Very long heating-up times.	Chamber fully loaded.	Load the unit less or consider longer heating-up times.
The displayed actual temperature value deviates	Temperature control not adjusted.	Calibrate and adjust the temperature control.
largely compared with a reference method	Temperature sensor defective.	Transfer the cultures to another incubator and contact BINDER Service.

# 21.2 Gas cylinder pressure too low

The alarm messages indicate that the pressure in the supply lines of  $CO_2$ ,  $O_2$ , and  $N_2$  (unit with  $O_2$  control) has dropped below 0.3 bar. If no gas cylinder changer is installed, the gas cylinder must be replaced. Observe the safety instructions and the maximum outlet pressure (chap. 4.3).



Prerequisite for pressure alarm messages for  $O_2$  and  $N_2$  (unit with  $O_2$  control) is that the  $O_2$  /  $N_2$  control with the respective alarms are activated (chap. 6.3).

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 123/144



**Note:** The recovery times of the gas concentrations inside the chamber following door opening, which are indicated in the technical data (chap. 24.3), refer to a connection pressure of 2.0 bar / 29 psi. Decreasing supply pressure down to the shift point (alarm point) of 0.3 bar / 4.4 psi results in longer recovery times. Check the pressure displays of your gas supply. If very short recovery times are required or the door is opened frequently, replace the gas cylinders promptly when the pressure decreases below 2.0 bar / 29 psi.

Fault description / indication	Possible cause	Required measures
Low CO <sub>2</sub> outlet pressure (< 0.3 bar)	CO <sub>2</sub> cylinder is not connected correctly.	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3). Correctly connect the gas cylinder.
	Connected gas cylinder is closed.	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3). Open the gas cylinder.
	Connected gas cylinder is empty.	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3). Replace the gas cylinder. Observe the safety instructions and the maximum outlet pressure (chap. 4.3).
Alarm message	Gas hose is dirty or obstructed.	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3). Turn off the gas supply and remove the gas connections. Check the tube system for dirt accumulation or obstruction, clean or replace it.
"Low pressure CO <sub>2</sub> "	Controller malfunction.	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3). If necessary, contact BINDER Service.
	Pressure sensor system defective.	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3). Contact BINDER Service.
	O <sub>2</sub> cylinder is not connected correctly.	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3). Correctly connect the gas cylinder.
Low O <sub>2</sub> outlet pressure	Connected gas cylinder is closed.	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3). Open the gas cylinder.
(< 0.3  bar) (unit with $O_2$ control)	Connected gas cylinder is empty.	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3). Replace the gas cylinder. Observe the safety instructions and the maximum outlet pressure (chap. 4.3).
Alarm message "Low pressure O <sub>2</sub> "	Gas hose is dirty or obstructed.	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3). Turn off the gas supply and remove the gas connections. Check the tube system for dirt accumulation or obstruction, clean or replace it.
	Controller malfunction	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3). If necessary, contact BINDER Service.
	Pressure sensor system defective.	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3). Contact BINDER Service.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 124/144



Fault description / indication	Possible cause	Required measures
Low $N_2$ outlet pressure (< 0.3 bar) (unit with $O_2$ control)	N <sub>2</sub> cylinder is not connected correctly.	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3). Correctly connect the gas cylinder.
	Connected gas cylinder is closed.	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3). Open the gas cylinder.
	Connected gas cylinder is empty.	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3). Replace the gas cylinder. Observe the safety instructions and the maximum outlet pressure (chap. 4.3).
Alarm message "Low pressure N <sub>2</sub> " N <sub>2</sub>	Gas hose is dirty or obstructed.	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3). Turn off the gas supply and remove the gas connections. Check the tube system for dirt accumulation or obstruction, clean or replace it.
	Controller malfunction	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3). If necessary, contact BINDER Service.
	Pressure sensor system defective.	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3). Contact BINDER Service.

# 21.3 Gas concentration

Fault description / indication	Possible cause	Required measures
Excess CO <sub>2</sub> concentration. Having reached the setpoint, CO <sub>2</sub> exceeds the setpoint by more than the set tolerance range value (more than 10 min.)	Temporary disturbance of the CO₂control.	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3). Turn off the chamber. Open the chamber doors for approx. 5 minutes. Observe the general information for safe handling of CO <sub>2</sub> (chap. 1.6). Turn on the chamber again. Upon renewed alarm, contact BINDER service.
Alarm message "CO <sub>2</sub> range"	CO <sub>2</sub> sensor defective.	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3). Contact BINDER Service.
Excess O <sub>2</sub> concentration. Having reached the setpoint, O <sub>2</sub> exceeds the setpoint by more than the set tolerance range value (more than 10 min.) (unit with O <sub>2</sub> control)  Alarm message	Temporary disturbance of the O <sub>2</sub> control.	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3). Turn off the chamber. Open the chamber doors for approx. 5 minutes. Observe the general information for safe handling of oxygen (chap. 1.6) Prevent oxygen enrichment in the ambiance of the unit. Turn on the chamber again. Upon renewed alarm, contact BINDER service.
"O <sub>2</sub> range"	O <sub>2</sub> sensor defective.	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3). Contact BINDER Service.
Recovery time (up to 5 vol% CO <sub>2</sub> ) after doors were open for 2 minutes is < 2 minutes	CO <sub>2</sub> sensor system defective.	Contact BINDER Service.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 125/144



Fault description / indication	Possible cause	Required measures
Too low CO <sub>2</sub> concentration.		-
Having reached the setpoint, CO <sub>2</sub> falls below the setpoint by more than the set tolerance range value (more than 10 min.) <b>or</b> CO <sub>2</sub> doesn't reach the tolerance range within 3 hours from turning on the unit or closing the door.	Temporary disturbance of the CO₂control.	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3). Turn off the chamber. After approx. 5 minutes turn on the chamber again. Upon renewed alarm, contact BINDER service.
Alarm message "CO <sub>2</sub> range"	CO <sub>2</sub> sensor defective.	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3). Contact BINDER Service.
Too low O <sub>2</sub> concentration. Having reached the setpoint, O <sub>2</sub> falls below the setpoint by more than the set tolerance range value (more than 10 min.) or O <sub>2</sub> doesn't reach the tolerance range within 3 hours from turning on the unit or closing the door (unit with O <sub>2</sub> control)	Temporary disturbance of the $O_2$ control.	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3). Turn off the chamber. After approx. 5 minutes turn on the chamber again. Upon renewed alarm, contact BINDER service.
Alarm message "O <sub>2</sub> range"	O <sub>2</sub> sensor defective.	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3). Contact BINDER Service.
	Door gaskets defective.	Replace door gaskets
	Doors not closed properly.	Close door properly.
<b>Too low gas concentration.</b> The concentration of CO <sub>2</sub> or O <sub>2</sub>	Connected gas cylinder is empty or not opened.	Open or replace gas cylinder.
(unit with O <sub>2</sub> control) does not reach the adjusted set value.	Gas cylinder is not connected correctly.	Correctly connect the gas cylinder.
,	Gas hose is dirty or obstructed.	Check the tube system for dirt accumulation or obstruction, clean or replace it.
Recovery time (up to 5 vol%	Obstructed gas supply.	Check gas supply (cylinder,
CO <sub>2</sub> ) after doors were open for 2 minutes is > 10 minutes.	Insufficient CO <sub>2</sub> input pressure	connections, hose system).
	Door gaskets defective.	Replace door gaskets
Unusually high gas	Gas sensor not adjusted.	Calibrate the sensor.
consumption.	Gas sensor defective.	
	Gas fine filter not connected correctly.	Contact BINDER Service
The displayed actual value of	CO <sub>2</sub> control not adjusted.	Calibrate and adjust CO <sub>2</sub> control.
CO <sub>2</sub> deviates largely compared with a reference method The pH indicator of the cell medium changes its normal color.	CO <sub>2</sub> sensor defective.	Transfer the cultures to another incubator and contact BINDER Service.
The displayed actual value of	O <sub>2</sub> control not adjusted.	Calibrate and adjust O <sub>2</sub> control.
O <sub>2</sub> (unit with O <sub>2</sub> control) deviates largely compared with a reference method.	O <sub>2</sub> sensor defective.	Transfer the cultures to another incubator and contact BINDER Service.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 126/144



# 21.4 Sterilization

Fault description / indication	Possible cause	Required measures
The sterilization is running.  Notification "DO NOT OPEN THE DOOR!".	Sterilization cycle is in the heating up or holding phase	Confirm the message (chap. 12.3). Do not open the door.
The sterilization is successfully completed: Interior is sterilized.  Notification "STERILIZATION FINISHED".	Heating up and holding phase of the sterilization cycle completed.	Confirm the message (chap. 12.3). The inner chamber and parts inside can still be hot. Do not touch. You can open the doors. Let the unit cool down (chap. 20.4) and take it into operation again (chap. 5).
Abortion of sterilization. Interior is not sterilized.  Notification "STERILIZATION	Manual abortion der of the hotair sterilization.	Confirm the message (chap. 12.3).  The inner chamber and parts inside can still be hot. Do not touch.  Interior is not sterilized. Start again the hot-air sterilization or disinfect the interior (chap. 20.2)
ABORTED".	Outer door opened during hotair sterilization.	Confirm the message (chap. 12.3). Close the unit door and start again the hot-air sterilization.

# 21.5 Humidity

Fault description / indication	Possible cause	Required measures
No or too low humidity inside.	Permadry™ pan empty.	Fill the outer Permadry™ pan with water up to the marking on the inner pan with distilled, sterile water. The pan must have thorough contact to the bottom of the inner chamber. Chap. 4.2.
	Humidity set too low.	Increase humidity (chap. 6.4)
The displayed actual humidity value deviates largely	Humidity sensor not adjusted.	Calibrate and adjust humidity sensor.
compared with a reference method.	Humidity sensor defective.	Contact BINDER Service.
Condensations inside the	Permadry™ pan filled with water when incubator is not operating.	Empty Permadry™ pan when incubator is not operating.
chamber.	Door gaskets defective.	Replace door gaskets
	Doors not closed properly.	Close door properly.
	Humidity set too high.	Reduce humidity (chap. 6.4)
Condensation on the door.	Unit placed on very cold floor.	Place the unit on a BINDER stand to increase the distance to the floor.
	Door gaskets defective.	Replace door gaskets
	Doors not closed properly.	Close door properly.
	Humidity set too high.	Reduce humidity (chap. 6.4)
	Door heating set too low.	Contact BINDER Service to adjust the door heating

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 127/144



Fault description / indication	Possible cause	Required measures
	Unit placed on very cold floor.	Place the unit on a BINDER stand to increase the distance to the floor.
	Door gaskets defective.	Replace door gaskets
Condensation on the divided inner glass door, gas-proof.	Doors not closed properly.	Close door properly.
inner glass door, gas-proof.	Humidity set too high.	Reduce humidity (chap. 6.4).
	Door heating set too low.	Contact BINDER Service to adjust the door heating
Excess Humidity. After the humidity was situated within the defined tolerance range, it deviates longer than 10 min.	Temporary disturbance of the humidity control.	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3). Turn off the chamber and turn it on again. Upon renewed alarm, contact BINDER service.
from the tolerance range.	Controller defective.	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3). Contact BINDER service.
Alarm message:	Humidity sensor not adjusted.	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3). Calibrate and adjust humidity sensor.
"Humid range"	Humidity sensor defective	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3). Contact BINDER service.
	Unit door not properly closed.	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3). Completely close unit door.
	Door gasket defective.	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3). Replace door gasket.
Too low humidity. After the humidity was situated within the defined tolerance range, it deviates longer than 10 min. from the tolerance range or the humidity doesn't reach the tolerance range within 3 hours from turning on the unit or closing the door.	Permadry™ pan empty.	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3). Fill the outer Permadry™ pan with water up to the marking on the inner pan with distilled, sterile water. The pan must have thorough contact to the bottom of the inner chamber, see chap. 4.2.
	Temporary disturbance of the humidity control.	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3). Turn off the chamber and turn it on again. Upon renewed alarm, contact BINDER service.
	Controller defective.	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3). Contact BINDER service.
Alarm message:	Humidity sensor not adjusted.	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3). Calibrate and adjust humidity sensor.
"Humid range"	Humidity sensor defective.	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3). Contact BINDER service.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 128/144



# 21.6 Controller

Fault description / indication	Possible cause	Required measures
The controller returns to the initial view from any level	No button was pressed for more than 120 sec.	Repeat entries, enter the values rapidly.
No entries to controller keypad possible. Notification "Key lock".	Key lock activated.	Enter the key lock password (chap. 9).

# 21.7 Open door

A door contact switch serves to check the state of the outer door. When the door is open, temperature,  $CO_2$ , and  $O_2$  (unit with  $O_2$  control) control are turned off.

Fault description / indication	Possible cause	Required measures
Outer door open (more than the selected alarm delay time) Alarm message "Door open"	Outer door open or not properly closed.	Confirm the alarm (chap. 12.3). Close the door. The triggered zero-voltage relay alarm contact switches back.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 129/144



# 22. Technical description

### 22.1 Factory calibration and adjustment

This unit was calibrated and adjusted in the factory. Calibration and adjustment were performed using standardized test instructions, according to the QM DIN EN ISO 9001 system applied by BINDER (certified since December 1996 by TÜV CERT). All test equipment used is subject to the administration of measurement and test equipment that is also a constituent part of the BINDER QM DIN EN ISO 9001 systems. They are controlled and calibrated to a DKD-Standard at regular intervals.

A record of this calibration and adjustment is part of the BINDER test certificate of the unit.

#### Adjustment in factory:

- Temperature: 37 °C / 98.6°F measured in the center of the usable volume
- CO<sub>2</sub>: 0 vol.-% CO<sub>2</sub> (100 vol.-% N<sub>2</sub>) and 5 vol.-% CO<sub>2</sub> (analyzed test gas directly exposed to the sensor head)
- **O**<sub>2</sub> (unit with O<sub>2</sub> control): 0 vol.-% O<sub>2</sub> (100 vol.-% N<sub>2</sub>, analyzed test gas directly exposed to the sensor head) and 20.9 vol.-% O<sub>2</sub> (ambient air).
- · Humidity: Ambient humidity and maximum humidity ion equilibrated state



Repeated calibrations are recommended in periods of 12 months.

BINDER service uses an electronic measuring and display device for temperature traceable to an acknowledged standards/calibration institution (DKD or PTB for Germany) with valid calibration certificate.

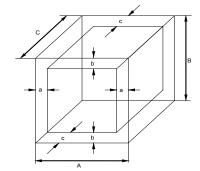
Test gases with an analyzed concentration serve to calibrate the sensor systems for  $CO_2$  and  $O_2$  (unit with  $O_2$  control). The sensor heads are exposed directly to the test gas.

### 22.2 Over current protection

The CB is protected by a unit-protection against over current, accessible from the outside. It is located at the rear of the chamber below the strain relief of the power cord. The fuse holder is equipped with a fuse clip 5mm x 20 mm (cUL-Version 6.3 x32 mm). Replace this fuse only with a substitute of the same ratings. Refer to the technical data of the respective device type. If this fuse is blown, please inform an electronic engineer or BINDER service.

# 22.3 Definition of usable volume

The usable volume illustrated below is calculated as follows:



A, B, C = internal dimensions (W, H, D) a, b, c = wall separation

a = 0.1\*A b = 0.1\*B c = 0.1\*C

 $V_{USE} = (A - 2 * a) * (B - 2 * b) * (C - 2 * c)$ 

Figure 28: Determination of the usable volume

The technical data refers to the defined usable volume.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 130/144





Do NOT place samples outside this usable volume.

Do NOT load this volume by more than half to enable sufficient airflow inside the chamber.

Do NOT divide the usable volume into separate parts with large area samples.

Do NOT place samples too close to each other in order to permit circulation between them and thus obtain a homogenous distribution of temperature,  $CO_2$  and  $O_2$  (unit with  $O_2$  control).

### 22.4 CB technical data

Unit size			60	160	220
Exterior dimensions					
Width		mm / inch	580 / 22.83	680 / 26.77	740 / 29.13
Height (incl. feet)		mm / inch	720 / 28.35	920 / 36.22	1070 / 42.13
Depth		mm / inch	550 / 21.65	715 / 28.15	715 / 28.15
plus door handle, I-triangle		mm / inch	55 / 2.16	55 / 2.16	55 / 2.16
plus power connection and ga	s connection	mm / inch	17 / <i>0.67</i>	17 / <i>0.67</i>	17 / <i>0.67</i>
Wall clearance rear (minimum	)	mm / inch	100 / 3.94	100 / <i>3.94</i>	100 / 3.94
Wall clearance side (minimum	)	mm / inch	50 / 1.97	50 / 1.97	50 / 1.97
Number of doors			1	1	1
Number of inner glass doors			1	1	1
Interior dimensions					
Width		mm / inch	400 / <i>15.75</i>	500 / 19.69	560 / 22.05
Height		mm / inch	400 / <i>15.75</i>	600 / 23.62	750 / 29.53
Depth		mm / inch	330 / 12.99	500 / 19.69	500 / 19.69
Interior volume		I / c.ft.	53 / 1.9	150 / <i>5.4</i>	210 / 7.5
Number of shelves (regular / n	nax.)		2/3	3/6	3/8
Size of shelf (external) Width	Size of shelf (external) Width x Depth		396 x 289 15.59 x 11.38	495 x 444 19.49 x 17.48	556 x 444 21.89 x 17.48
Load per shelf		Kg / Ibs.	10 / 22	10 / 22	10 / 22
Permitted total load		Kg / Ibs	30 / 66	30 / 66	30 / 66
Weight (empty)		Kg / Ibs	60 / 132	107 / 236	121 / 267
Temperature data					
Temperature range	from	°C / °F	7 / 12.6 above ambient	7 / 12.6 above ambient	7 / 12.6 above ambient
	up to	°C / °F	60 / <i>140</i>	60 / <i>140</i>	60 / <i>140</i>
Temperature fluctuation at	37 °C/ 98.6 °F	± K	0.1	0.1	0.1
Temperature uniformity (variat at 37 °C/ 98.6 °F	Temperature uniformity (variation) at 37 °C/ 98.6 °F		0.3	0.3	0.4
Recovery time after door was opened for 30 sec at 37 °C/ 98.6 °F		minutes	4	4	5
CO₂ data					
CO <sub>2</sub> range		vol% CO <sub>2</sub>	0 to 20	0 to 20	0 to 20
Setting accuracy		vol% CO <sub>2</sub>	0.1	0.1	0.1
Recovery time after door was opened for 30 sec at 5 vol% CO <sub>2</sub> 1)		minutes	5	5	5
CO <sub>2</sub> measurement			IR	IR	IR
Connection hose nozzle DN6 connection to the unit for hose diameter		mm / inch	6 / 0.24	6 / 0.24	6 / 0.24

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 131/144



Unit size		60	160	220
Humidity data				
Humidity	% r.H.	90 to 95	90 to 95	90 to 95
O <sub>2</sub> Data				
O <sub>2</sub> range	vol% O <sub>2</sub>	0.2 to 95	0.2 to 95	0.2 to 95
Setting accuracy with inlet pressure 2 bar	vol% O <sub>2</sub>	0.1	0.1	0.1
Recovery time after door was opened for 30 sec at 1 vol-% $O_2$ 1)	minutes	8	12	18
Recovery time after door was opened for 30 sec at 5 vol-% $O_2$ 1)	minutes	8	12	18
O <sub>2</sub> measurement		ZrO <sub>2</sub>	ZrO <sub>2</sub>	ZrO <sub>2</sub>
Connection hose nozzle DN6 for O <sub>2</sub> /N <sub>2</sub> connection to the unit for hose with internal diameter	mm / inch	6 / 0.24	6 / 0.24	6 / 0.24
Electrical data CB				
IP system of protection acc. to EN 60529	IP	20	20	20
Nominal voltage (±10 %)	V	200-240 1N~	200-240 1N~	200-240 1N~
Power frequency	Hz	50/60	50/60	50/60
Nominal power	kW	1.00	1.30	1.50
Energy consumption 2) at 37 °C/ 98.6 °F	Wh/h	80	100	120
Power plug (IEC connector plug)		Shock-proof plug		9
Installation category acc. to IEC 61010-1		II	II	II
Pollution degree acc. to IEC 61010-1		2	2	2
Unit fuse 4x20mm / semi time-lag (M)	Amp	10	10	10
Electrical data CB-UL (for the USA and Ca	nada)			
Nominal voltage (±10 %) 60 Hz / 1N	V	100-120 1N~	100-120 1N~	100-120 1N~
Power frequency	Hz	50/60	50/60	50/60
Power plug	NEMA	5-15P	5-20P	5-20P
Nominal power	kW	1.00	1.30	1.50
Installation category acc. to IEC 61010-1		II	II	II
Pollution degree acc. to IEC 61010-1		2	2	2
Unit fuse 6.3 X 32 mm / 250V / super-time-lag TT	Amp	16 external	16 external	16 external
Additional temperature fuse class 1 (DIN 128	880)	internal	internal	internal

#### Legend:

- 1) The recovery times of the gas concentrations inside the chamber after the door is opened coincide with a connection pressure of 2.0 bar / 29 psi. Decreasing supply pressure results in longer recovery times.
- 2) Use this value for sizing air condition systems.

All technical data is specified for unloaded units with standard equipment at an ambient temperature of 22  $\pm 3$  °C / 71.6  $\pm 5.4$  °F and a power supply voltage fluctuation of  $\pm 10$ . The temperature data is determined in accordance to BINDER factory standard and DIN 12880, observing the recommended wall clearances of 10 % of the height, width and depth of the inner chamber.

All indications are average values, typical for units produced in series. We reserve the right to change technical specifications at any time.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 132/144



# 22.5 Equipment and Options



To operate the CO<sub>2</sub> incubator, use only original BINDER accessories or accessories / components from third-party suppliers authorized by BINDER. The user is responsible for any risk arising from using unauthorized accessories.

#### Regular equipment

Multifunction controller T4.12 for temperature and CO<sub>2</sub> (and for O<sub>2</sub> with unit with O<sub>2</sub> control)

CO<sub>2</sub> infra-red absorption measuring system

Fan-assisted air jacket system

Hot-air auto sterilization at 187.5 °C / 369.5 °F

Gas mixing head

Permadry™ system

Weldless deep-drawn inner chamber made of stainless steel 1.4301/V2A, polished

Electronic error auto-diagnosis system with zero-voltage relay output

Zero-voltage relay alarm output with DIN socket (6 poles), DIN plug included

Tightly closing inner glass door

3 perforated shelves, stainless steel 1.4301/V2A

Overtemperature safety controller class 3.1 acc. to DIN 12880

Ethernet interface

Programmable key lock

#### Options / accessories

Perforated shelf ,stainless steel

Stable perforated shelf with additional fixation for shaker operation

Reinforced shelf stainless steel with 1 set of rack lockings

Rack lockings (4 pieces)

Lockable door

Glass door, multiply divided, gas-proof, stainless steel, 4 times (CB 60, CB 160), 6 times (CB 220)

Shelves for multiply divided glass door, gas-proof, stainless steel

Stacking stand with castors lockable by breaks (CB 150 / CB 210)

Stacking adapter for direct, thermally decoupled stacking

Base with castors

Stacking adapter for combination C 150 on top of CB 160

Silicone access ports closable with 2 silicone plugs

BINDER Gas Supply Service: External CO2 bottle changer CO2, O2 or N2

Connection kit for CO<sub>2</sub>, O<sub>2</sub> or N<sub>2</sub> cylinder

Water tight internal socket 230 V (max. 3 A), with turn-off switch

Analog output temperature and CO<sub>2</sub> 4-20 mA 4-20mA with DIN socket (6 poles), DIN plug included

Cleaning kit (neutral cleaning agent, disinfection spray and lint-free disposable wipes, gloves and goggles)

Intelligent Fail-Safe CO<sub>2</sub> monitoring function

CELLROLL roller system with set of connection cables and extra-low voltage access port

Access port (8-pin) for extra-low voltage (ELV) with LEMO socket (can be covered) and LEMO connector, maximum power rating 24VAC/DC – 2.5 Amp

Communication interface RS 422

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 133/144



Options / accessories (continued)

Data Logger Kit T 220

Qualification folder

Calibration of temperature including certificate

Calibration of CO<sub>2</sub> including certificate

Calibration of O<sub>2</sub> including certificate (unit with O<sub>2</sub> control)

Spatial temperature measurement including certificate

Spatial temperature measurement acc. to DIN 12880 including certificate

### 22.6 Spare parts and accessories



BINDER GmbH is responsible for the safety features of the unit only, provided skilled electricians or qualified personnel authorized by BINDER perform all maintenance and repair, and if components relating to chamber safety are replaced in the event of failure with original spare parts. The user is responsible for any risks arising from using unauthorized accessories/components.

Unit size	60	160	220
Description		Art. no.	
Perforated shelf, stainless steel	6004-0136	6004-0137	6004-0139
Divided shelves (1 level) for Glass door, multiply divided, gasproof, stainless steel		8012-0578	8012-0579
Extra-deep shelf for Glass door, multiply divided, gas-proof, stainless steel	6004-0120	1	
Door gasket unit door	6005-0208	6005-0017	6005-0027
Door gasket glass door	6005-0187	6005-0077	6005-0080
Door gasket (slim) for Glass door, multiply divided, gas-proof		6005-0102	6005-0103
Door gasket for individual glass door for option Glass door, multiply divided, gas-proof		6005-0100	6005-0101
Individual glass door for option Glass door, multiply divided, gasproof, complete		8010-0051	8010-0035
Stacking stand with castors lockable by breaks		9051-0020	9051-0023
Stacking adapter for direct, thermally decoupled stacking	9051-0032	9051-0026	9051-0030
Base with castors	9051-0031	9051-0028	9051-0029
Stacking adapter for combination C 150 on top of CB 150		9051-0027	
Flat stacking adapter	9051-0037	9051-0035	
CELLROLL roller system with set of connection cables and extra-low voltage access port		8012-0571	8012-0572

Description	Art. no.
Plug for optional silicon access port d30	6016-0035
Gas cylinder connection kit for CO <sub>2</sub>	8012-0014
Gas cylinder connection kit for O <sub>2</sub>	8012-0015
Gas cylinder connection kit for N <sub>2</sub>	8012-0016
Rubber pads, 4 pieces	8012-0376
Unit fuse 5x20mm 250V 10A semi time-lag (M)	5006-0012
Unit fuse 6.3x32mm 250V 16A super-time (TT) for CUL version only	5006-0033
Temperature fuse class 1	5006-0037

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 134/144



Description	Art. no.
Controller T 4.12	
Temperature sensor Pt 100 straight (door heating)	5002-0021
Temperature sensor Pt 100 bent off (air jacket)	5002-0022
Temperature sensor 2 x Pt 100 straight (inner chamber + safety controller)	5002-0043
CO <sub>2</sub> sensor	5002-0148
O <sub>2</sub> sensor	5002-0149
Gas fine filter	8009-0369
Permadry™ water pan CB 60	4022-0260
Permadry™ water pan CB 160 / CB 220	6006-0441
Cleaning kit (neutral cleaning agent, disinfection spray and lint-free disposable wipes, protective gloves and goggles)	8012-0503
Neutral cleaning agent, 1 kg	1002-0016
Manual cell culture technology	7001-0079
Qualification folder	DL021031
Calibration of temperature and CO <sub>2</sub> including certificate	DL021021
Calibration of O <sub>2</sub> including certificate (unit with O <sub>2</sub> control)	8012-0229
Spatial temperature measurement including certificate (2-5 measuring points)	DL021022
Spatial temperature measurement including certificate (6-9 measuring points)	DL021023
Spatial temperature measurement including certificate (10-18 measuring points)	DL021024
Spatial temperature measurement acc. to DIN 12880 including certificate (27 measuring points)	DL021025

# 22.7 Important conversion data for non-SI units

1 ft = 0.305 m

1 m = 100 cm = 3.28 ft = 39.37 inch

1 mbar = 0.0145 psi

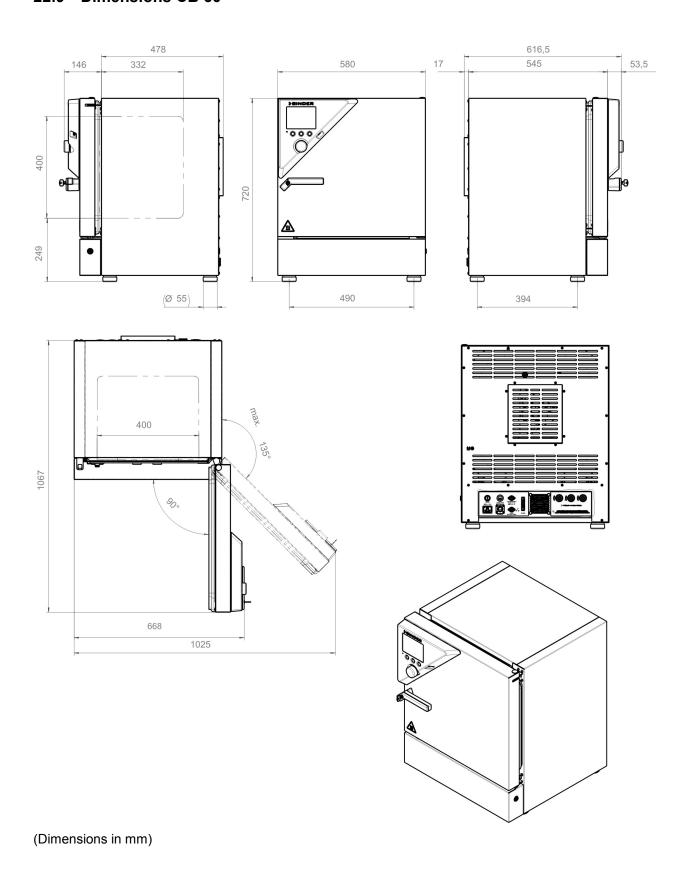
# 22.8 Conversion table for gas inlet pressures, bar - psi

bar	psi	bar	psi	bar	psi
1	14.5	3	43.5	5	72.5
1.5	21.7	3.5	50.7	5.5	79.7
2	29.0	4	58.0	6	87.0
2.5	36.3	4.5	65.2		

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 135/144



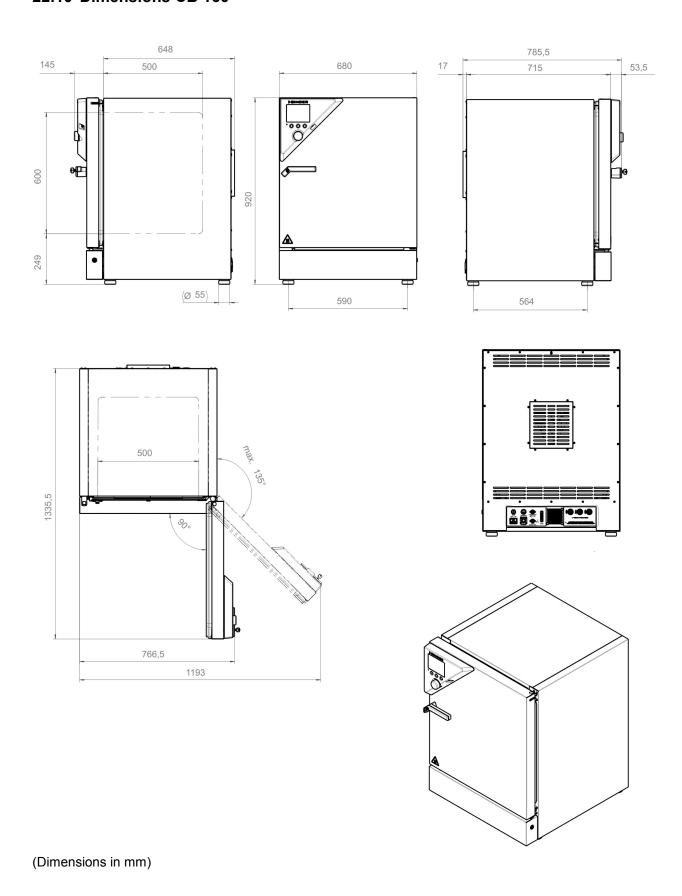
# 22.9 Dimensions CB 60



CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 136/144



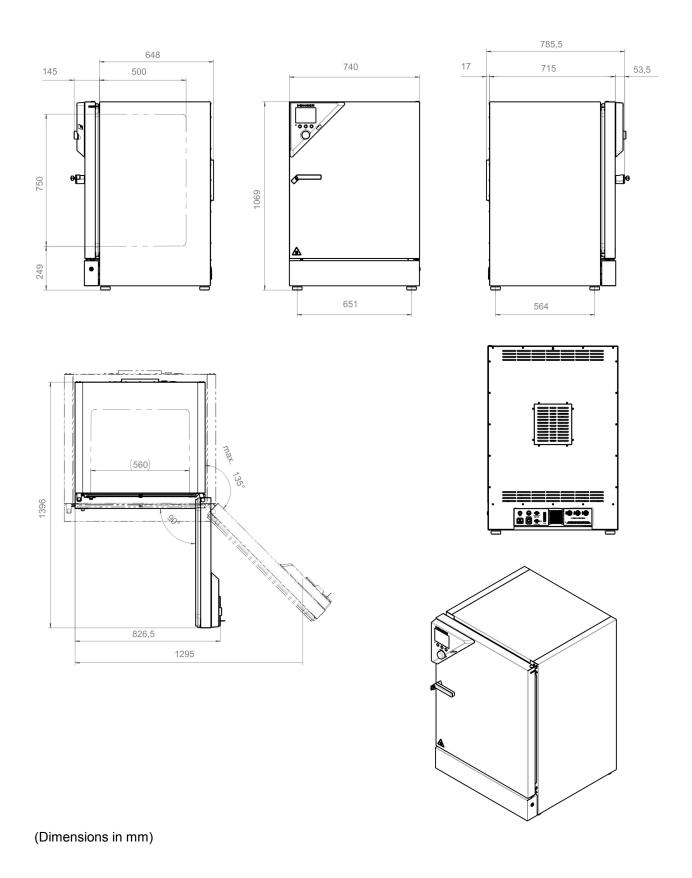
# 22.10 Dimensions CB 160



CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 137/144



# 22.11 Dimensions CB 220



CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 138/144



### 23. Contamination clearance certificate

### 23.1 For units located outside North America and Central America

#### Declaration regarding safety and health

Erklärung zur Sicherheit and gesundheitlichen Unbedenklichkeit

The German Ordinance on Hazardous Substances (GefStofV), and the regulations regarding safety at the workplace, require that this form be filled out for all products that are returned to us, so that the safety and the health of our employees can be guaranteed.

Die Sicherheit und Gesundheit unserer Mitarbeiter, die Gefahrstoffverordnung GefStofV und die Vorschriften zur Sicherheit am Arbeitsplatz machen es erforderlich, dass dieses Formblatt für alle Produkte, die an uns zurückgeschickt wird.



Note: A repair is not possible without a completely filled out form.

Ohne Vorliegen des vollständig ausgefüllten Formblattes ist eine Reparatur nicht möglich.

 A completely filled out form must be transmitted via Fax (+49 (0) 7462 2005 93555) or by letter in advance, so that this information is available before the equipment/component part arrives. A second copy of this form must accompany the equipment/component part. In addition, the carrier should be informed.

Eine vollständig ausgefüllte Kopie dieses Formblattes soll per Telefax (Nr. +49 (0) 7462 2005 93555) oder Brief vorab an uns gesandt werden, so dass die Information vorliegt, bevor das Gerät/Bauteil eintrifft. Eine weitere Kopie soll dem Gerät/Bauteil beigefügt sein. Ggf. ist auch die Spedition zu informieren.

Incomplete information or non-conformity with this procedure will inevitably lead to substantial delays
in processing. Please understand the reason for this measure, which lies outside our area of influence
and will help us to speed up this procedure.

Unvollständige Angaben oder Nichteinhalten dieses Ablaufs führen zwangsläufig zu beträchtlichen Verzögerungen in der Abwicklung. Bitte haben Sie Verständnis für Maßnahmen, die außerhalb unserer Einflussmöglichkeiten liegen und helfen Sie mit, den Ablauf beschleunigen.

Please print and fill out this form completely.

Bitte unbedingt vollständig ausfüllen!

1.	Unit/ component part / type: / Gerät / Bauteil / Typ:
2.	Serial No./ Serien-Nr.:
3.	Details about utilized substances / biological substances / Einzelheiten über die eingesetzten Substanzen/biologische Materialien:
3.1	Designations / Bezeichnungen:
a)	
b)	
c)	
3.2	Safety measures required for handling these substances / Vorsichtsmaßnahmen beim Umgang mit diesen Stoffen:
a)	
b)	
c)	

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 139/144



3.3	Measures to be taken in case of skin contact or release into the atmosphere / Maßnahmen bei Personenkontakt oder Freisetzung:
a)	-
b)	
c)	
d)	
3.4	Other important information that must be taken into account / Weitere zu beachtende und wichtige Informationen:
a)	<del></del>
b)	
c)	
4.	Declaration on the risk of these substances (please checkmark the applicable items) / Erklärung zur Gefährlichkeit der Stoffe (bitte Zutreffendes ankreuzen) :
□ 4.1	For non toxic, non radioactive, biologically harmless materials / für nicht giftige, nicht radioaktive, biologisch ungefährliche Stoffe:
We her Gerät/B	reby guarantee that the above-mentioned unit $\prime$ component part $\prime$ Wir versichern, dass o.g. auteil
	not been exposed to or contains any toxic or otherwise hazardous substances / weder giftige noch stige gefährliche Stoffe enthält oder solche anhaften.
	eventually generated reaction products are non-toxic and also do not represent a hazard / auch entstandene Reaktionsprodukte weder giftig sind noch sonst eine Gefährdung darstellen.
	ntual residues of hazardous substances have been removed / evtl. Rückstände von Gefahrstoffen ernt wurden.
□ 4.2	For toxic, radioactive, biologically harmful or hazardous substances, or any other hazardous materials / für giftige, radioaktive, biologisch bedenkliche bzw. gefährliche Stoffe oder anderweitig gefährliche Stoffe.
We her	reby guarantee that / Wir versichern, dass
equi rega	hazardous substances, which have come into contact with the above-mentioned ipment/component part, have been completely listed under item 3.1 and that all information in this ard is complete / die gefährlichen Stoffe, die mit dem o.g. Gerät/Bauteil in Kontakt kamen, in 3.1 aufgelistet und alle Angaben vollständig sind.
	t the unit /component part has not been in contact with radioactivity / das Gerät/Bauteil nicht mit oaktivität in Berührung kam
5. k	Kind of transport / transporter / Transportweg/Spediteur:
Transp	ort by (means and name of transport company, etc.) Versendung durch (Name Spediteur o.ä.)
Date of	dispatch to BINDER GmbH / Tag der Absendung an BINDER GmbH:
	<del> </del>

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 140/144



We hereby declare that the following measures have been taken / Wir erklären, dass folgende Maßnahmen getroffen wurden:
☐ Hazardous substances were removed from the unit including component parts, so that no hazard exists for any person in the handling or repair of these items / das Gerät/Bauteil wurde von Gefahrstoffen befreit, so dass bei Handhabung/Reparaturen für die betreffenden Person keinerlei Gefährdung besteht
☐ The unit was securely packaged and properly identified / das Gerät wurde sicher verpackt und vollständig gekennzeichnet.
☐ Information about the hazardousness of the shipment (if required) has been provided to the transporter / der Spediteur wurde (falls vorgeschrieben) über die Gefährlichkeit der Sendung informiert.
We hereby commit ourselves and guarantee that we will indemnify BINDER GmbH for all damages that are a consequence of incomplete or incorrect information provided by us, and that we will exempt BINDER GmbH from eventual damage claims by third parties./ Wir versichern, dass wir gegenüber BINDER für jeden Schaden, der durch unvollständige und unrichtige Angaben entsteht, haften und BINDER gegen eventuell entstehende Schadenansprüche Dritter freistellen.
We are aware that, in accordance with Article 823 of the German Civil Code (BGB), we are directly liable with regard to third parties, in this instance especially the employees of BINDER GmbH, who have been entrusted with the handling / repair of the unit / component. / Es ist uns bekannt, dass wir gegenüber Dritten – hier insbesondere mit der Handhabung/Reparatur des Geräts/des Bauteils betraute Mitarbeiter der Firma BINDER - gemäß §823 BGB direkt haften
Name:
Position/Title:
Date / Datum:
Signature / Unterschrift:
Company stamp / Firmenstempel:



Equipment that is returned to the factory for repair must be accompanied by a completely filled out contamination clearance certificate. For service and maintenance on site, such a contamination clearance certificate must be submitted to the service technician before the start of any work. No repair or maintenance of the equipment is possible, without a properly filled out contamination clearance certificate.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 141/144



### 23.2 For units in North America and Central America

# **Product Return Authorization Request**

Please complete this form and the Customer Decontamination Declaration (next 2 pages) and attach the required pictures. E-mail to: IDL\_SalesOrderProcessing\_USA@binder-world.com

After we have received and reviewed the complete information we will decide on the issue of a RMA number. Please be aware that size specifications, voltage specifications as well as performance specifications are available on the internet at <a href="https://www.binder-world.us">www.binder-world.us</a> at any time.

Take notice of shipping laws and regulations.

	Please fill:	
Reason for return request	O Duplicate order	
	O Duplicate shipment	
	O Demo	Page one completed by sales
	O Power Plug / Voltage	115V / 230 V / 208 V / 240V
	O Size does not fit space	
	O Transport Damage	Shock watch tripped? (pictures)
	O Other (specify below)	
Is there a replacement PO?	O Yes O No	
If yes -> PO #		
If yes -> Date PO placed		
Purchase order number		
BINDER model number		
BINDER serial number		
Date unit was received		
Was the unit unboxed?	O Yes O No	
Was the unit plugged in?	O Yes O No	
Was the unit in operation?	O Yes O No	
Pictures of unit attached?	O Yes O No	Pictures have to be attached!
Pictures of Packaging attached?	O Yes O No	
allacricu :		
	Customer Contact Information	Distributor Contact Information
Name		
Company		
Address		
Phone		
E-mail		

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 142/144



# Customer (End User) Decontamination Declaration

# Health and Hazard Safety declaration

To protect the health of our employees and the safety at the workplace, we require that this form is completed by the user for all products and parts that are returned to us. (Distributors or Service Organizations cannot sign this form)



NO RMA number will be issued without a completed form. Products or parts returned to our NY warehouse without a RMA number will be refused at the dock.

A second copy of the completed form must be attached to the outside of the shipping box.

1.	Unit/ component part / type:					
2.	Serial No.					
3.	List any exposure to hazardous liquids, gasses or substances and radioactive material					
3.1	List with MSDS sheets attached where available or needed					
(if there is not enough space available below, please attach a page):						
a)						
b)						
c)						
3.2	Safety measures required for handling the list under 3.1					
a)						
b)						
c)						
3.3	Measures to be taken in case of skin contact or release into the atmosphere:					
a)	<del></del>					
b)						
c)						
d)						
3.4	Other important information that must be considered:					
a)	<del></del>					
b)	<del></del>					
c)						

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 143/144



#### 4. Declaration of Decontamination

For toxic, radioactive, biologically and chemically harmful or hazardous substances, or any other hazardous materials.

#### We hereby guarantee that

- 4.1 Any hazardous substances, which have come into contact with the above-mentioned equipment / component part, have been completely listed under item 3.1 and that all information in this regard is complete.
- 4.2 That the unit /component part has not been in contact with radioactivity
- 4.3 Any Hazardous substances were removed from the unit / component part, so that no hazard exists for a persons in the shipping, handling or repair of these returned unit
- 4.4 The unit was securely packaged in the original undamaged packaging and properly identified on the outside of the packaging material with the unit designation, the RMA number and a copy of this declaration.
- 4.5 Shipping laws and regulations have not been violated.

I hereby commit and guarantee that we will indemnify BINDER Inc for all damages that are a consequence of incomplete or incorrect information provided by us, and that we will indemnify and hold harmless BINDER Inc. from eventual damage claims by third parties..

Name:	 	
Position:		
Company:	 	
Address:		
Phone #:	 	
Email:	 	
Date:		
Signature:		



Equipment returned to the NY warehouse for repair must be accompanied by a completed customer decontamination declaration. For service and maintenance works on site, such a customer decontamination declaration must be submitted to the service technician before the start of work. No repair or maintenance of the equipment is possible without a completed form.

CB (E6) 09/2013 Page 144/144